



<http://www.epa.gov/osw/hazard/tsd/permit/epmt/toolperm.htm#model>
Last updated on Friday, August 29th, 2008.
Wastes - Hazardous Waste - Treatment,
Storage & Disposal (TSD)

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- * [Permitting](#)
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e-Permitting Tools

These are tools you can use directly or to enhance your e-permitting system.

Model RCRA Permit That Can Be Downloaded for Permit Writers

Model permits can be a first step towards e-permitting. Here are two parts of a model joint permit between South Carolina and EPA Region 4.

- * **First Part:** South Carolina's model permit (CC module not included). [Text](#) || [PDF](#) (104 pp, 176K, [About PDF](#)). In comparison to the current federal requirements, South Carolina's permit requirements are no different except for the exclusion of Subpart CC.
- * **Second Part:** Model Federal Subpart CC Permit from EPA Region 4. [PDF](#) (20 pp, 38K, [About PDF](#))
- * [Federal model for combustion units](#) - Developed by EPA Region 6 (not editable).
- * Federal model conditions for LDR & air emissions - Subpart AA, BB (and CC for new units). [Text](#) || [PDF](#) (4pp, 80K, [About PDF](#))

Draft RCRA Model Standardized Permit

The following links are for the Draft RCRA Model Standardized Permits for Tanks, Containers, and Containment Buildings. The USEPA published a [Notice of Proposed Rulemaking \(NPRM\)](#) for the RCRA Standardized Permit on October 12, 2001 in the Federal Register.

The RCRA standardized permit is a general permit for facilities that generate waste on-site in tanks, containers, and containment buildings. Under the standardized permit, facility owners and operators would certify compliance with generic design and operating conditions set on a national basis. The permitting agency would review the certifications submitted by the facility owners or operators. The permitting agency would also be able to impose additional site-specific terms and conditions for corrective action or other purposes, as called for by RCRA.

Draft RCRA Model Standardized Permits

[Tanks](#) (124 pp, 207K, [About PDF](#))
[Containers](#) (116 pp, 192K, [About PDF](#))
[Containment Buildings](#) (116 pp, 193K, [About PDF](#))

We expect to have the model permits available for use when the final standards are published.



**OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CONTROL
BUREAU OF LAND AND WASTE MANAGEMENT
HAZARDOUS WASTE PERMIT**

Permit Number <PermitNumber>

Issue Date: [user entered]
entered]

Effective Date: [user

Expiration Date: [user entered]
[user entered]

Date Last Modified:

This Permit is hereby issued to:

Owner/Operator: <PermitOwner>
<PermitContact>

Facility Contact:

Address: <OwnerAddress>

Phone: <ContactPhone>

Phone: <OwnerPhone>

This Permit is for *[treatment, storage, disposal, or postclosure care]* of *[describe the number and types of hazardous waste management units. For example, the text could read "one waste management area consisting of Lagoons No.1 and No.2]* and identification and corrective action for solid waste management units (SWMUs) located at, *[street address, City, and County]* South Carolina.

This Permit is issued pursuant to Section 44-56-10 et seq. Regulation 61-79 of the 1976 South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended. The authority granted hereunder is subject to the requirements of the aforementioned laws and regulations and the attached conditions.

[pick a Director, don't use both]

John Litton, P.E., Director
Division of Waste Management
Bureau of Land and Waste Management
Management

G. Kendall Taylor, P.G., Director
Division of Hydrogeology
Bureau of Land and Waste

This Permit is the property of the Bureau of Land and Waste Management and must be surrendered on demand. This signature page must be posted at all times in a conspicuous place on the premises.

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[Note: This table is for permit modifications and the Part B Application during the term of the permit. It is not intended to be used for changes made to the permit in response to comments received during the public comment period. This table does not include modifications made to previous Permits(s) issued to this facility.]

TABLE OF PERMIT MODIFICATIONS

<PermitOwner>

<PermitNumber>

<County>

Effective Date	Class, Location [<i>e.g. Permit Condition(s) and/or Part B Section</i>], and Description of Change
<ModDate>	<ModDescription>

MODULE I - STANDARD CONDITIONS

Module I.

I.A. EFFECT OF PERMIT

This Permit is issued pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), as amended. Issuance of this Permit does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege; nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property, any invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of state or local law or regulations.

Compliance with the terms of this Permit does not constitute a defense to any order issued or any action brought under Sections 3008(a), 3008(h), 3013, or 7003 of RCRA; Sections 106(a), 104, or 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq., commonly known as CERCLA), or any other law providing for protection of public health or the environment. [R.61-79.270.4, 270.30(g)]

The Permittee shall [treat, store, and/or dispose, on-site, hazardous waste; perform postclosure care, or perform corrective action] in accordance with the Conditions of this Permit. Any storage, treatment, and/or disposal of hazardous waste not authorized in this Permit is prohibited, except as allowed by the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations, R.61-79.

I.B. PERMIT ACTIONS

I.B.1. Permit Modification, Revocation and Reissuance, and Termination

This Permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause as specified in R.61-79.270.41, 270.42, and 270.43. The filing of a request for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance on the part of the Permittee does not stay the applicability or enforceability of any Permit Condition. [R.61-79.270.30(f)]

I.B.2. Permit Renewal

This Permit may be renewed as specified in Permit Condition I.E.2. Review of any application for a permit renewal shall consider improvements in the state of control and measurement technology, as well as changes in applicable regulations. [R.61-79.270.30(b)]

I.B.3. Permit Expiration

Pursuant to R.61-79.270.50, this Permit shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed five years [*permits may be issued for an effective term of up to 10 years*]. This Permit and all Conditions herein will remain in effect beyond the permit's expiration date, if the Permittee has submitted a timely, complete application (see R.61-79.270.10, 270.13 through 270.29) and, through no fault of the Permittee, the Department has not issued a new permit, as set forth in R.61-79.270.51.

I.C. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this Permit are severable, and if any provision of this Permit, or the application of any provision of this Permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this Permit shall not be affected thereby.

I.D. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this Permit, terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those in R.61-79 Parts 124, 260, 264, 266, 268, and 270, unless this Permit specifically provides otherwise; where terms are not defined in the regulations or the permit, the meaning associated with such terms shall be defined by a standard dictionary reference or the generally accepted scientific or industrial meaning of the term.

I.D.1. Area of Concern (AOC)

For purposes of this Permit includes any area having a probable release of a hazardous waste or hazardous constituent which is not from a solid waste management unit and is determined by the Department to pose a current or potential threat to human health or the environment. Such areas of concern may require investigation and remedial action as required under Section 3005(c)(3) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and R.61-79.270.32(b)(2) in order to ensure adequate protection of human health and the environment.

I.D.2. Certified Laboratory

For the purposes of this Permit means a laboratory that has been approved by the Department to perform specific analyses referenced in R.61-79.260 through R.61-79.270.

I.D.3. Compliance Period

For the purposes of the groundwater requirements of this Permit is the number of years equal to the active life of the unit prior to the Department's approval of certification of closure. The compliance period includes any period of waste management activity that may have occurred prior to permitting and begins when the owner/operator initiates a compliance monitoring program for groundwater pursuant to R.61-79.264.99.

I.D.4. Contamination

For purposes of this Permit refers to the presence of any hazardous constituent in a concentration which exceeds the naturally occurring concentration of that constituent in areas not affected by the facility.

I.D.5. Corrective Action

For purposes of this Permit, may include all corrective actions necessary to protect human health and the environment for all releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents at the facility, regardless

of the time at which waste was placed in the unit, as required under R.61-79.264.100(b) and 264.101. Corrective action may address releases to air, soils, surface water sediment, groundwater, or subsurface gas.

I.D.6. Corrective Action Management Unit (CAMU)

For purposes of this Permit, includes any area within a facility that is designated by the Department under R.61-79.264 Subpart S for the purpose of implementing corrective action requirements under 264.101 and RCRA Section 3008(h). A CAMU shall only be used for the management of remediation wastes pursuant to implementing such corrective action requirements at the facility.

I.D.7. Department

For purposes of this permit means the Department of Health and Environmental Control, including personnel thereof authorized by the Board to act on behalf of the Department or Board.

I.D.8. Extent of Contamination

For the purposes of this Permit is defined as the horizontal and vertical area in which the concentrations of hazardous constituents in the environmental media being investigated are above the naturally occurring concentration of that constituent in areas not affected by the facility.

I.D.9. Facility

For purposes of this Permit includes all contiguous property and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the property, used for treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste. A facility may consist of several treatment, storage, or disposal operation units (e.g. one or more landfills, surface impoundments, waste piles, or some combination of these). For the purpose of implementing corrective action under R.61-79.264.100 and R.61-79.264.101, a facility includes all contiguous property under the control of the owner or operator seeking a permit under Subtitle C of RCRA.

I.D.10. Hazardous Constituent

For purposes of this Permit are those substances listed in Appendix VIII of R.61-79.261 and Appendix IX of R.61-79.264.

I.D.11. Hazardous Waste Management Unit (HWMU)

For purposes of this Permit is a contiguous area of land on or in which hazardous waste is managed, or the largest area in which there is significant likelihood of mixing hazardous waste constituents in the same area. Examples of hazardous waste management units include surface impoundments, waste piles, land treatment areas, landfill cells, incinerators, tanks and their associated piping and underlying

containment system, and container storage areas. A container alone does not constitute a unit; the unit includes containers and the land or pad upon which they are managed.

I.D.12. Interim Measures

For purposes of this Permit are actions necessary to minimize or prevent the further migration of contaminants and limit actual or potential human and environmental exposure to contaminants while long-term corrective action remedies are evaluated and, if necessary, implemented.

I.D.13. Land Disposal

For purposes of this Permit and R.61-79.268 means placement in or on the land except for a CAMU and includes, but is not limited to, placement in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, underground mine or cave, or concrete vault or bunker intended for disposal purposes.

I.D.14. Landfill

For the purposes of this Permit includes any disposal facility or part of a facility where hazardous waste is placed in or on the land and which is not a pile, a land treatment facility, a surface impoundment, an underground injection well, a salt dome formation, a salt bed formation, an underground mine, a cave, or a corrective action management unit.

I.D.15. Postclosure Care Period

For the purpose of this Permit is a thirty year period beginning when a hazardous waste management unit is certified as closed and during which time the Permittee shall be required to maintain, monitor, and report in accordance with the appropriate requirements of R.61-79.264 Subparts F, K, L, M, N, and X. The postclosure care period is unit specific and may be more or less than thirty years. The Department may modify the postclosure care period applicable to a unit if it finds that an extended or reduced period is sufficient to protect human health and the environment. [R.61-79.264.117]

I.D.16. Release

For purposes of this Permit includes any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment of any hazardous waste or hazardous constituents.

I.D.17. Remediation Waste

For the purposes of this Permit includes all solid and hazardous wastes, and all media (including groundwater, surface water, soils and sediments) and debris, which contain listed hazardous wastes or

which themselves exhibit a hazardous waste characteristic, that are managed for the purpose of implementing corrective action requirements under R.61-79.264.100, 264.101 and RCRA Section 3008(h). For a given facility, remediation wastes may originate only from within the facility boundary, but may include waste managed in implementing RCRA Sections 3004(v) or 3008(h) for releases beyond the facility boundary.

I.D.18. Schedule of Compliance

For the purposes of this Permit refers to a schedule of remedial measures included in this Permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (for example, actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Regulations. [R.61-79.270.2]

I.D.19. Solid Waste

Means any garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility and other discarded material, including solid, liquid, semisolid, or contained gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, and agricultural operations, and from community activities, but does not include solid or dissolved material in domestic sewage, or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges which are point sources subject to permits under Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (86 Stat. 880), or source, special nuclear, or byproduct material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 923).

I.D.20. Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU)

For the purposes of this Permit includes any unit which has been used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of solid waste at any time, irrespective of whether the unit is or ever was intended for the management of solid waste. RCRA hazardous waste management units are also solid waste management units. SWMUs include areas that have been contaminated by routine and systematic releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents, excluding one-time accidental spills that are immediately remediated and cannot be linked to solid waste management activities (e.g. product or process spills).

I.D.21. Temporary Unit (TU)

For the purposes of this Permit includes any temporary tanks and/or container storage areas used solely for treatment or storage of hazardous remediation wastes during remedial activities required under R.61-79.264.101 or RCRA Section 3008(h). Designated by the Department, such units must conform to specific standards as specified in R.61-79.264.553.

I.D.22. Unit

For purposes of this Permit includes, but is not limited to, any landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, land treatment unit, incinerator, injection well, tank, container storage area, septic tank, drain field, wastewater treatment unit, elementary neutralization unit, transfer station, or recycling unit.

I.E. DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS

I.E.1. Duty to Comply

The Permittee shall comply with the approved permit application and all Conditions of this Permit, except to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance is authorized by an emergency permit. Any permit noncompliance, other than noncompliance authorized by an emergency permit, constitutes a violation of RCRA and the South Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Act and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, modification, or denial of a permit renewal application. [R.61-79.270.30(a)]

I.E.2. Duty to Reapply

If the Permittee intends to continue an activity allowed or required by this Permit after the expiration date of this Permit, the Permittee shall submit a complete application for a new permit at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to permit expiration. The Permittee must comply with the public notice requirements of R.61-79.124.10. [R.61-79.270.10(h), 270.30(b)]

I.E.3. Obligation for Corrective Action

The Permittee is required to continue this Permit for any period necessary to comply with the corrective action requirements of this Permit.[R61-79.264.101, 270.1(c),270.51]

I.E.4. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. [R.61-79.270.30(c)]

I.E.5. Duty to Mitigate

In the event of noncompliance with this Permit, the Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize releases to the environment, and shall carry out such measures as are reasonable to prevent significant adverse impacts on human health or the environment. [R.61-79.270.30(d)]

I.E.6. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The Permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all

facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of a backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the Conditions of this Permit. [R.61-79.270.30(e)]

I.E.7. Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any relevant information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this Permit, or to determine compliance with this Permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this Permit. [R.61-79.264.74(a), 270.30(h)]

I.E.8. Inspection and Entry

The Permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the Department, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents, as may be required by law, to: [R.61-79.270.30(i)]

- I.E.8.(a). Enter at reasonable times upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the Conditions of this Permit;
- I.E.8.(b). Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the Conditions of this Permit;
- I.E.8.(c). Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated as required under this Permit; and
- I.E.8.(d). Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by RCRA, any substances or parameters at any location.

I.E.9. Monitoring and Records

- I.E.9.(a). Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity. The method used to obtain a representative sample of the waste and/or contaminated media to be analyzed must be the appropriate method from Appendix I of R.61-79.261, the EPA Region IV Environmental Investigations Standard Operating Procedure and Quality Assurance Manual (most recent version), or an equivalent method as specified in the waste analysis plan of the approved permit application, or otherwise approved by the

Department.

Laboratory methods must be those specified in the most recent edition of Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods SW-846, Standard Methods of Wastewater Analysis, or an equivalent method approved by the Department, and must be performed by a laboratory certified pursuant to the State Environmental Laboratory Certification Regulations, R.61-81 and R.61-79.260.11. [R.61-79.270.30(j)(1)]

I.E.9.(b). The Permittee shall retain the following at the facility, or at another location as approved by the Department:

I.E.9.(b)(i) records of all monitoring information required under the terms of this Permit, including all calibration and maintenance records,

I.E.9.(b)(ii) records of all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation,

I.E.9.(b)(iii) copies of all reports and records required by this Permit and all data used to prepare them,

I.E.9.(b)(iv) records of all data used to complete the application for this Permit, and

I.E.9.(b)(v) certification required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(9), if applicable.

The Permittee shall retain these items for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, record, certification, or application, or until corrective action is completed, whichever date is later.

This period may be extended by request of the Department at any time and is automatically extended during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding this facility.

I.E.9.(c). Pursuant to R.61-79.270.30(j)(3), records of monitoring information shall specify:

I.E.9.(c)(i) The dates, exact place, and times of sampling or measurements;

I.E.9.(c)(ii) The individuals who performed the sampling or measurements;

I.E.9.(c)(iii) The dates analyses were performed;

I.E.9.(c)(iv) The individuals who performed the analyses;

I.E.9.(c)(v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and

I.E.9.(c)(vi) The results of such analyses.

I.E.9.(d). Monitoring results shall be reported at intervals specified by the Department.[R.61-79.270.30(1)(4)]

I.E.10. Reporting Planned Changes

The Permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions which may impact any Hazardous Waste Management Units (HWMUs), Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs), or the areas contaminated by them. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(1)].

I.E.11. Reporting Anticipated Noncompliance

The Permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

The Permittee may not commence *[insert appropriate method: treatment, storage, or disposal]* of hazardous waste *[insert as appropriate: "at the facility" or "in the modified portion of the facility"]* until the Permittee has submitted to the Department, by certified mail or hand delivery, a letter signed by the Permittee and a registered professional engineer stating that the facility has been constructed or modified in compliance with the Permit; and [R.61-79.270.30(1)(2)]

I.E.11.(a). The Department has inspected the modified or newly constructed facility and finds it is in compliance with the Conditions of the Permit; or

I.E.11.(b). The Department either has waived the inspection or has not, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the above, notified the Permittee of its intent to inspect [R.61-79.270.30 (1) (2)].

I.E.12. Transfer of Permits

This Permit may be transferred to a new owner or operator only after notice to the Department pursuant to R.61-79.270.40 and only if the Permit is modified or revoked and reissued pursuant to R.61-79.270.41 to identify the new Permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary. Before transferring ownership or operation of the facility during its operating life, or of a disposal facility during the postclosure care period, the Permittee shall notify the new owner or operator in writing of the requirements of R.61-79.264 and 270, and this Permit.

I.E.13. Schedule of Compliance

Written notification of compliance or noncompliance with any item identified in the schedule of compliance Appendix D of this Permit

shall be submitted according to each schedule date. If the Permittee does not notify the Department within fourteen (14) calendar days of its noncompliance with the schedule, the Permittee shall be subject to an enforcement action. Submittal of a required item according to the schedule constitutes notification of compliance.

I.E.14. Imminent Hazard Reporting

The Permittee shall report to the Department any noncompliance, imminent or existing hazard from a release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents, or from a fire or explosion at the facility, which may endanger human health or the environment. The Permittee shall also report any fire or explosion at or near a permitted unit or other hazardous waste management area. Such information shall be reported orally within twenty-four (24) hours from the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. This report shall include the following:

I.E.14.(a)(i) Information concerning the release of any hazardous waste or hazardous constituents that may endanger public drinking water supplies.

I.E.14.(a)(ii) Information concerning the release or discharge of any hazardous waste, or hazardous constituents, or a fire or explosion at the facility, which could threaten the environment or human health outside the facility, or of any fire or explosion at or near a permitted unit or other hazardous waste management area at the facility.

I.E.14.(b). The description of the occurrence and its cause shall include:

I.E.14.(b)(i) Name, address, and telephone number of the owner or operator;

I.E.14.(b)(ii) Name, address, and telephone number of the facility;

I.E.14.(b)(iii) Date, time, and type of incident;

I.E.14.(b)(iv) Name and quantity of materials involved;

I.E.14.(b)(v) The extent of injuries, if any;

I.E.14.(b)(vi) An assessment of actual or potential hazard to the environment and human health outside the facility, and

I.E.14.(b)(vii) Estimated quantity and disposition of recovered material that resulted from the incident.

I.E.14.(c). A written report shall also be provided to the Department within fifteen (15) calendar days of the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written report shall

contain the information specified under Permit Conditions I.E.14 and I.E.14.(b); a description of the noncompliance or imminent hazard and its cause; the periods of noncompliance (including exact dates and times); whether the noncompliance or imminent hazard has been corrected; and if not, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance or imminent hazard. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(6)]

I.E.15. Manifest Discrepancy Report

If a significant discrepancy in a manifest is discovered, the Permittee must attempt to reconcile the discrepancy. If not resolved within fifteen (15) days, the Permittee must submit a letter report, including a copy of the manifest, to the Department. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(7)]

I.E.16. Unmanifested Waste Report

This report must be submitted to the Department within fifteen (15) days of receipt of unmanifested waste. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(8)].

I.E.17. Other Noncompliance

The Permittee shall report all other instances of noncompliance not otherwise required to be reported above by Permit Conditions I.E.11 and I.E.14, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Permit Condition I.E.14.(b), as applicable. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(10)]

I.E.18. Other Information

Whenever the Permittee becomes aware that he/she failed to submit any relevant facts, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, the Permittee shall promptly submit such facts or information. [R.61-79.270.30(1)(11)]

I.F. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENT

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Department shall be signed and certified in accordance with R.61-79.270.11 and 270.30(k).

I.G. REPORTS, NOTIFICATIONS, AND SUBMISSIONS TO THE DEPARTMENT

All reports, notifications, or other information required by this Permit to be submitted to the Department should be sent to the Department by verifiable delivery at the following address:

S.C. Department Of Health & Environmental Control

Attn: G. Kendall Taylor, Director

Division Of Hydrogeology

or

Attn: John Litton, Director
Division Of Waste Management
Bureau Of Land And Waste Management
2600 Bull Street
Columbia, SC 29201
Phone: (803) 896-4000

A copy of all reports, notifications, or other information required by this Permit to be submitted to the Department should also be sent to the US EPA, Region IV by verifiable delivery at the following address:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Attn: Narindar Kumar, Chief, RCRA Programs Branch
Waste Management Division
Atlanta Federal Center
61 Forsyth Street
Atlanta, GA 30303
Phone: (404) 562-8440

I.H. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

In accordance with R.61-79.270.12, the Permittee may claim confidential certain information required to be submitted by this Permit.

I.I. DOCUMENTS TO BE MAINTAINED AT THE FACILITY

Until closure is completed, certified by an independent registered professional engineer, and verified by the Department, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility the following documents and amendments, revisions, and modifications to these documents:

I.I.1. Permit Application

The approved permit application pursuant to R.61-79.270.2.

I.I.2. Waste Analyses Plan

As required by R.61-79.264.13 and this Permit.

I.I.3. Inspection schedules

As required by R.61-79.264.15(b) and this Permit.

I.I.4. Personnel training documents and records

As required by R.61-79.264.16(d) and this Permit.

I.I.5. Contingency Plan

As required by R.61-79.264.53(a) and this Permit.

I.I.6. Operating record

As required by R.61-79.264.73 and this Permit.

I.I.7. Closure Plan

As required by R.61-79.264.112(a) and this Permit.

I.I.8. Annually-adjusted cost estimate for facility closure

As required by R.61-79.264.142(d) and this Permit.

I.I.9. Installation records

For all monitoring wells and all groundwater elevation data collected during the active life of the facility.

I.I.10. Groundwater monitoring records

Required by R.61-79.264.100 and this Permit.

I.I.11. All other documents

Required by Permit Conditions I.E.9, I.E.10, and I.E.11.

I.J. DOCUMENTS TO BE MAINTAINED DURING POSTCLOSURE CARE PERIOD

Until postclosure care activities are completed, certified by an independent registered professional engineer, and verified by the Department, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility the following documents and amendments, revisions, and modifications to these documents:

I.J.1. Permit Application

The approved permit application pursuant to R.61-79.270.2.

I.J.2. All reports and documentation

Regarding compliance with R.61-79.264.118 and this Permit during the postclosure care period.

I.J.3. Waste Analyses Plan

[A waste analyses plan would only be required at those postclosure facilities at which landfills are being regulated and leachate is being collected. See Permit Condition II.B. of Module II-General Facility Conditions]

As required by R.61-79.264.13 and this Permit.

I.J.4. Contingency Plan

As required by R.61-79.264.53(a) and this Permit.

I.J.5. Operating record

As required by R.61-79.264.73 and this Permit.

- I.J.6. Inspection schedules
As required by R.61-79.264.15(b) and this Permit.
- I.J.7. Postclosure Plans
As required by R.61-79.264.118, R.61-79.270.14(b)13 and this Permit.
- I.J.8. Documentation of compliance
With R.61-79.264.119, R.61-79.264.120 and this Permit.
- I.J.9. Annually-adjusted cost estimates
For facility postclosure as required by R.61-79.264.144(b) and this Permit.
- I.J.10. Corrective Action Plan(s) and reports
As required by R.61-79.264.100 and 264.101 and this Permit
- I.J.11. Cost estimates for completion of corrective action
As required by R.61-79.264.90(a)(2) and 264.101 and this Permit.
- I.J.12. Installation records
For all monitoring wells and all groundwater elevation data collected during the postclosure care period.
- I.J.13. Groundwater monitoring records
Required by R.61-79.264.100 and this Permit.
- I.J.14. A survey plat and record
Of the type, location, and description of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents disposed of within the surface impoundment and landfill areas as required by R.61-79.264.119.
- I.J.15. All other documents
Required by Permit Conditions I.E.9, I.E.10 and I.E.11.

MODULE II - GENERAL FACILITY CONDITIONS

Module II.

[Note: This permit module contains conditions covering the general facility requirements of R.61-79.264, Subparts B through H. This module must be included in all RCRA Permits, except that the following Permit Conditions are optional II.H.1, II.H.2, II.I and Permit conditions II.H through II.O apply to Operating Permits only]

II.A. DESIGN AND OPERATION OF FACILITY

The Permittee shall construct, maintain and operate the facility in a manner to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unplanned sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste constituents to air, soil, or surface water which could threaten human health or the environment, as required by R.61-79.264.31.

II.B. GENERAL WASTE ANALYSIS

[Note: The waste analysis plan included in the Part B Permit Application should be referenced here. As applicable, the plan must cover the requirements of R.61-79.264.13, .117, .198, .199, .229, .230, .256, .272, .276, .281, .282, .312, .313, .314, .316, and .341. For postclosure care Permits, this Permit Condition is applicable to closed hazardous waste management units at which leachate is collected (i.e. landfills). The leachate is a listed waste and must be managed accordingly.]

The Permittee shall follow the waste analysis procedures required by R.61-79.264.13, as described in the Waste Analysis Plan, Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

The Permittee shall verify the analysis of each waste stream (leachate) annually as part of its quality assurance program, in accordance with Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA Publication SW-846, or equivalent methods approved by the Department. At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain proper functional instruments, use approved sampling and analytical methods, verify the validity of sampling and analytical procedures, and perform correct laboratory calculations. If the Permittee uses a contract laboratory to perform analyses, then the Permittee shall inform the laboratory in writing that it must operate under the waste analysis conditions set forth in this Permit.

II.C. SECURITY

[Note: Specific security provisions should be included in the Permit, if necessary, to ensure compliance with R.61-79.254.14(b). In addition, specific security provisions needed to implement the performance standard in 264.14(a) should be included in the Permit. If the Permittee successfully demonstrates, in accordance with R.61-79.264.14(a), that the security requirements in 264.14(b) and (c) are not necessary, a security Permit Condition is not needed. This demonstration must be documented in the Administrative Record. For Operating Permit:]

The Permittee shall comply with the security provisions as specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application and R.61-79.264.14(b) and (c).

[Note: The following Permit Condition should be included in postclosure care Permits. It should be included in operating Permits only if hazardous wastes may remain exposed after completion of closure, or access by the public or domestic livestock may pose a hazard to human health.]

The Permittee shall maintain security at the facility during the postclosure care period, in accordance with the Postclosure Plan, Section [____] of the approved Permit application and R.61-79.264.117.

II.D. GENERAL INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

[Note: The inspection schedules included in the Part B Permit Application should be referenced here. As applicable, the specific inspection requirements of R.61-79.264.174, .193(i), .195, .226(b), .254(b), .273(g), .303(b), .347(b) and (c) must be covered by the referenced schedules.]

The Permittee shall follow the general inspection requirements set out in R.61-79.264.15 and Section [____] of the approved Permit application. The Permittee shall remedy any deterioration or malfunction discovered by an inspection as required by R.61-79.264.15(c) and the Permit application. Records of inspections shall be kept as required by R.61-79.264.15(d).

II.E. CONTINGENCY PLAN

II.E.1. Implementation of Plan

[Note: Reference the contingency plan included in the approved Part B Permit Application here.]

The Permittee shall immediately carry out the provisions of the Contingency Plan, Section [____] of the approved Permit application, whenever there is a fire, explosion, or release of hazardous waste or constituents that could threaten human health or the environment. As applicable, the plan must cover the requirements of R.61-79.264.50 through 264.56.

II.E.2. Copies of Plan

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of R.61-79.264.53.

II.E.3. Amendments to Plan

The Permittee shall review and immediately amend, if necessary, the Contingency Plan, as required by R.61-79.264.54. Any amendment shall be subject to the requirements of R.61-79.270.41 and 270.42.

II.E.4. Emergency Coordinator

A trained emergency coordinator shall be available at all times in case of an emergency, as required by R.61-79.264.55.

[Note: New facilities may be required to comply with a construction quality assurance or quality assessment of a specific unit which requires a certification of the quality or assessment. For new facilities, refer to Permit Condition I.E.12-Certification of

Construction or Modification, as well as the specific regulation where the necessary type of certification is required and add the following sentence to this Permit condition: "The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all persons qualified to act as emergency coordinators shall be supplied to the Department at the time of [unit] certification. [R.61-79.264.52(d)]"

II.F. RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

In addition to the record keeping and reporting requirements specified elsewhere in this Permit, the Permittee shall do the following:

II.F.1. Operating Record

The Permittee shall maintain a written operating record at the facility in accordance with R.61-79.264.73.

II.F.2. Quarterly Report

The Permittee shall comply with the quarterly reporting requirements of R.61-79.264.75.

II.G. PERSONNEL TRAINING

[Note: The outline of personnel training included in the Part B Permit Application should be referenced here. It must demonstrate how the Permittee will comply with 264.16.]

The Permittee shall conduct personnel training, as required by R.61-79.264.16. This training shall follow the outline described in Section [___] of the approved Permit application. The Permittee shall maintain training documents and records at the facility, as required by R.61-79.264.16(d) and (e).

[Note: Permit Conditions II.H. through II.Q. apply to Operating Permits only]

II.H. REQUIRED NOTICES

II.H.1. Hazardous Waste Imports

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing at least four weeks in advance of the date the Permittee expects to receive hazardous waste from a foreign source. Notice of subsequent shipments of the same waste from the same foreign source in the same calendar year is not required. [R.61-79.264.12(a)]

II.H.2. Hazardous Waste From Off-Site Sources

When the Permittee is to receive hazardous waste from an off-site source (except where the Permittee is also the generator), he/she must inform the generator in writing that he/she has the appropriate Permits, and will accept the waste the generator is shipping. The Permittee must keep a copy of this written notice as part of the operating record. [R.61-79.264.12(b)]

II.I. SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR IGNITABLE, REACTIVE, OR INCOMPATIBLE WASTE

[Note: Permits must include specific handling procedures tailored to the types of hazardous wastes to be treated, stored, or disposed of at the facility and the types of units in which the wastes will be handled. The procedures described by the Permittee in the approved Part B Permit Application should be referenced here. In addition, Permit Conditions specific to the units may be specified in the appropriate module of the Permit.]

[Note: This Permit Condition should be included in the Permit only if the facility handles ignitable, reactive, or incompatible wastes.]

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of R.61-79.264.17. The Permittee shall follow the procedures for handling ignitable, reactive and incompatible wastes set forth in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

II.J. LOCATION STANDARDS

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of R.61-79.264.18 and R.61-104, as applicable.

II.K. PREPAREDNESS AND PREVENTION

II.K.1. Required Equipment

[Note: The list of equipment required by 264.52(e) to be in the Contingency Plan must meet the requirements of 264.32. If the Permittee has successfully demonstrated, in accordance with R.61-79.264.32, that all of the equipment is not required, the decision should be documented in the Administrative Record and applicable Permit conditions should be deleted.]

At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain at the facility the equipment set forth in the approved Contingency Plan, Section [____] of the approved Permit application, as required by R.61-79.264.32.

II.K.2. Fire Alarm System

The Permittee shall maintain a fire alarm system in accordance with R.61-79.264.31 and 264.32 and as described in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

II.K.3. Testing and Maintenance of Equipment

[Note: Specific testing and maintenance procedures needed to implement this Permit Condition should be included in the inspection schedule, Permit Condition II.D.- General Inspection Requirements]

The Permittee shall test and maintain the equipment specified in Permit Condition II.K.1. and II.K.2., as necessary, to assure its proper operation in time of emergency, as required by R.61-79.264.33.

II.K.4. Access to Communications or Alarm Systems

The Permittee shall maintain access to the communications or alarm systems, as required by R.61-79.264.34.

II.K.5. Required Aisle Space

[Note: If the Permittee has successfully demonstrated that aisle space is not needed, the decision should be documented in the Administrative Record. The "plans and specifications" to be referenced here generally will be the design plans and specifications for the hazardous waste management units.]

At a minimum, the Permittee shall maintain adequate aisle space, as required by R.61-79.264.35 and the plans and specifications described in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

II.K.6. Arrangements with Local Authorities

The Permittee shall maintain arrangements with state and local authorities, as required by R.61-79.264.37. If state or local officials refuse to enter into preparedness and prevention arrangements with the Permittee, the Permittee must document this refusal in the operating record.

II.L. MANIFEST SYSTEM

The Permittee shall comply with the manifest requirements of R.61-79.264.71, 264.72, and 264.76.

II.M. GENERAL CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

[Note: Owners and operators of certain tank systems, surface impoundments, and waste piles are required to have a Closure Plan and a Contingent Closure Plan in accordance with R.61-79.264.197(c), 264.228(c), and 264.258(c), respectively. In the Permit Conditions below, insert "Contingent Closure Plan" after Closure Plan, as appropriate, and reference both as Sections [____] of the approved Part B Permit Application.]

II.M.1. Performance Standard

[Note: The Closure Plan must meet the requirements of R.61-79.264.112(a) and (b). As applicable, the specific closure requirements of 264.178, .197, .228, .280, .310, and .351 also must be covered by the reference plan.]

The Permittee shall close the *[facility, note that this can be a specific area of the facility, or the operating unit.]* as required by R.61-79.264.111 and in accordance with the Closure Plan included in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

II.M.2. Amendment to Closure Plan

The Permittee shall amend the Closure Plan, in accordance with R.61-79.264.112(c), whenever necessary.

II.M.3. Notification of Closure

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing at least sixty (60) days prior to the date on which he/she expects to begin closure of any of the following: *[insert as appropriate: surface impoundment, waste pile, land treatment unit, or landfill]* or final closure of the facility. The Permittee shall notify the Department at least forty-five (45) days prior to the date on which he/she expects to begin partial or final closure of a boiler or industrial furnace, as required by R.61-79.264.112(d).

[Note: This Permit Condition should be used for facilities using surface impoundments, waste piles, land treatment units, or landfills, boilers, or industrial furnaces. For facilities using only tanks, containers, or incinerators, substitute the following Permit Condition: "The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing at least forty-five (45) days prior to the date on which he/she expects to begin final closure of the facility with only the following: treatment or storage tanks, container storage areas, or incinerators, as required by R.61-79.264.112(d).]

II.M.4. Time Allowed for Closure

[Note: If the Permittee is granted a longer time frame for treating, removing, or disposing of waste or for completing closure activities, the basis for granting the extra time must be documented in the Administrative Record.]

After receiving the final volume of hazardous waste, the Permittee shall treat or remove from the units or facility all hazardous waste and shall complete closure activities in accordance with R.61-79.264.113 and the schedules specified in the approved Closure Plan, Section [___] of the approved Permit application.

II.M.5. Disposal or Decontamination of Equipment, Structures, and Soils

The Permittee shall decontaminate or dispose of all contaminated equipment, structures, and Permit application.

II.M.6. Certification of Closure

The Permittee shall certify that the unit(s) has been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved Closure Plan, Section [___] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79.264.115]

II.M.7. Survey Plat

[Note: This Permit Condition should be included only if the facility contains hazardous waste disposal units.]

The Permittee shall submit a survey plat no later than the submission of certification of closure of each hazardous waste disposal unit, in accordance with R.61-79.164.116.

II.N. COST ESTIMATE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE

II.N.1. Most Recent Cost Estimate

The Permittee's most recent closure cost estimate, prepared in accordance with R.61-79.264.142(a), is specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

II.N.2. Cost Estimate Annual Adjustment

[Note: Depending on the financial vehicle used to demonstrate financial assurance, the facility will have "within sixty (60) days of anniversary..." or "within thirty (30) days of close of the facility's fiscal year...". Consult R.61-79.264.142 & 144 for specific language.]

The Permittee must adjust the closure cost estimate for inflation within *[appropriate language]*, as specified in R.61-79.264.142(b) and R.61-79.264.144(b).

II.N.3. Cost Estimate Modification

The Permittee must revise the closure and postclosure cost estimates whenever there is a change in the facility's Closure Plan, as required by R.61-79.264.142(c) and R.61-79.270 Subpart D.

II.N.4. Closure Cost Estimate Recording

The Permittee must keep at the facility the latest closure cost estimate as required by R.61-79.264.142(d).

II.O. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE

[Note: For new facilities, the Permittee shall demonstrate compliance with this Permit Condition by submitting the required documentation to the Department at least sixty (60) days before first receiving hazardous waste for treatment, storage or disposal {See for example, R.61-79.264.143(a)(1)} The Permittee's financial assurance must be effective prior to the Permittee's first receipt of hazardous waste.]

The Permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with R.61-79.264.143 and R.61-79.264.146 by providing documentation of financial assurance as required by R.61-79.264.151 in at least the amount of the cost estimate required by Permit Condition II.N. Changes in financial assurance mechanisms must be approved by the Department pursuant to R.61-79.264.143 and R.61-79.264.145.

II.P. LIABILITY REQUIREMENTS

II.P.1. Sudden Occurrences

The Permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.264.147 and the documentation requirements of R.61-79.264.151 including the requirements to have and maintain liability coverage for sudden and accidental occurrences in the amount of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least two million dollars (\$2,000,000), exclusive of legal defense costs.

II.P.2. Non-Sudden Occurrences

The Permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.264.147(b) and the documentation requirements of R.61-79.264.151 including the requirements to have and maintain liability coverage for non-sudden accidental occurrences in the amount of at least three million dollars (\$3,000,000) per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least six million dollars (\$6,000,000), exclusive of legal defense costs.

II.Q. INCAPACITY OF OWNERS OR OPERATORS, GUARANTORS, OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Permittee shall comply with R.61-79.264.148 whenever necessary.

MODULE III - POSTCLOSURE CARE [list units]

Module III.

III.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

[Note: The Permit writer should include a general discussion of the activities covered by this module. The discussion should contain the following information for each unit or group of units: types of wastes disposed in the unit; anticipated date of closure and the length of postclosure care for each unit; planned monitoring and maintenance activities; and special features associated with the postclosure care operation; and a reference to any special permit conditions.]

[Note: Owners and operators of certain tank systems, surface impoundments, and waste piles are required to have Contingent Postclosure Plans in accordance with R.61-79.264.197(c), 264.228(c), and 264.258(c), respectively. In the conditions below, insert "Contingent Postclosure Plan" after Postclosure Plan, as appropriate, and reference both as Section(s) [___] of the approved Part B Permit Application.]

[Note: This model permit is set up to require all three groundwater programs a facility may need - Detection Monitoring under 264.98, Compliance Monitoring under 264.99, and Corrective Action under R.61-79.264.100. If a facility is not required to implement one of these groundwater programs (detection monitoring, compliance monitoring, or corrective action), then the irrelevant sections can be deleted. It is possible to have several regulated units at one facility complying with a combination of these groundwater monitoring programs. See the permit writers guide for specific examples and language for postclosure permits that require detection and compliance groundwater monitoring programs.]

The conditions of this module apply to the general postclosure care requirements for the hazardous waste management unit[s] as described below in Permit Condition III.B. The conditions for [Corrective Action as required by R.61-79.264.100; Detection Monitoring as required by R.61-79.264.98; Compliance Monitoring as required by R.61-79.264.99] are presented in Module IV of this Permit.

III.B. UNIT IDENTIFICATION

The Permittee shall provide postclosure care for the hazardous waste management unit[s] described below, subject to the terms and conditions of this permit.

Regulated Unit(s) <i>[List each unit separately]</i>	Dates Unit(s) Operated [up to the date(s) the Dept certifies the unit closed]	Total Maximum Capacity	Description of Wastes Contained	Hazardous Waste Number
<RegUnit>				<RUHazWaste>

III.C. POSTCLOSURE PROCEDURES AND USE OF PROPERTY

III.C.1. Postclosure Care Period

[Note: The Postclosure Plan included in the approved Part B Permit Application should be referenced here. It must meet the requirements of R.61-79.264.118(a) and (b). As applicable, the specific postclosure requirements of 264.197, .228, .258, .280, and .310 also must be covered by the referenced Postclosure Plan].

The Permittee shall conduct postclosure care for the hazardous waste management unit described in Permit Condition III.B. above. Postclosure care will be conducted for thirty (30) years after the completion of closure, except that the thirty (30) year postclosure care period may be shortened upon application and demonstration, approved by the Department, that the facility is secure, or may be extended if the Department finds this is necessary to protect human health and the environment. Postclosure care shall be in accordance with R.61-79.264.117 - 120, this Permit, and the Postclosure Plan contained in Section [__] the approved permit application.

III.C.2. Groundwater Monitoring System

The Permittee shall maintain and monitor the groundwater monitoring system and comply with all other applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F and Module IV of this Permit during the postclosure period. [R.61-79.264.117(a)(1)]

III.C.3. Landfill Requirements

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements for landfills as follows: [R.61-79.264.310(b)]

- III.C.3.(a). Maintain the integrity and effectiveness of the final cover; including making repairs to the liner system, as necessary, to correct the effects of settling, subsidence, erosion, or other events;
- III.C.3.(b). Prevent run-on and run-off from eroding or otherwise damaging the final cover;
- III.C.3.(c). Protect and maintain surveyed benchmarks used in complying with the surveying and record keeping requirements of R.61-79.264.309.

III.D. INSPECTIONS

III.D.1. Components, Structures and Equipment

The Permittee shall inspect the components, structures, and equipment at the site in accordance with R.61-79.264.117(a)(1)(ii) and the inspection schedule in Section [__] of the approved Postclosure Plan.

III.D.2. Cover System

The Permittee shall inspect the cover system(s) for uniformity, drainage, and imperfections. Soil based covers must be inspected for imperfections including lenses, cracks, channels, root holes, or other structural non-uniformities that may cause an increase in the permeability of the cover.

III.E. NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION

III.E.1. Use of units

The Permittee shall not allow any use of the units designated in Permit Condition III.B. which will disturb the integrity of the final cover, liners, any components of the containment system, or the function of the facility's monitoring systems during the postclosure care period. [R.61-79.264.117(c)]

III.E.2. Amendments to Postclosure Plan

The Permittee must request a permit modification to authorize a change in the approved postclosure plan. This request must be in accordance with applicable requirements of R.61-79 Parts 124 and 270, and must include a copy of the proposed amendments to the application for approval by the Department. The Permittee shall request a permit modification whenever changes in operating plans or facility design affect the postclosure plan, or other events occur during the active life of the facility that also affect the postclosure plan. The Permittee must submit a written request for a permit modification at least sixty (60) days prior to the proposed change in facility design or operation, or no later than sixty (60) days after an unexpected event has occurred which has affected the postclosure plan. [R.61-79.264.118(d)]

III.E.3. Postclosure Notices

III.E.3.(a). No later than sixty (60) days after certification of closure of each hazardous waste disposal unit, the Permittee shall submit records of the type, location and quantity of hazardous waste disposed within each cell or disposal unit, in accordance with R.61-79.264.119(a).

III.E.3.(b). Within sixty (60) days of certification of closure of the first hazardous waste disposal unit and the last hazardous waste disposal unit, the Permittee shall do the following:

III.E.3.(b)(i) Record a notation on the deed to the facility property, in accordance with R.61-79.264.119(b)(1).

III.E.3.(b)(ii) Submit a certification that a notation, in accordance with R.61-79.264.119(b)(2), has been recorded.

III.E.4. Removal Request

[Note: The Department may allow a variance to this condition if a disturbance is necessary to the proposed use of the property and will not increase the potential hazard to human health or the environment, or is necessary to reduce a threat to human health or the environment. [R.61-79.264.117(c)(1) and (2)]

If the Permittee or any subsequent owner or operator of the land upon which the hazardous waste disposal unit is located wishes to remove hazardous wastes and hazardous waste residues, the liner, if any; or contaminated soils, then he shall request a modification to this postclosure permit in accordance with the applicable requirements in R.61-79.124 and 270. The Permittee or any subsequent owner or operator of the land shall demonstrate that the removal of hazardous wastes will satisfy the criteria of R.61-79.264.117(c). [R.61-79.264.119(c)]

III.E.5. Certification of Completion of Postclosure Care

No later than sixty (60) days after completion of the established postclosure care period for each hazardous waste disposal unit, the Permittee shall submit to the Department, by registered mail, a certification that the postclosure care for the hazardous waste disposal unit was performed in accordance with the specifications in the approved Postclosure Plan. The certification must be signed by the Permittee and an independent registered professional engineer. Documentation supporting the independent registered professional engineer's certification must be furnished to the Department upon request until the Department releases the Permittee from the financial assurance requirements for postclosure care under R.61-79.264.145(i). [R.61-79.264.120]

III.F. COST ESTIMATE FOR FACILITY POSTCLOSURE

III.F.1. Most Recent Cost Estimate

The Permittee's most recent postclosure cost estimate, prepared in accordance with R.61-79.264.144(a) is specified in Section [] the approved permit application.

III.F.2. Cost Estimate Annual Adjustment

[Depending on the financial vehicle used to demonstrate financial assurance, the facility will have "within sixty (60) days of anniversary..." or "within thirty (30) days of close of a facility's fiscal year...". Consult R.61-79.264.142 & 144 for specific language.]

The Permittee must adjust the postclosure cost estimate for inflation within [***choose appropriate language according to the note above***], as specified by R.61-79.264.144(b).

III.F.3. Cost Estimate Modification

The Permittee must revise the postclosure cost estimate whenever

there is a change in the facility's Postclosure Plan, as required by R.61-79.264.144(c) and R.61-79.270 Subpart D.

III.F.4. Cost Estimate Record

The Permittee must keep at the facility the latest postclosure cost estimate as required by R.61-79.264.144(d).

III.G. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR FACILITY POSTCLOSURE CARE

[R.61-79.264.147(e) allows the owner/operator to drop liability coverage once a regulated unit is certified closed per the approved plan. If you have a unit that is newly regulated and has not closed, you need to add the permit condition requiring liability insurance. See the 1988 Permit Writer's Guide.]

The Permittee shall demonstrate continuous compliance with R.61-79.264.145 by providing documentation of financial assurance as required by R.61-79.264.151 in at least the amount of the cost estimates required by Permit Condition III.F. Changes in financial assurance mechanisms must be approved by the Department pursuant to R.61-79.264.145.

III.H. INCAPACITY OF OWNERS OR OPERATORS, GUARANTORS, OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The Permittee shall comply with R.61-79.264.148, whenever necessary.

MODULE IV - GROUNDWATER REQUIREMENTS

Module IV.

Groundwater Corrective Action Module

[This permit module must be tailored to each individual facility's groundwater monitoring responsibilities under R.61-79 Subpart F. For example, the Permit writer may include one or more of the following groundwater monitoring programs in a permit: detection monitoring, compliance monitoring, and corrective action monitoring. If more than one program is included in the Permit, the Permit writer must specify the circumstances or conditions under which each program will be required. It is possible that more than one program will be operable at the same time at a facility (i.e. two separate waste management areas), or that the programs will be conditional based on a sequence of events. For example, the sequence set up in the Permit could include a detection monitoring program that triggers an Appendix IX analysis that triggers the facility's option to apply for a variance (e.g., other contaminant source or sampling error) and if the facility fails to seek or fails to obtain a variance, then compliance monitoring is triggered. The Permit could also set the groundwater protection standard and describe the corrective action program. The corrective action program could include plume assessment, corrective measures study and design, and implementation of corrective action. Setting up such a sequence in the Permit reduces the number of permit modifications that may be needed and decreases the administrative time needed to get on which subsequent steps in the process and ultimately, the time required to get corrective action under way, if needed.]

IV.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

[The Permit writer should include a general discussion of the activities covered by this module. The discussion should contain the following information: description of the waste management units (including type and number that require detection, compliance, and/or corrective action monitoring); number, location, and depths of wells; which wells are upgradient and downgradient; the indicator parameters specified and their background concentrations for detection monitoring and/or the groundwater protection standard for compliance/corrective action monitoring; any unique or special features associated with the operation; and a reference to any special permit conditions. An example is as follows:]

The conditions of this module describe groundwater monitoring and corrective action programs. The groundwater monitoring portion of the Permit describes the location, number, and depths of groundwater monitoring wells; identifies which wells are upgradient and downgradient; establishes a list of hazardous constituents and concentration limits which must be achieved through corrective action; defines the length of the compliance period; specifies the sampling and analysis protocols for the groundwater corrective action monitoring program, the statistical evaluations to be conducted, and the procedures for modifying the permit if changes to the groundwater

corrective action monitoring program are necessary. The groundwater corrective action portion of the permit consists of a description of the overall strategy for corrective action and routine evaluation of the effectiveness of the groundwater remedial system.

IV.B. POINT OF COMPLIANCE

The Point of Compliance (POC) is a vertical surface located at the hydraulically downgradient limit of the Waste Management Area (WMA) that extends down to the base of the uppermost aquifer underlying the regulated units. The WMA, as delineated in [Figure X of Section X of the permit application, includes X number closed surface impoundments/landfills/waste piles, etc]. which are RCRA hazardous waste management units. In map view, the POC is represented in [Figure X of the permit application (Section X)] as a line running through appropriately designated wells listed in [Table IV-A] (Monitoring Well System) of this Permit Module. Vertically, the POC extends downward [through the saprolite and to the bottom of fractured bedrock,] which is identified as the base of the uppermost aquifer in [Section X of the permit application.]

IV.C. CORRECTIVE ACTION MONITORING PROGRAM

[The corrective action monitoring program applies to waste management units where leakage of hazardous constituents into the groundwater cause specified concentration limits (i.e. the groundwater protection standard) to be exceeded at the point of compliance. If the groundwater protection standard is exceeded at any monitoring well at the point of compliance, a corrective action program must be implemented to bring the unit back into compliance with the standard. A corrective action program may be permitted separately after receipt of an application for permit modification or it may be specified as part of the Permit for the compliance monitoring program.]

IV.D. GROUNDWATER PROTECTION STANDARD

The Permittee shall ensure that the Groundwater Protection Standard (GWPS), as required under R.61-79.264.92, is being met or that remedial actions are being taken to reduce contaminant levels to meet standards. The GWPS shall consist of the hazardous constituents and their corresponding concentration limits listed in Table IV-B this Permit Module, as established under R.61-79.264.93 and R.61-79.264.94.

IV.E. COMPLIANCE PERIOD

The Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F for the duration of the compliance period. The compliance period is equal to [XXX]. The compliance period for all units began on [XXXX], and is scheduled to end on [XXXX]. If the Permittee is engaged in corrective action at the end of the compliance period as specified above, the compliance period will be extended until the Permittee can demonstrate that the GWPS has not been exceeded for a period of three (3) consecutive years at the POC.

IV.F. WELL LOCATION, INSTALLATION, AND CONSTRUCTION

The Permittee shall design, install and/or maintain a groundwater monitoring system to comply with applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F and as specified below.

IV.F.1. Point of Compliance Well System

The appropriately designated monitoring wells listed in Table IV-A will be used to monitor groundwater quality at the POC. These monitoring wells constitute the POC monitoring well system.

IV.F.2. Background Monitoring Wells

The appropriately designated monitoring wells listed in Table IV-A will be used to monitor background groundwater quality. These monitoring wells constitute the background monitoring well system.

IV.F.3. Plume Assessment Wells

The appropriately designated monitoring wells listed in Table IV-A shall be used to monitor the contaminant plume movement and to assess the effectiveness of the corrective action program.

IV.F.4. Additional Wells

The Permittee shall install additional wells as necessary to maintain compliance with R.61-79.264 Subpart F requirements. A proposal for the design, location and installation of any additional well(s) shall be submitted to the Department for approval at least 45 days prior to planned installation. Written approval must be obtained prior to installation of any monitoring well.

IV.F.5. Well Design, Installation and Maintenance

The Permittee shall ensure that all wells are designed, installed, and maintained such that groundwater samples are representative of the true water quality. Additionally, the wells shall be designed, installed and monitored in such a manner to prevent interconnection between different hydrologic units. Failure of any well(s) to meet the standards described herein shall not interfere with the groundwater monitoring or corrective action programs.

IV.F.6. Well Construction Details

The Permittee shall report the surveyed elevation of monitoring well(s) to the nearest 0.01 foot within forty-five (45) days of installation along with as-built drawings and lithologic logs. The Permittee shall also report the total well depth, screened interval, elevation of the top of casing, ground surface and protective casing.

IV.F.7. Total Well Depth

The Permittee shall measure total well depth annually and redevelop any monitoring well when sediment has entered the well and accumulated to a depth of one foot; or, the accumulated sediment blocks twenty percent of the screen length, whichever is less. The Permittee shall redevelop any well exhibiting a significant decrease in yield, or a significant increase in recovery time.

IV.F.8. Well Abandonment

The Permittee shall properly abandon any well(s) not meeting the standard of Permit Condition IV.F.5. A proposal for specific well abandonment procedures shall be submitted to the Department for approval at least thirty (30) days prior to beginning abandonment procedures.

IV.G. SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PROCEDURES

The Permittee shall use the following techniques and procedures when obtaining and analyzing groundwater samples from the groundwater monitoring wells described in Permit Condition IV.F. to provide a reliable indication of groundwater quality as required under R.61-79.264.97(d) and (e).

IV.G.1. Sampling Procedures

Groundwater samples shall be collected, preserved, and shipped in accordance with the procedures specified in *[Section XXX]* of the permit application.

IV.G.2. Sampling Frequency

The Permittee shall ensure that the frequency of sample collection and the wells to be sampled are in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Schedule, Table IV-C of this permit module. The Permittee shall monitor groundwater quality throughout the compliance period to demonstrate conformance with the GWPS.

IV.G.3. Chain of Custody

Groundwater samples shall be tracked and controlled using the chain-of-custody procedure specified in *[Section X of the permit application.]*

IV.G.4. Analysis

Samples shall be analyzed according to *[Section XXX]* of the permit application or the most current final version of EPA Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste SW-846, Standard Methods of Wastewater Analysis using whichever procedure is more recent at the time of analysis. For those constituents that have established Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) or Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRG), the analytical method chosen must be capable of achieving a Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL) below the established MCL or PRG. For those constituents which do not have an established MCL or PRG, the analytical method must achieve the lowest reasonably achievable PQL based on instrumentation and analytical method.

IV.G.5. Change in Analytical Laboratory

Whenever the Permittee changes analytical contractors, the Permittee shall submit to the Department within thirty (30) days of such a change a copy of the new laboratory's South Carolina certification to

be included in the permit application. This certification must state the expiration date, analytical test methods and parameters for which the laboratory is certified. The Department will evaluate the new program and determine if it differs significantly from the program in the approved permit application. If the program differs significantly, the Department will notify the Permittee and require submittal of a permit modification pursuant to R.61-79.270.41.

IV.G.6. Annual Appendix IX Analyses

Annually, the Permittee shall analyze groundwater samples from the most contaminated point of compliance well(s), [MW-...MW-] to be analyzed for all constituents contained in R.61-79.264 Appendix IX (Groundwater Monitoring List), in order to determine whether additional hazardous constituents are present in the uppermost aquifer.

IV.G.6.(a). If R.61-79.264 Appendix IX constituents are detected pursuant to Permit Condition IV.G.6. that were not identified as hazardous constituents in the GWPS, then the Permittee may resample within one (1) month to confirm their presence. If the Permittee chooses not to resample, the original detections will be considered valid detections. If the presence of new hazardous constituents are confirmed by resampling, or the Permittee chooses not to resample, then the Permittee shall report the concentrations of these constituents to the Department in writing within seven (7) days after receipt of analytical data. The Permittee must immediately incorporate these new constituents within the groundwater monitoring program.

IV.G.6.(b). For each R.61-79.264 Appendix IX constituent identified at the point of compliance pursuant to Permit Condition IV.G.6., the Permittee shall determine whether the concentration detected is elevated with respect to background. If the concentration detected at the point of compliance is determined to be statistically significant with respect to background, the new constituent will be added to the GWPS. Within ninety (90) days of completing the required statistical evaluation, the Permittee shall submit an application for a permit modification to incorporate the new constituents, along with their concentration limits, into the GWPS of Permit Condition IV.D.

IV.G.7. Management of Contaminated Media

The Permittee shall treat, store and/or dispose of all contaminated groundwater in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local requirements.

IV.H. BACKGROUND GROUNDWATER QUALITY

The Permittee shall establish background groundwater quality in accordance with R.61-79.264.97 by collecting and analyzing groundwater samples from background groundwater monitoring wells identified in Table IV-A and in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Schedule, Table IV-C. Samples shall be collected and reported to the Department in accordance with Permit Conditions IV.G and IV.L.

IV.I. GROUNDWATER ELEVATION

[The frequency that groundwater elevation is measured should be decided by the permit writer/hydrogeologist assigned to the facility.]

The Permittee shall measure and record the groundwater elevation in all monitoring wells listed in Table IV-A quarterly. The data shall be collected within a twenty-four (24) hour time span. Within thirty (30) days of completing these measurements, the Permittee shall use the water level data to evaluate the direction and rate of groundwater flow and determine whether the requirements for locating monitoring wells continue to be satisfied. If the Permittee determines that the conditions are no longer satisfied, the Permittee must submit a proposal to the Department within thirty (30) days to modify the monitoring system. If the modification is significant, the Permittee shall be required to submit an application for permit modification. The Permittee shall use the water level data to generate groundwater potentiometric maps and will report the water level data with the groundwater quality analytical results as specified in Permit Condition IV.L.

IV.J. STATISTICS

[The statistical requirement will depend on which statistical method was proposed and approved within the permit application. Several examples are as follows:]

Pursuant to R.61-79.264.97(h) and R.61-79.264.97(i), an appropriate statistical procedure must be proposed prior to the termination of groundwater corrective action. The proposed statistical method must compare compliance point data to the concentration limits in the GWPS. Until such time that an appropriate statistical method has been approved by the Department, the effectiveness of the corrective action program shall be evaluated semi-annually using graphical analysis of time verses concentration trends in strategic monitoring wells. These trend analyses shall be submitted in the corrective action groundwater monitoring reports required by Permit Condition IV.L.

IV.K. GROUNDWATER CORRECTIVE ACTION PROGRAM

[The Permit writer must specify the groundwater corrective actions to be taken and the schedule in which these actions are to be implemented. The groundwater Corrective Action Plan (CAP) submitted by the Permittee should contain an appropriate remedial design to ensure that groundwater quality will achieve compliance within a reasonable time period.]

The Permittee shall design, implement, and maintain a groundwater corrective action program as required under R.61-79.264.100 and R.61-79.264.101.

IV.K.1. Corrective Action at the Point of Compliance

The Permittee shall design, implement, and maintain a corrective action program that prevents hazardous constituents from exceeding the GWPS as specified in Permit Condition IV.D. at the POC.

IV.K.2. Corrective Action Beyond the Point of Compliance

The Permittee must conduct a corrective action program to remove and treat any hazardous constituents that exceed the GWPS as specified in Permit Condition IV.D. in groundwater between the compliance point and the downgradient property boundary, and beyond the property boundary where necessary to protect human health and the environment in accordance with R.61-79.264.100(e).

IV.K.3. Maintenance of the Corrective Action System

The Permittee shall ensure that the groundwater corrective action system (i.e. groundwater recovery components and ancillary treatment equipment) is maintained to operate as specified in the approved Corrective Action Plan (CAP), [Section XX] of the Permit Application.

IV.K.4. Corrective Action System

Groundwater corrective action shall, at a minimum, consist of [pump and treat, air sparge, etc.] in accordance with the approved CAP. The approved CAP is located in [Section XX] of the Permit Application.

IV.K.5. Continuation of Corrective Action

The Permittee must continue corrective action during the compliance period to the extent necessary to ensure that the GWPS is not exceeded. In accordance with R.61-79.264.100(f), the compliance period is automatically extended, if necessary, until the GWPS has not been exceeded for three (3) consecutive years.

IV.K.6. Modification of the Corrective Action System

If the Permittee determines that the corrective action program no longer satisfies the requirements of R.61-79.264.100, within ninety (90) days of such a determination, the Permittee must submit a permit modification request pursuant to R.61-79.270.42 to make any appropriate changes to the corrective action system.

IV.L. RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

IV.L.1. Operating Record

The Permittee shall enter all monitoring, testing, analytical, and corrective action data obtained pursuant to Permit Conditions IV.A. through IV.L. into the operating record as required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(6).

IV.L.2. Semi-Annual Report

On or before August 1 of each year, the Permittee shall submit a

detailed report describing the effectiveness of the corrective action program for the period from January 1 through June 30. The report shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- IV.L.2.(a). Groundwater elevation data collected during the reporting period in table form. Groundwater quality data in table form for all constituents sampled during the reporting period. Copies of the chain of custody, field records and laboratory data sheets, to include the date of extraction and date of analysis for each sample, shall be submitted;
- IV.L.2.(b). Potentiometric maps depicting groundwater flow directions for each hydrogeologic unit based on gradients for each quarter shall be submitted. Potentiometric maps shall include all plume assessment, background, and recovery wells identified in Table IV-A. An evaluation of any significant changes in gradients or flow direction shall be included;
- IV.L.2.(c). Isoconcentration maps depicting the distributions of pertinent parameters. All plume assessment, background and recovery wells listed in Table IV-A shall be depicted. Surface water sampling locations shall be depicted on the isoconcentration maps. Large scale maps should be used;
- IV.L.2.(d). Tabulated volumetric data and flow rates for the corrective action system (monthly and cumulative);
- IV.L.2.(e). Recharge data (inches of rainfall during the reporting period);
- IV.L.2.(f). Dates of any corrective action system down time with explanations; Description of any minor modifications or repairs to the groundwater monitoring and corrective action systems.
- IV.L.2.(g). Detailed narrative evaluating and discussing the effectiveness of the corrective action system.

IV.L.3. Annual Report

On or before March 1 of each year, the Permittee shall submit a detailed annual report describing the effectiveness of the corrective action program for the previous calendar year. This report shall include, at a minimum, all of the elements required for the semi-annual report as described in Permit Condition IV.L.2. and the following:

- IV.L.3.(a). Detailed narrative evaluating and discussing the effectiveness of the corrective action system. This should include a discussion of time trend analyses to date for the past year plus the zone of capture and drawdown for the corrective action system. All portions of the groundwater contaminant plume located outside the zone of capture of the recovery system

must be identified. Improvements for achieving capture of all portions of the plume that exceed the GWPS (Table IV-B) must be discussed. Proposals for modification of the corrective action system must be submitted under separate cover;

- IV.L.3.(b). IV.L.3(c) Hydrographs for all point of compliance wells and strategic plume assessment wells (Table IV-A) depicting groundwater elevations through time. A table to reference actual calendar dates corresponding to sampling events shall also be submitted to aid in interpreting the hydrographs for each well. Nested wells may be included on the same hydrograph;
- IV.L.3.(c). Time verses concentration plots for a representative number of plume assessment wells identified in Table IV-A. These plots shall depict the concentration of total volatile organic compounds and any other specific parameter that may be pertinent to monitoring the effectiveness of the corrective action system;
- IV.L.3.(d). A statistical evaluation of water quality data and water elevation data for significant changes. This evaluation should be conducted on the point of compliance wells (Table IV-A) and a representative number of plume assessment wells;
- IV.L.3.(e). Hydrogeologic cross sections for each sampling event during the reporting period depicting the distribution of total volatile organic compounds and any other specific parameter that may be pertinent for monitoring the effectiveness of the corrective action system. At least one cross section should be oriented perpendicular through the point of compliance wells and include the background groundwater monitoring well.
- IV.L.3.(f). Determination of the extent and severity of groundwater contamination. This may be delineated on the large scale isoconcentration maps and cross sections;
- IV.L.3.(g). Table depicting all constituents from R.61-79.264 Appendix IX detected in groundwater samples since the initiation of interim status. This table should include, at minimum, well identification, date of sample collection, parameter detected, concentration levels, date of resample and analytical results;
- IV.L.3.(h). A table listing all production, groundwater recovery, and groundwater monitoring wells, along with pertinent construction details. This table must also list all wells installed, abandoned, resurveyed, or otherwise modified during the year. A map(s) should be included depicting the locations of the wells listed on this table.

IV.M. DUTY OF PERMITTEE

The Permittee shall assure that the groundwater monitoring and corrective action programs are in compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart F throughout the operating, closure, and post-closure periods.

IV.M.1. Permit Modification

If the Permittee at any time determines that the corrective action program required by this Permit no longer satisfies the requirements of R.61-79.264.100 and R.61-79.264.101 for releases of hazardous constituents listed in Table IV-B (GWPS) that originate from the regulated unit, the Permittee must within ninety (90) days submit an application for a permit modification to make any appropriate changes in the program, as required under R.61-79.264.100(h).

IV.M.2. Termination of Corrective Action

If the GWPS is met in accordance with R.61-79.264.100 and R.61-79.264.101, the Permittee may submit an application for a permit modification pursuant to R.61-79.270.41 to terminate the corrective action program and establish a groundwater compliance monitoring program.

TABLE IV-A
Monitoring Well System

<PermitOwner>
<PermitNumber>
<County>

GWRegUnit

Point of Compliance Wells	
Background Monitoring Wells	
Groundwater Recovery Wells	
Plume Assessment Wells	
Piezometers	

[Note: The permit writer may wish to include a table here listing all RCRA wells in numerical order. This second table is not currently referenced in any permit conditions, so it shouldn't hurt anything to include it. Including such a table may make it easier to keep up with wells at the facility, or to find a specific well. The permit writer should also note that the wells listed above are only for the regulated unit(s). Wells installed to assess SWMUs or AOCs should be listed in Module V AFTER a remedy has been chosen, and the groundwater monitoring schedule determined.]

TABLE IV-B

Groundwater Protection Standard

<PermitOwner>

<PermitNumber>

<County>

Constituent	Concentration Limit, mg/l

[Note: The permit writer should use the most recent versions of the documents referenced below.]

Footnotes for Table IV-B (Groundwater Protection Standard)

¹Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) as established pursuant to U.S. EPA Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories (Summer 2000 Update).

²Preliminary Remediation Goal for Tap Water as listed in the November 1, 2000 EPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goal Table.

³Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) as established pursuant to U.S. EPA Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories (Summer 2000 Update).

⁴Action Level as established pursuant to U.S. EPA Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories (Summer 2000 Update).

TABLE IV-C

Monitoring Well System

<PermitOwner>

<PermitNumber>

<County>

GWRegUnit

[Note: The Permit writer should specify the groundwater monitoring schedule here for the regulated unit(s). The format for the schedule is up to the permit writer, but we should try to maintain some consistency between permits. You should refer to previous permits as examples of formats. In any case, Table IV-B should be the groundwater monitoring schedule in the permit. Also the permit writer should be aware that Permit Condition V.E. requires submittal of a groundwater sampling schedule in the RFI Report for SWMUs/AOCs which have releases to groundwater.]

MODULE V - CONTAINERS

Module V.

[Note: The modules for Containers and Tanks should be located before the Corrective Action Module (usually Module V). Module numbers may change depending upon the specific facility requirements. The Permit writer should check to make sure that all modules are sequentially numbered and check the Permit Condition references]

V.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

A complete description of the container storage area(s) can be found in Section [___] of the approved Permit application.

V.B. PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED WASTE IDENTIFICATION

V.B.1. Permitted Waste

The Permittee may [specify store and/or treat] the following wastes in containers at the facility, subject to the terms of this Permit and as follows:

Container Storage Area(s)	Description of Hazardous Wastes	EPA Hazardous Waste Number	Maximum Volume [units]	Maximum Number and Type of Containers
<ConStorage>	<i>Examples: Waste Halogenated Solvents</i>	<CSHazWaste>	<i>Examples: 11,000</i>	<i>200 - 55 gal. drums</i>

V.B.2. Prohibited Waste

The Permittee is prohibited from storing and/or treating hazardous waste that is not identified in Permit Condition V.B.1.

V.C. CONDITION OF CONTAINERS

If a container holding hazardous waste is not in good condition (e.g., severe rusting, apparent structural defects) or if it begins to leak, the Permittee shall transfer the hazardous waste from such container to a container that is in good condition or otherwise manage the waste in compliance with the conditions of this Permit and the requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart I. [R.61-79.264.171]

V.D. COMPATIBILITY OF WASTE WITH CONTAINERS

The Permittee must use a container made of or lined with materials which will not react with, and are otherwise compatible with, the hazardous waste to be stored, so that the ability of the container to contain the waste is not impaired. [R.61-79.264.172]

V.E. MANAGEMENT OF CONTAINERS

The Permittee shall keep all containers closed during storage, except when it is

necessary to add or remove waste, and shall not open, handle, or store containers in a manner that may rupture the container or cause it to leak. [R.61-79.264.173]

V.F. CONTAINMENT SYSTEMS

The Permittee shall [construct and] maintain the containment system in accordance with R.61-79.264.175 and Section [] of the approved Permit application.

V.G. INSPECTION SCHEDULES AND PROCEDURES

The Permittee shall inspect the container area weekly (generally every seven days, not to exceed any nine day calendar interval), in accordance with the Inspection Schedule, included in Section [] of the approved Permit application, to detect leaking containers and deterioration of containers and the containment system caused by corrosion and other factors. [R.61-79.264.174]

V.H. RECORDKEEPING

The Permittee shall place the results of all waste analyses and trial tests and any other documentation showing compliance with the requirements of Permit Conditions V.J. and V.K and R.61-79.264.17(a) & (b) and 264.177 in the facility operating record. [R.61-79.264.73]

V.I. CLOSURE

At closure of the container area, the Permittee shall remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues from the containment system and surrounding areas, in accordance with the procedures in the approved Closure Plan contained in Section [] of the approved Permit application and R.61-79.264.112 and 264.178.

V.J. SPECIAL CONTAINER PROVISIONS FOR IGNITABLE OR REACTIVE WASTE

V.J.1. Ignitability or Reactive Waste Setback

The Permittee shall not locate containers holding ignitable or reactive waste within 15 meters (50 feet) of the facility's property line. [R.61-79.264.176]

V.J.2. Ignitability or Reactive Waste Precautions

The Permittee shall take precautions to prevent accidental ignition or reaction of ignitable or reactive waste and follow the procedures specified in Section [] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79.264.17(a) and 264.176]

V.K. SPECIAL CONTAINER PROVISIONS FOR INCOMPATIBLE WASTE

V.K.1. Placement in Same Container

The Permittee shall not place incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, in the same container unless R.61-79.264.17(b) is complied with and the procedures specified in Section [] of the approved Permit application are followed. [R.61-79.264.177(a)]

V.K.2. Placement in Unwashed Container

The Permittee shall not place hazardous waste in an unwashed container that previously held an incompatible waste or material. [R.61-79.264.177(b)]

V.K.3. Separation of Containers

The Permittee shall separate containers of incompatible wastes as required by R.61-79.264.177(c) and described in Section [__] of the approved Permit application.

V.L. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

Specific compliance dates for this module are included in Appendix D - Additional Compliance Dates.

MODULE VI - TANKS

Module VI.

[Note: This permit module should be included when the Permittee is storing or treating hazardous waste in tanks. The permit writer should specify in the title whether the module is for storage and/or treatment in tank systems. This module is based on the federal tank rule published in the Federal Register July 14, 1986, and on relevant guidances and policies issued to implement this rule. The definitions of existing and new tank systems under that rule are different from the definitions of existing and new facilities for the purposes of determining eligibility for interim status. Existing tank systems are defined as tank systems in operation on July 14, 1986, or for which installation commenced prior to July 14, 1986. A new tank system is defined as a tank system for which installation commenced after July 14, 1986. See R. 61-79.260.10 for more detailed definitions.]

[Note: In general, a single permit module should be used if multiple tank systems will be covered by the same Permit for a given facility. However, it is acceptable to include multiple tank system modules if, in the permit writer's judgment, the characteristics and permit conditions for each tank system are sufficiently different to warrant multiple modules.]

VI.A. MODULE HIGHLIGHTS

[The permit writer should include a general discussion of the activities covered by this module. The discussion should contain the following information: a brief description of each tank system, including feed systems, safety cut-offs, bypass systems, and pressure controls (e.g., valves); capacity of each tank system; whether the tank system (including ancillary equipment) is aboveground, in-ground, underground, or on-ground; age of existing tank system; general description of the types of wastes stored and/or treated; a brief description of any treatment processes; a description and capacity of the secondary containment system for each tank system; any unique or special features associated with the activity; and a reference to any special permit conditions.]

VI.B. PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED WASTE IDENTIFICATION

[Note: If the Permit for the facility is written for storage only, use Permit Conditions VI.B.1. and VI.B.3. If the facility performs only treatment in tanks, include Permit Conditions VI.B.2. and VI.B.4. If the facility performs both storage and treatment, use all Permit Conditions.]

VI.B.1. Permitted Waste Storage

The Permittee may store a total volume of _____ [gallons] of hazardous waste in [specify the number of tanks] tanks, subject to the terms of this Permit and as follows:

Tank No. & Location	Capacity [gallons]	Dimensions of Tank	Secondary Containment Required	Maximum Specific Gravity	Description of Hazardous Waste	Hazardous Waste No.
<stank>	<stcap>	<i>Examples: 8 ft (diam) x 21 ft</i>	<i>yes - in place</i>	<i>.89</i>	<i>Waste Organic Solvents</i>	<STHazWaste>
		<i>8 ft (diam) x 21 ft</i>	<i>yes - due by March 18, 1990</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>Wastewater Treatment Sludge</i>	
		<i>10 ft(diam) x 17 ft</i>	<i>yes - due by March 18, 1990</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>Wastewater Treatment Sludge</i>	

[Note: Under "Description of Hazardous Waste," the permit writer should provide only a brief generic description, not comprehensive characteristics, where a Hazardous Waste Number is provided for reference.]

VI.B.2. Permitted Waste Treatment

The Permittee may treat a total volume of _____ [i.e. gallons per day] of hazardous waste in [specify the number of tanks] tanks, subject to the terms of this Permit and as follows:

Tank No. & Location	Capacity [gallons]	Dimensions of Tank	Secondary Containment Required	Maximum Specific Gravity	Description of Hazardous Waste	Hazardous Waste No.
<ttank>	<TTCap>	<i>Examples: 10 ft (diam) x 21 ft</i>	<i>yes - in place</i>	<i>.92</i>	<i>Waste Organic Solvents</i>	<TTHazaste>
		<i>8 ft (diam) x 21 ft</i>	<i>yes - in place</i>	<i>1.2</i>	<i>Wastewater Treatment Sludge</i>	
		<i>10 ft(diam) x 17 ft</i>	<i>yes - due by March 18, 1990</i>	<i>1.1</i>	<i>Wastewater Treatment Sludge</i>	

[Note: Under "Description of Hazardous Waste," the permit writer should provide only a brief generic description, not comprehensive characteristics, where a Hazardous Waste Number is provided for reference.]

VI.B.3. Prohibited Waste Storage

The Permittee is prohibited from storing hazardous waste that is not identified in Permit Condition VI.B.1

[Note: The permit writer may also include here a list of specific wastes or materials that are prohibited.]

VI.B.4. Prohibited Waste Treatment

The Permittee is prohibited from treating hazardous waste that is not identified in Permit Condition VI.B.2

[Note: The permit writer may also include here a list of specific wastes or materials that are prohibited.]

VI.C. SECONDARY CONTAINMENT AND INTEGRITY ASSESSMENTS

[Note: The permit writer should include Permit Condition VI.C.1. for existing tank systems that do not have secondary containment and store materials that become hazardous waste in the future. If the Permittee is granted a variance from secondary containment requirements according to R.61-79.264.193(g), Permit Condition VI.C.2. applies; otherwise, the Permittee is subject to Permit Conditions VI.C.3. and VI.C.4. for existing tanks. (Tanks used solely to store or treat hazardous waste, which contain no free liquids and are situated inside a building with an impermeable floor, and tanks, including sumps, as defined in R.61-79.260.10, that serve as part of a secondary containment system to collect or contain releases of hazardous wastes are exempt from secondary containment requirements. [R.61-79.264.190(b)])]

VI.C.1. Tanks Systems Storing Newly Regulated Waste With No Secondary Containment

For tank systems used to store or treat materials that are defined as hazardous waste in the future, the Permittee must obtain a written assessment of the existing tank system integrity within 12 months from the date the waste is defined as hazardous. [R.61-79.264.191(c)] The assessment shall be certified by an independent, qualified, registered professional engineer. [R.61-79.264.191(a) and (b)]

VI.C.2. Tank Systems With A Secondary Containment Variance

The Permittee shall design, construct, operate, and maintain the tank system according to the detailed plans and reports contained in Section [____] of the approved Permit application to maintain the variance from the requirements for secondary containment. [R.61-79.264.193(g) and 264.193(h)(4)]

VI.C.3. Tank Systems With Secondary Containment

The Permittee shall design, construct, and operate the secondary containment system, in accordance with the detailed design plans and descriptions contained in Section [____] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79.264.193(b)-(f)]

[Note: The permit writer should include Permit Condition VI.C.3. for existing tanks with secondary containment.]

[Note: After VI.C.3 the permit writer may add a condition such as: "The permittee shall have an assessment performed in all new or replacement tank systems (unless the replacement is in-kind) as required by R.61-70.264.192. This assessment shall be submitted to the Department and approved prior to tank operation."]

[Note: Because the time frame for requiring secondary containment varies with the

age of the tank, available documentation regarding the tank age, or the waste handled, the permit writer should specify in Part B the date by which secondary containment is required for each tank system. See R.61-79.264.193(a) for the time frames by which secondary containment is required.]

VI.C.4. Tank Systems With A Schedule For Secondary Containment

The Permittee shall comply with the following conditions until such time as secondary containment that meets the requirements of R.61-79. 264.193 is in place:

[Note: Include Permit Conditions VI.C.4.(a)., VI.C.4.(c), and VI.C.4.(d). for non-enterable underground tanks; include Permit Conditions VI.C.4.(b), VI.C.4.(c)., and VI.C.4.(d). for all other tank systems.]

VI.C.4.(a). For non-enterable underground tanks, a leak test that meets the requirements of 264.191(b)(5)(i), or other tank integrity method approved or required by the Department, shall be conducted annually using the procedures in Section [____] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79. 264.193(i)(1)]

[Note: The permit writer may specify more frequent testing, if it is warranted, given the design, condition, and operation of the system.]

VI.C.4.(b). For other than non-enterable underground tanks, a leak test that meets the requirements of 264.191(b)(5)(ii), or other tank integrity method approved or required by the Department, must be conducted [____] using the procedures in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.[R.61-79. 264.193(i)(2)]

VI.C.4.(c). For ancillary equipment, a leak test that meets the requirements of 264.191(b)(5)(ii), or other integrity assessment approved or required by the Department, must be conducted annually using the procedures in Section [____] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79. 264.193(i)(3)]

[Note: The permit writer may specify more frequent testing, if it is warranted, given the design, condition, and operation of the system. The leak test, internal inspection, or other integrity examination must be performed during the 12-month period prior to the due date of the integrity assessment. The date the original leak test, internal inspection, etc. was performed becomes the anniversary date to perform subsequent tests.]

VI.C.4.(d). If a tank system or component is found to be leaking or unfit for use as a result of the leak test or assessment, the Permittee shall comply with Permit Condition VI.E. of this Permit and notify the Department, in accordance with Permit Condition VI.G. of this Permit. [R.61-79. 264.193(i)(4)]

VI.D. OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

VI.D.1. Damage Protection

The Permittee shall not place hazardous wastes or treatment reagents in the tank system if they could cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or a containment system to rupture, leak, corrode, or otherwise fail. The Permittee shall protect the tank systems from accelerated corrosion, erosion, or abrasion as required by R.61-79.264.194(a), and as specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

VI.D.2. Spill and Overflow Prevention

The Permittee shall use appropriate controls and practices to prevent spills and overflows from tanks or containment systems as required by R.61-79.264.194(b), and by the methods specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application.

VI.D.3. Air Emission Standards

The Permittee shall insure that all hazardous waste placed in tanks is managed so that compliance with R.61-79.264.200 is met.

VI.E. RESPONSE TO LEAKS OR SPILLS

In the event of a leak or a spill from the tank system, from a secondary containment system, or if a system becomes unfit for continued use, the Permittee shall remove the system from service immediately and complete the following actions: [R.61-79.264.196(a)-(f)]

VI.E.1. Spill or Leak Cessation

Stop the flow of hazardous waste into the system and inspect the system to determine the cause of the release.

VI.E.2. Spill or Leak Material Removal

Remove waste and accumulated precipitation from the system within 24 hours of the detection of the leak to prevent further release and to allow inspection and repair of the system. If the Permittee finds that it will be impossible to meet this time period, the Permittee shall notify the Department and demonstrate that the longer time period is required. If the collected material is a RCRA hazardous waste, it must be managed in accordance with all applicable requirements of R.61-79. Parts 262-264. The Permittee shall note that if the collected material is discharged through a point source to U.S. waters or to a POTW, it is subject to requirements of the Clean Water Act. If the collected material is released to the environment, it may be subject to reporting under 40 CFR Part 302.

[Note: The above permit condition may specify a time period that is more than 24 hrs. This would be part of the approved design.]

VI.E.3. Spill or Leak Cleanup

Contain visible releases to the environment. The Permittee shall immediately conduct a visual inspection of all releases to the environment and based on that inspection: (1) prevent further migration of the leak or spill to soils or surface water and (2) remove and properly dispose of any visible contamination of the soil or surface water.

VI.E.4. Tank System Closure or Repair

Close the system in accordance with the Closure Plan in Section [____] of the approved

Permit application unless the following actions are taken:

[Note: Include Permit Condition VI.E.4.(a). for all tank systems; Permit Condition VI.E.4.(b). for tank systems with secondary containment; Permit Condition VI.E.4.(c). for tank systems with components below- ground that do not have secondary containment; Permit Condition VI.E.4.(d). for tank systems with aboveground components that do not have secondary containment; and Permit Condition VI.E.4.(e). for tank systems with components that are not readily accessible for visual inspection (e.g., the bottom of an in-ground or on-ground tank. Permit Condition VI.E.4.(f) need only be used when Permit Conditions VI.E.4.c., VI.E.4.d., or VI.E.4.e. apply.]

- VI.E.4.(a). For a release caused by a spill that has not damaged the integrity of the system, the Permittee shall remove the released waste and make any necessary repairs to fully restore the integrity of the system before returning the tank system to service.
- VI.E.4.(b). For a release caused by a leak from the primary tank system to the secondary containment system, the Permittee shall repair the primary system prior to returning it to service.
- VI.E.4.(c). For a release to the environment caused by a leak from a component of the tank system that is below ground and does not have secondary containment, the Permittee must provide this component with secondary containment that meets the requirements of R.61-79.264.193 before the component can be returned to service.
- VI.E.4.(d). For a release to the environment caused by a leak from the aboveground portion of the tank system that does not have secondary containment, and can be visually inspected, the Permittee shall repair the tank system before returning it to service.
- VI.E.4.(e). For a release to the environment caused by a leak from the portion of the tank system component that is not readily available for visual inspection, the Permittee shall provide secondary containment that meets the requirements of R.61-79. 264.193 before the component can be returned to service.
- VI.E.4.(f). If the Permittee replaces a component of the tank system to eliminate the leak, that component must satisfy the requirements for new tank systems or components in R.61-79.264.192 and 264.193.

VI.E.5. Tank System Repair Certification

For all major repairs to eliminate leaks or restore the integrity of the tank system, the Permittee must obtain a certification by an independent, qualified, registered professional engineer that the repaired system is capable of handling hazardous wastes

without release for the intended life of the system before returning the system to service. Examples of major repairs are: installation of an internal liner, repair of a ruptured tank, or repair or replacement of a secondary containment vault.

VI.F. INSPECTION SCHEDULES AND PROCEDURES

[Note: The permit writer may require more frequent inspections for the tank system if necessary.]

VI.F.1. Inspection Schedule

The Permittee shall inspect the tank systems, in accordance with the Inspection Schedule, in Section [___] of the approved Permit application, and shall complete the items in Permit Conditions VI.F.2. and VI.F.3. as part of those inspections:

VI.F.2. Overfill Control Inspection

Permittee shall inspect the overfill controls, in accordance with the Inspection Schedule in Section [___] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79. 264.195(a)]

VI.F.3. Other Tank System Component Inspection

The Permittee shall inspect the following components of the tank system once each operating day: [R.61-79. 264.195(b)]

- VI.F.3.(a). Aboveground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste;
- VI.F.3.(b). Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (e.g., pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design;
- VI.F.3.(c). Construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system, to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation).

[Note: Permit Condition VI.F.4. should be used only if a cathodic protection system is used.]

VI.F.4. Cathodic Protection System Inspection

The Permittee shall inspect cathodic protection systems, in accordance with the following schedule: [R.61-79. 264.195(c)]

- VI.F.4.(a). The proper operation of the cathodic protection system must be confirmed within six months from initial installation and annually thereafter and
- VI.F.4.(b). All sources of impressed current must be inspected and tested every other month.

[Note: The permit writer may require more frequent inspections for cathodic

protection systems, if necessary.]

VI.F.5. Cathodic Protection System Inspection Documentation

The Permittee shall document compliance with Permit Conditions VI.F.2. through VI.F.4. and place this documentation in the operating record for the facility. [R.61-79.264.195(d)]

[Note: The following permit conditions were written to address a typical vertical tank. The conditions should be customized as necessary to address the types of tanks to be permitted, i.e., alternate shapes, construction materials, etc.]

VI.F.6. Minimum Tank Wall Thickness

The Permittee shall construct and/or maintain all new and existing tanks systems in accordance with all applicable requirements of R.61-79.264 Subpart J, and as specified in the plans and specifications contained in Section [___] of the approved Permit application. The Department requires that a minimum shell, bottom, and top thickness as specified in the approved Permit application be maintained at all times to ensure sufficient tank integrity.

VI.F.7. Measurement of Tank Wall Thickness

The Permittee shall measure tank shell and bottom thickness annually. The top thickness of tanks shall be measured every two years. Records of all measurements and an annual assessment of remaining tank life shall be kept in the operating record for the life of the tank. Specifically:

[Note: Permit Condition VI.F.7 can be customized to reflect measurement frequencies the permit writer deems appropriate. The permit writer may choose to require tank top measurements depending on the tank type and operating conditions.]

- VI.F.7.(a). Testing must be done by an individual trained in the use of shell thickness measuring equipment.
- VI.F.7.(b). Measurements shall be concentrated at areas that are most likely to be in frequent contact with stored liquid.
- VI.F.7.(c). At a minimum, measurements shall be made as follows:
 - VI.F.7.(c)(i) For the tank wall, take measurements along three vertical rows spaced 120 degrees apart, at no greater than 2-foot vertical intervals. At least one measurement in each row shall be taken within one foot of the bottom of the tank. Measurements shall be concentrated near the most common liquid level of the tank.
 - VI.F.7.(c)(ii) For the tank bottom measurements, take no fewer than four measurements, at least two feet from the center point of the tank bottom, spaced at 90-degree intervals.

VI.F.7.(c)(iii) At least 25% of all measurements must be taken within one inch of high-stress areas (i.e. seam or heat-affected zone), if possible.

[Note: The permit writer may choose to require tank top measurements depending upon the tank type and operating conditions.]

VI.F.7.(d). Permanent test points on exterior surfaces must be selected in accordance with the above criteria and permanently marked to assure consistency of measurement and give a valid indication of any thickness reduction.

[Note: Measurement frequency of bottom and top thickness is at the discretion of the permit writer, according to the operations at the facility.]

VI.F.8. Visual Tank Inspection

The Permittee shall open the tanks every two years for visual inspection. Prior to the tank inspection, the tank shall be emptied of sludges, residual liquids, gases and fumes (see Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements relating to entry of tanks for inspection). Records of the visual inspections shall be kept in the operating record for the life of the tank and used in the assessment of the remaining tank life.

VI.G. RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

VI.G.1. Immediate Tank or Spill Report

The Permittee shall report to the Department, within 24 hours of detection, when a leak or spill occurs from the tank system or secondary containment system to the environment. [R.61-79. 264.196(d)(1)] (A leak or spill of one pound or less of hazardous waste, that is immediately contained and cleaned-up, need not be reported.) [R.61-79. 264.196(d)(2)] (Releases that are contained within a secondary containment system need not be reported). If the Permittee has reported the release pursuant to 40 CFR Part 302, this report satisfies the requirements of this Permit Condition. [R.61-79. 264.196(d)(1)]

VI.G.2. Followup Leak or Spill Report

Within 30 days of detecting a release to the environment from the tank system or secondary containment system, the Permittee shall report the following information to the Department: [R.61-79. 264.196(d)(3)]

VI.G.2.(a). Likely route of migration of the release;

VI.G.2.(b). Characteristics of the surrounding soil (including soil composition, geology, hydrogeology, and climate);

VI.G.2.(c). Results of any monitoring or sampling conducted in connection with the release. If the Permittee finds it will be impossible to meet this time period, the Permittee should provide the Department with a schedule of when the results will be available. This schedule must be provided before the required 30-day submittal period expires;

VI.G.2.(d). Proximity of downgradient drinking water, surface water, and populated areas; and

VI.G.2.(e). Description of response actions taken or planned,

VI.G.3. Tank System Repair Certification

The Permittee shall submit to the Department all certifications of major repairs to correct leaks within seven days from returning the tank system to use. [R.61-79. 264.196(f)]

VI.G.4. Design and Installation Certification

The Permittee shall obtain, and keep on file at the facility, the written statements by those persons required to certify the design and installation of the tank system. [R.61-79. 264.192(g)]

VI.G.5. Tank System Integrity Assessment

The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility the written assessment of the tank system's integrity. [R.61-79.264.191(a)]

VI.G.6. Record of Leak and Integrity Tests

The Permittee shall maintain at the facility a record of the results of leak tests and integrity tests conducted, in accordance with Permit Conditions [specify Permit Conditions VI.C.4.a through VI.C.4.c, as applicable.]

VI.H. CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE

[Note: Since all tanks are required to seek clean closure, Permit Condition VI.H.1. applies to all tanks. The permit writer should include Permit Condition VI.H.2. in all tank permits as a contingency in case the tank cannot be “clean” closed at the time of closure.]

VI.H.1. Closure Procedures

At closure of the tank system(s), the Permittee shall follow the procedures in the Closure Plan in Section [____] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79. 264.197(a)]

VI.H.2. Inability to Close By Removal Or Decontamination

If the Permittee demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practically removed or decontaminated, in accordance with the Closure Plan, then the Permittee shall close the tank system(s) and perform post-closure care following the contingent procedures in the Closure Plan and in the Post-Closure Plan in Section [____] of the approved Permit application. [R.61-79. 264.197(b) and (c)]

[Note: A contingent post-closure plan is required at the time a permit is issued for tank systems that do not have secondary containment. Permit Condition VI.H.2 above is written for tank systems without secondary containment. If a secondary containment system is in place, a contingent post-closure plan will not be required until such a time as it becomes apparent that clean closure cannot be achieved. This post closure will be in accordance with R. 61-79.310 that applies to landfills. In this instance, Permit Condition VI.H.2 should be written as follows:

If the Permittee demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practically removed or decontaminated in accordance with the Closure Plan, then the Permittee shall close the tank system(s) and perform postclosure care in accordance with the closure and postclosure care requirements that apply to landfills (i.e. R.61-79.264.310)]

[Note: The permit writer should use the Post-Closure Permit Module to define the requirements that the permittee shall follow for post-closure care.]

VI.I. SPECIAL TANK PROVISIONS FOR IGNITABLE OR REACTIVE WASTES

[Note: The permit writer should include this section if ignitable or reactive wastes are treated or stored in the tank system.]

VI.I.1. Ignitable or Reactive Waste Placement

The Permittee shall not place ignitable or reactive waste in the tank system or in the secondary containment system, unless the procedures specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application are followed. [R.61-79. 264.198(a)]

[Note: Per R.61-79.264.198(a), the permittee shall not place ignitable or reactive waste in the tank system, unless the waste is treated, rendered, or mixed before or immediately after placement in the tank system, so that: (a) the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolved material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste in R.61-79.261.21 or 261.23 (The General Requirements for Ignitable and Reactive Wastes) and the precautions in R.61-70.264.17(b) are complied with; (b) the waste is managed in such a way that it is protected from any materials or conditions which may cause it to ignite or react; or (c) the tank system is used solely for emergencies.]

VI.I.2. Ignitable or Reactive Waste Setbacks

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements for the maintenance of protective distances between the waste management area and any public ways, streets, alleys, or an adjoining property that can be built upon, as required in Tables 2-1 through 2-6 of the National Fire Protection Association's "Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code" (1977 or 1981). [R.61-79. 264.198(b)]

VI.J. SPECIAL TANK PROVISIONS FOR INCOMPATIBLE WASTES

VI.J.1. Placement In Same Tank

The Permittee shall not place incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, in the same tank system or the same secondary containment system, unless the procedures specified in Section [____] of the approved Permit application are followed. [R.61-79. 264.199(a)]

VI.J.2. Placement in Undecontaminated Tank

The Permittee shall not place hazardous waste in a tank system that has not been decontaminated and that previously held an incompatible waste or material, unless the requirements of Permit Condition VI.J.1. are met. [R.61-79. 264.199(b)]

VI.K. COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

[Note: The permit writer should include this section if the permittee is required to complete specific steps within a specific time period, beyond those covered by other conditions of the Permit, as a criteria for retaining this Operating Permit. Compliance schedules are generally used in cases where requirements that are supposed to be met by the permittee before the Permit is issued are deferred for good cause until after permit issuance. Appropriate compliance schedules included in the approved Part B Permit Application should be attached to, or incorporated in, the Permit. If the application does not include a compliance schedule, the permit writer should prepare one and attach it to the Permit. Each compliance schedule should have at least two columns - one identifying the activity and one identifying the milestone or completion dates. The following is an example of a condition that may apply for a tank system.]

The Permittee shall provide the following information to the Department:

Item	Date Due to the Department
<i>Example: 1. ABC Engineering Design Report on the Above-ground Secondary Containment System for Tank System B (CF-102 and CF-103)</i>	<i>As required</i>
<i>2. Documentation that a high-level alarm was installed on Tank System A (CF, 101)</i>	<i>As required</i>
<i>3. As-built construction drawings for the secondary containment system for Tank System B</i>	<i>As required</i>

MODULE VII - CORRECTIVE ACTION FOR SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNITS & AREAS OF CONCERN

Module VII.

[Note: The Permit writer should bear in mind that the corrective action module in the model permit should be considered to be a "generic" version of the corrective action process. This means that the model permit assumes that a facility will proceed through all of the steps of the corrective action process (RFA, CSI, RFI, CMS, CMI) in a linear fashion. However, as stressed repeatedly in the RCRA Corrective Action Plan (1994), the Permit writer may tailor the corrective action process to fit the specific situations encountered at a facility. For example, for a simple facility with only a few SWMUs, it should be possible to proceed concurrently with the RFI and CMS. Thus, when the RFI is completed, it may only be a matter of approving a corrective measure, writing a Statement of Basis, and implementing a remedy. The Permit writer may look for ways to streamline the process, wherever it is logical to do so, without compromising the integrity of the work completed or public involvement. On the other hand, for a more complex facility with a large number of SWMUs, it is probably necessary to follow all of the steps in the corrective action process to ensure a thorough examination of potential remedies for all SWMUs. The Permit writer is encouraged to discuss specific situations with peers and your manager.]

VII.A. APPLICABILITY

The objective of the corrective action program at a hazardous waste management facility is to evaluate the nature and extent of releases of hazardous waste and/or constituents, and if necessary, implement corrective measures to protect human health and the environment. The Permittee is required to implement corrective action in accordance with R.61-79.264.101 and the conditions of this Permit. The Permittee shall follow applicable guidance, including but not limited to the RCRA Corrective Action Plan, EPA 520-R-94-004, dated May 1994 (most recent version).

The Permit Conditions of this Module apply to:

VII.A.1. SWMUs and AOCs Identified by the RFA:

The solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) identified by the initial RCRA Facility Assessment, any subsequent investigations, or other means, as listed in Appendix A - Solid Waste Management Unit and Area of Concern Summary.

[Note: Appendix A should be separated into individual tables for each category in which a SWMU or AOC can be placed such as RFI, CS, CMS, NFA, IM, RS. The first table should be a comprehensive list of all SWMUs and AOCs.]

VII.A.2. Additional SWMUs or AOCs

Any additional SWMUs or AOCs discovered during the course of groundwater monitoring, field investigations, environmental audits, or other means. As used in this part of the Permit, the terms "discover",

“discovery”, or “discovered” refer to the date on which the Permittee or a Department representative either, (1) visually observes evidence of a new SWMU or AOC, (2) visually observes evidence of a previously unidentified release of hazardous constituents to the environment, or (3) receives information which suggests the presence of a new release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents to the environment.

VII.A.3. Contamination Beyond Facility Boundary

The Permittee shall implement corrective actions beyond the facility boundary where necessary to protect human health and the environment, unless the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Department that, despite the Permittee's best efforts, as determined by the Department, the Permittee was unable to obtain the necessary permission to undertake such actions. The Permittee is not relieved of all responsibility to clean up a release that has migrated beyond the facility boundary where off site access is denied. On-site measures to address such releases will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Assurances of financial responsibility for completion of such off-site corrective action will be required.

VII.B. NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWLY IDENTIFIED SWMUs AND AOCs

VII.B.1. Notification

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing, within fifteen (15) calendar days of discovery, of any additional AOCs and/or SWMUs as discovered under Permit Condition VII.A.2. The notification shall include, at a minimum, a unique sequential identification number, the location of the SWMU or AOC and all available information pertaining to the nature of the release (e.g., media affected, hazardous constituents released, magnitude of release, etc.).

VII.B.2. Assessment Report

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department, within ninety (90) calendar days of notification, an Assessment Report (AR) for each SWMU or AOC identified under Permit Condition VII.B.1. At a minimum, the AR shall provide the following information:

- VII.B.2.(a). The unique sequential identification for the SWMU or AOC.
- VII.B.2.(b). Location of unit(s) on a topographic map of appropriate scale such as required under R.61-79.270.14(b)(19).
- VII.B.2.(c). Designation of type and function of unit(s).
- VII.B.2.(d). General dimensions, capacities and structural description of unit(s) (supply any available plans/drawings).

VII.B.2.(e). Dates that the unit(s) was(were) operated.

VII.B.2.(f). Specification of all wastes that have been managed at/in the unit(s) to the extent available. Include any available data on R.61-79.261, Appendix VIII constituents contained in the wastes.

VII.B.2.(g). All available information pertaining to any release of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from such unit(s) (to include groundwater, soil, air, surface water, and/or sediment data).

VII.B.3. Department Determination

The Department or the Permittee shall determine the need for further investigations at the SWMUs or AOCs covered in the AR. If the Department determines that such investigations are needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Conditions VII.D and/or VII.E. If the Department determines that further investigation of a SWMU or AOC is required, the Permit will be modified in accordance with R.61-79.270 Subpart D.

VII.C. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWLY DISCOVERED RELEASES AT PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED SWMUs or AOCs

VII.C.1. Notification

The Permittee shall notify the Department in writing of any newly discovered release(s) of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents at previously identified SWMUs or AOCs during the course of groundwater monitoring, field investigations, environmental audits, or other means, within fifteen (15) calendar days of discovery. Such newly discovered releases may be from SWMUs or AOCs identified in Permit Condition VII.A.1 or SWMUs or AOCs identified in Permit Condition VII.A.2. The notification shall include all available information pertaining to the nature of the release (e.g. media affected, hazardous constituents released, magnitude of release, etc.).

VII.C.2. Plan for Investigation

If the Department or the Permittee determines that further investigation of the SWMUs or AOCs is needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Condition VII.D or VII.E.

VII.D. CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING (CS)

VII.D.1. CS Workplan

The Permittee shall prepare and submit a Confirmatory Sampling (CS) Workplan to the Department within forty five (45) calendar days of the effective date of this Permit or notification by the Department. The CS Workplan must determine any releases from SWMUs or

AOCs identified in Permit Conditions VII.A.1. and VII.A.2. and Appendix A-3 or as required by Permit Condition VII.B.3. or VII.C.2. The CS Workplan shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to determine whether a release has occurred.

VII.D.2. Approval Required

The CS Workplan must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the CS Workplan in the letter approving the CS Workplan or within sixty (60) days if a time frame is not provided. If the Department disapproves the CS Workplan, the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the CS Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised CS Workplan; (2) revise the CS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions, or; (3) conditionally approve the CS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VII.D.3. Implementation

The Permittee shall implement the confirmatory sampling in accordance with the approved CS Workplan.

VII.D.4. CS Report

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department in accordance with the schedule in the approved CS Workplan, a Confirmatory Sampling (CS) Report for SWMUs or AOCs listed in Permit Conditions VII.A.1 and VII.A.2. and Appendix A-3, or as required by Permit Condition VII.B.3 or VII.C, that have released hazardous waste or hazardous constituents into the environment. The CS Report shall include all data, including raw data, and an analysis and summary of the data that supports the above determination.

VII.D.5. Department Determination

Based on the results of the CS Report, the Department shall determine the need for further investigations at the SWMUs or AOCs covered in the CS Report. If the Department determines that such investigations are needed, the Permittee shall be required to prepare a plan for such investigations as outlined in Permit Condition VII.E. The Department shall notify the Permittee of any no further action decision.

VII.E. RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI)

VII.E.1. RFI Workplan

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department within ninety (90) days of the effective date of this Permit a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Workplan(s) for those units identified in Permit Condition VII.A. This Workplan shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VII.E.

VII.E.2. RFI Workplan for Newly Identified SWMUs and AOCs

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department within ninety (90) calendar days of notification by the Department, a RFI Workplan for those units identified under Permit Conditions VII.B.3, VII.C.2 or VII.D.5. The RFI Workplan(s) shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VII.E.3.

VII.E.3. Required Contents

The RFI Workplan(s) shall meet the requirements of Appendix B - RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Workplan Outline. The Permittee shall provide sufficient written justification for any omissions or deviations from any requirements of Appendix B. Such omissions or deviations are subject to the approval of the Department.

The RFI Workplan(s) shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to determine the nature and extent of releases and the potential pathways of contaminant releases to air, land, surface water, and groundwater. The Permittee must provide sufficient justification and/or documentation that a release is not probable if a unit or a media/pathway associated with a unit (groundwater, surface water, sediment, soil, air or subsurface gas) is not included in the RFI Workplan(s). Such deletions of a unit, media or pathway from the RFI(s) are subject to the approval of the Department. In addition, the scope of the RFI Workplan(s) shall include all investigations necessary to ensure compliance with R.61-79.264.101(c).

VII.E.4. Department Approval

The RFI Workplan(s) must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the RFI Workplan schedule in the letter approving the RFI Workplan(s). If the Department disapproves the RFI Workplan(s), the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the RFI Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised RFI Workplan; (2) revise the RFI Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions and the start date of the schedule within the approved RFI Workplan, or; (3) conditionally approve the RFI Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VII.E.5. RFI Implementation

The Permittee shall implement the RFI(s) in accordance with the approved RFI Workplan(s). The Permittee shall notify the Department at least twenty (20) days prior to any sampling activity.

VII.E.6. RFI Progress Reports

If the time required to conduct the RFI(s) is greater than one hundred eighty (180) calendar days, the Permittee shall provide the Department with quarterly RFI Progress Reports (90 day intervals)

beginning ninety (90) calendar days from the start date specified by the Department in the RFI Workplan approval letter. The Progress Reports shall contain the following information at a minimum:

- VII.E.6.(a). A description of the portion of the RFI completed;
- VII.E.6.(b). Summaries of findings;
- VII.E.6.(c). Summaries of any deviations from the approved RFI Workplan during the reporting period;
- VII.E.6.(d). Summaries of any significant contacts with local community public interest groups or State government;
- VII.E.6.(e). Summaries of any problems encountered during the reporting period;
- VII.E.6.(f). Actions taken to rectify problems;
- VII.E.6.(g). Changes in relevant personnel;
- VII.E.6.(h). Projected work for the next reporting period.

VII.E.7. RFI Report

The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department a RCRA Facility Investigation Report(s) for the investigations conducted pursuant to the RFI Workplan(s) submitted under Permit Condition VII.E.1 or Permit Condition VII.E.2. The RFI Report(s) shall be submitted to the Department for review in accordance with the schedule in the approved RFI Workplan(s). Any revised RFI Report(s) shall be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the Department's comments. The RFI Report(s) shall include an analysis and summary of all required investigations of SWMUs and AOCs and their results. The summary shall describe the type and extent of contamination at the facility, including sources and migration pathways, identify all hazardous constituents present in all media, and describe actual or potential receptors. The RFI Report(s) shall also describe the extent of contamination (qualitative/quantitative) in relation to background levels indicative of the area. The objective of this task shall be to ensure that the investigation data are sufficient in quality (e.g., quality assurance procedures have been followed) and quantity to describe the nature and extent of contamination, potential threat to human health and/or the environment, and to support a Corrective Measures Study (CMS), if necessary.

The RFI Report(s) shall propose a groundwater monitoring and reporting schedule for those SWMUs and/or AOCs at which groundwater contamination has been detected. Routine monitoring will be continued at these units until a remedy selection decision is made by the Department.

VII.E.8. Department Notification

The Department will review the RFI Report(s) and shall notify the Permittee of the need for further investigation, if necessary; and if appropriate, the need for a CMS to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VII.G. and R.61-79.264.101.

VII.F. INTERIM MEASURES (IM)

VII.F.1. IM Workplan

VII.F.1.(a). Upon notification by the Department, the Permittee shall prepare and submit an Interim Measures (IM) Workplan for any SWMU or AOC that poses a current or potential threat to human health and the environment. The Permittee may submit an IM Workplan for approval prior to notification by the Department. The Permittee shall comply with the reporting requirements of Permit Condition VII.F.3.

IM are necessary in order to minimize or prevent the further migration of contaminants thereby limiting current and future potential for human and environmental exposure to contaminants while long-term corrective action remedies are evaluated and, if necessary, implemented. The IM Workplan shall be submitted within thirty (30) calendar days of notification by the Department and shall include the elements listed in Permit Condition VII.F.1.(b). Such interim measures may be conducted concurrently with investigation required under the terms of this Permit.

VII.F.1.(b). The IM Workplan shall ensure that the interim measures are designed to mitigate any current or potential threat(s) to human health or the environment and is consistent with and integrated into any long-term solution at the facility. The IM Workplan shall include: the interim measures objectives, procedures for implementation (including any designs, plans, or specifications), and schedules for implementation.

VII.F.1.(c). The IM Workplan must be approved by the Department, in writing, prior to implementation. The Department shall specify the start date of the IM Workplan schedule in the letter approving the IM Workplan. If the Department disapproves the IM Workplan, the Department shall: (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the IM Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submission of a revised IM Workplan; (2) revise the IM Workplan and notify the permittee of the revisions and the start date of the schedule within the approved IM Workplan, or; (3) conditionally approve the IM Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VII.F.2. IM Implementation

- VII.F.2.(a). The Permittee shall implement interim measures in accordance with the approved IM Workplan.
- VII.F.2.(b). The Permittee shall give notice to the Department prior to any changes, reductions or additions to the IM Workplan.
- VII.F.2.(c). Final approval of corrective action required under R.61-79.264.101 which is achieved through interim measures shall be in accordance with R.61-79.270.41 and Permit Condition VII.H. as a permit modification.

VII.F.3. IM Reports

- VII.F.3.(a). If the time required for completion of interim measures is greater than one year, the Permittee shall provide the Department with progress reports at intervals specified in the approved workplan. The Progress Reports shall contain the following information at a minimum:
 - VII.F.3.(a)(i) A description of the portion of the interim measures completed;
 - VII.F.3.(a)(ii) Summaries of findings;
 - VII.F.3.(a)(iii) Summaries of any deviations from the IM Workplan during the reporting period;
 - VII.F.3.(a)(iv) Summaries of any problems encountered during the reporting period; and
 - VII.F.3.(a)(v) Projected work for the next reporting period.
- VII.F.3.(b). The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department, within ninety (90) calendar days of completion of interim measures conducted under Permit Condition VII.F an Interim Measures (IM) Report. The IM Report shall contain the following information at a minimum:
 - VII.F.3.(b)(i) A description of interim measures implemented;
 - VII.F.3.(b)(ii) Summaries of results;
 - VII.F.3.(b)(iii) Summaries of all problems encountered;
 - VII.F.3.(b)(iv) Summaries of accomplishments and/or effectiveness of interim measures; and
 - VII.F.3.(b)(v) Copies of all relevant laboratory/monitoring data, etc. in accordance with Permit Condition I.E.9.

VII.G. CORRECTIVE MEASURES STUDY

VII.G.1. Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Workplan

VII.G.1.(a). The Permittee shall prepare and submit a CMS Workplan for those units requiring a CMS within ninety (90) calendar days of notification by the Department that a CMS is required. This CMS Workplan shall be developed to meet the requirements of Permit Condition VII.G.1.(b). The CMS may be performed concurrent with the RFI if the Department determines that sufficient investigative details are available to allow concurrent action.

VII.G.1.(b). The CMS Workplan shall meet the requirements of Appendix C - Corrective Measure Study (CMS) Outline, at a minimum. The CMS Workplan shall include schedules of implementation and completion of specific actions necessary to complete a CMS. The Permittee must provide sufficient written justification and documentation for any unit deleted from the CMS Workplan. Such deletion of a unit is subject to the approval of the Department. The CMS shall be conducted in accordance with the approved CMS Workplan. The Permittee shall provide sufficient written justification for any omissions or deviations from the minimum requirements of Appendix C. Such omissions or deviations are subject to the approval of the Department. The scope of the CMS Workplan shall include all investigations necessary to ensure compliance with R.61-79.264.101, 264.552, 264.553 and 270.32(b)(2). The Permittee shall implement corrective actions beyond the facility boundary, as set forth in Permit Condition VII.A.3.

VII.G.1.(c). If the Department disapproves the CMS Workplan, the Department shall; (1) notify the Permittee in writing of the CMS Workplan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised CMS Workplan; (2) revise the CMS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the revisions, or; (3) conditionally approve the CMS Workplan and notify the Permittee of the conditions.

VII.G.2. Corrective Measures Study Implementation

The Permittee shall implement the Corrective Measures Study according to the schedules specified in the CMS Workplan, or no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the Permittee has received written approval from the Department for the CMS Workplan. The CMS shall be conducted in accordance with the approved CMS Workplan.

VII.G.3. CMS Report

VII.G.3.(a). The Permittee shall prepare and submit to the Department a CMS Report for the study conducted pursuant to the approved CMS Workplan. The CMS Report shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with the schedule in the approved CMS Workplan. Any revised CMS Report(s) shall be

submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments. The CMS Report shall summarize any bench-scale or pilot tests conducted. The CMS Report must include an evaluation of each remedial alternative. The CMS Report shall present all information gathered under the approved CMS Workplan. The CMS Report must contain adequate information to support the Department's decision on the recommended remedy, described under Permit Condition VII.H.

VII.G.3.(b). If the Department determines that the CMS Report does not fully satisfy the information requirements specified under Permit Condition VII.G.3.(a), the Department may disapprove the CMS Report. If the Department disapproves the CMS Report, the Department shall notify the Permittee in writing of the deficiencies in the CMS Report and specify a due date for submittal of a revised CMS Report. The Department will notify the Permittee of any no further action decision.

VII.G.3.(c). As specified under Permit Condition VII.G.3.(b) based on preliminary results and the CMS Report, the Department may require the Permittee to evaluate additional remedies or particular elements of one or more proposed remedies.

VII.H. REMEDY APPROVAL AND PERMIT MODIFICATION

VII.H.1. Remedy Selection

The Department shall select a remedy from the remedial alternatives evaluated in the CMS. The selection will be based at a minimum on protection of human health and the environment, as per specific site conditions, existing regulations, and guidance. The selected remedy may include any interim measures implemented to date.

[Refer to introduction to the model permit for direction on omitting/including Statement of Basis language. If removed, the schedule of compliance should be revised accordingly.]

VII.H.2. Statement of Basis

Upon approval of the CMS Report or other Department decision *[i.e. NFA]*, the Permittee shall prepare a draft Statement of Basis that provides a summary and justification of the selected remedy. The Statement of Basis should be written following EPA guidance "Guidance on RCRA Corrective Action Decision Documents: The Statement of Basis, Final Decision and Response to Comments," February 1991, EPA/540/G-91/011, (or most recent version) or other Department approved guidance, and should include information on the proposed remedy, facility background, exposure pathways, cleanup goals, the scope of the corrective action, the remedial alternatives considered, an evaluation of those alternatives, and public

participation. The Statement of Basis shall be submitted to the Department in draft form within the time frame specified in the letter from the Department that notifies the Permittee that the CMS Report is approved or within thirty (30) days if a time frame is not provided. The Department shall notify the Permittee of deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised Statement of Basis or revise and finalize the Statement of Basis.

[Note: The Permit writer should avoid requesting a revised Statement of Basis unless it is grossly deficient. The Permit writer should also consider requesting the SOB to be submitted electronically for ease of revision.]

VII.H.3. Permit Modification

Pursuant to R.61-79.270.41, a permit modification will be initiated by the Department after recommendation of a remedy under Permit Condition VII.H.1. This modification will serve to incorporate a final remedy into this Permit.

VII.H.4. Financial Assurance

Within one hundred and twenty (120) calendar days after this Permit has been modified for remedy selection, the Permittee shall demonstrate financial assurance for completing the approved remedy. The mechanism for financial assurance shall be one that is allowable under R.61-79.264 Subpart H.

VII.I. CORRECTIVE MEASURES IMPLEMENTATION (CMI)

VII.I.1. CMI Workplan

[The permit writer may choose to alter the time frame for submittal of CMI Workplan based on the complexity of the remedy. The schedule of compliance must be modified accordingly.]

Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the Permit modification for the remedy selection, unless otherwise agreed by the Department, the Permittee shall prepare and submit a Corrective Measures Implementation (CMI) Workplan for the SWMUs or AOCs listed in Appendix A-7 - SWMUs and AOCs in Corrective Action. At a minimum, this workplan shall include the following:

- VII.I.1.(a). A description of the conceptual design, technical features (e.g. Plans and Specifications) and a Construction Plan for the selected remedy(ies) to achieve media cleanup standards protective of human health and the environment, controlling the source(s) of release, and complying with standards for the management of wastes and any remedial residues.

[Note: A Public Involvement Strategy Plan may be required in the CMI Workplan if the facility is controversial.]

VII.I.1.(b). A proposed schedule that takes into account all phases of the CMI. The schedule should also include the submittal of documents to support the CMI (e.g. Operation and Maintenance Plan, Construction Completion Report, etc.) as described in Permit Conditions VII.I.2. and VII.I.4.

VII.I.1.(c). Requirements for removal and decontamination of units, equipment, devices or structures that will be used to implement the remedy(ies).

VII.I.2. Operation and Maintenance Plan

An Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&MP) shall be submitted to the Department in accordance with the schedule required by Permit Condition VII.I.1.(b). The O&MP, at a minimum, shall include the following:

VII.I.2.(a). A system description, startup procedures, operation and maintenance procedures and schedule of inspection and maintenance;

VII.I.2.(b). Waste management practices, sampling and analysis required for operation and contingency procedures;

VII.I.2.(c). A description of the Corrective Measure(s) completion criteria and the method to be used to show when the criteria are met; and

VII.I.2.(d). For remedies with Land Use Controls, the Operation and Maintenance Plan should include the requirements of Permit Condition VII.I.5.

VII.I.3. Department Approval

All Plans required for the CMI phase, required by Permit Condition VII.I. must be approved, in writing, by the Department prior to implementation, in accordance with Permit Condition VII.K.1

VII.I.4. Construction Completion Report

A Construction Completion Report (CCR) shall be submitted to the Department, in accordance with the schedule required by Permit Condition VII.I.1.(b), that demonstrates the completion of the remedy construction in accordance with approved plans and specifications. The CCR shall be submitted when all operational tests have been completed. Any necessary documentation required by the Department shall be included in this report.

VII.I.5. Remedy with Land Use Controls

[NOTE: Use the following language if there is currently no land use controls selected:]

When corrective measures incorporate land use controls as part of the selected remedy, the following information should be provided:

[NOTE: Use the following text if land use controls have been selected:]

The SWMUs and AOCs for which land use controls are selected as an integral part of the final remedy are listed in Appendix A-8 - SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Land Use Controls. When corrective measures incorporate land use controls as part of the selected remedy, the following information should be provided:

- VII.I.5.(a). The name, address and phone number of the person to contact about the SWMU or AOC;
- VII.I.5.(b). Any necessary security provisions consistent with R.61-79.264.117(b) to prevent unauthorized entry and/or use of the waste unit;
- VII.I.5.(c). A description of measures to protect the integrity of any installed engineering control(s) and associated features considered as part of the selected remedy, for the period that has to be maintained;
- VII.I.5.(d). Planned maintenance and monitoring activities, and frequencies to ensure the security provisions are maintained;

[NOTE: The inspection checklist condition below should be deleted if LUCs have been selected. This information is already required by the LUCMP in Appendix E.]

- VII.I.5.(e). An inspection checklist describing the land use control elements to be inspected, the frequency of inspection, and the potential problems that could be encountered. The checklist shall contain an area where the inspector may enter his/her name, the date of inspection, and the date upon which any problems encountered are remediated;
- VII.I.5.(f). Procedure(s) to follow when a determination is made that the land use control(s) are not effective and require modification;
- VII.I.5.(g). The mechanism by which a notification will be recorded on the deed for the facility property, or some other instrument which is normally examined during title search, that will in perpetuity notify any potential future purchaser of the property, that the property had been used for waste management and disposal activities and that restrictions exist precluding a residential use of the land. The need for a deed restriction may be reevaluated upon the transfer of ownership or control; and
- VII.I.5.(h). The mechanism by which other pertinent agencies (State or Federal) will be given notice of restrictions placed on the use of the property, that is affecting or may affect in the future, areas under the control of other State or Federal agencies.

[NOTE: Insert the condition below if LUCs have been selected:]

VII.I.5.(i). The above information is outlined in detail in Appendix E - Land Use Control Management Plan (LUCMP).

VII.I.6. CMI Progress Reports

If the time frame required to complete corrective measures implementation is greater than one hundred and eighty (180) days, the Permittee shall provide the Department with semi-annual Corrective Measures Implementation Progress Reports (180 day intervals) beginning from the date the CMI Workplan is approved by the Department, until the Remedy Completion Report is approved by the Department. The time frame stated is effective unless otherwise agreed to by the Department. The CMI Progress Reports shall contain at least the following information:

- VII.I.6.(a). A description of the portion of the CMI Workplan completed (e.g. sampling events, operations, volumes removed/treated, wastes generated, etc);
- VII.I.6.(b). A summary of system performance/compliance and progress toward achieving cleanup goals;
- VII.I.6.(c). A summary of any deviations from the approved CMI Workplans during the reporting period;
- VII.I.6.(d). Summaries of all contacts with local community and public interest groups or State and Federal Government;
- VII.I.6.(e). A summary of any problems or potential problems encountered during the reporting period;
- VII.I.6.(f). A summary of actions taken to rectify the problems;
- VII.I.6.(g). Any changes in relevant personnel; and
- VII.I.6.(h). Projected work for the next reporting period.

VII.I.7. Remedy Completion Report

- VII.I.7.(a). Within ninety (90) days of completion of CMI phase, unless otherwise agreed by the Department, the Permittee shall submit a Remedy Completion Report (RCR), including certification of completion of the corrective measures activities. The RCR shall summarize the activities and results from the entire period of Corrective Measures Implementation. The RCR shall also demonstrate compliance with all media cleanup goals and meet the corrective measures completion criteria in accordance with Permit Condition VII.I.2.(c). Approval by the Department of the final RCR constitutes remedy completion.

VII.I.7.(b). For corrective measures involving the cleanup of groundwater, the Permittee must demonstrate that the concentrations of the constituents of concern remain at or below cleanup levels for three (3) consecutive years after the corrective measures have been terminated. The time frame stated is effective unless otherwise agreed to by the Department.

VII.J. MODIFICATION OF THE CORRECTIVE ACTION SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

VII.J.1. Initiation

If at any time the Department determines that modification of the Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance is necessary, the Department may initiate a modification to the Schedule of Compliance, in accordance with the applicable provisions of R.61-79.270.

VII.J.2. Permittee Requested Modification

The Permittee may request a permit modification in accordance with R.61-79.270 to change the Schedule of Compliance.

VII.K. WORKPLAN AND REPORT REQUIREMENTS

VII.K.1. Department Approval

All workplans, reports and schedules shall be subject to approval by the Department prior to implementation to assure that such Workplans, reports and schedules are consistent with the requirements of this Permit and with applicable regulations and guidance. The Permittee shall revise all submittals and schedules as specified by the Department. Upon approval, the Permittee shall implement all workplans and schedules as written.

VII.K.2. Extensions for Submittals

All workplans and reports shall be submitted in accordance with the approved schedule. Extensions of the due date for submittals may be granted by the Department based on the Permittee's demonstration that sufficient justification for the extension exists.

VII.K.3. Amendment of the Workplan(s)

If the Permittee at any time determines that the Assessment Report information required under Permit Condition VII.B.2, the CS Workplan under Permit Condition VII.D, or RFI Workplan(s) required under Permit Condition VII.E, no longer satisfy the requirements of R.61-79.264.101 or this Permit for prior or continuing releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from solid waste management units and/or areas of concern, the Permittee shall submit an amended Assessment Report and/or Workplan(s) to the Department within ninety (90) calendar days of

such determination.

VII.L. APPROVAL/DISAPPROVAL OF SUBMITTALS

The Department will review the workplans, reports, schedules, and other documents ("submittals") which require the Department's approval in accordance with the conditions of this Permit. The Department will notify the Permittee in writing of any submittal that is disapproved, and the basis thereof.

Corrective Action Schedule of Compliance

<PermitOwner>

<PermitNumber>

<County>

[Carefully check the Schedule of Compliance against the conditions included in the permit, and against where the facility is in the corrective action process. Compliance events and/or due dates may need to be changed accordingly.]

Permit Condition	Event	Due Date
VII.B.1	Notification of Newly Identified SWMUs and AOCs.	Within fifteen (15) days of discovery.
VII.B.2	Assessment Report.	Within ninety (90) days of notification
VII.C.1	Notification for Newly Discovered Releases at Previously Identified SWMUs and AOCs.	Within fifteen (15) days of discovery.
VII.D.1	Confirmatory Sampling Workplan for SWMUs or AOCs Identified in Appendix A-3.	Within forty-five (45) days of the effective date of this Permit.
VII.D.2	Implementation of Confirmatory Sampling Workplan.	In accordance with the Department's approval letter for the CS Workplan.
VII.D.4	Confirmatory Sampling Report	In accordance with the approved CS Workplan.
VII.A.1	RFI Workplan for SWMU(s) and AOC(s) Identified under Permit Condition VII.A.1.	Within ninety (90) days of the effective date of this Permit.
VII.B.3, VII.C.2, or VII.D.5	RFI Workplan for SWMU(s) and AOC(s)	Within ninety (90) days after receipt of notification by the Department of which SWMUs or AOCs require an RFI.
VII.E.4	Implementation of RFI Workplan.	In accordance with the Department's approval letter for the RFI Workplan.
VII.E.5	Notification of Sampling Activities.	At least twenty (20) days prior to any RFI sampling activity.
VII.E.6	RFI Progress Reports.	Quarterly, beginning ninety (90) days from the start date specified by the Department ¹
VII.E.7	RFI Report.	In accordance with the approved RFI Workplan.
VII.E.7	Revised RFI Report	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments on the RFI Report.
VII.F.1(a)	Interim Measures Workplan.	Within thirty (30) days of notification by the Department.
VII.F.1(c)	Implementation of IM Workplan.	In accordance with the Department's approval letter for the IM Workplan.

VII.F.3(a)	Interim Measures Progress Reports.	In accordance with the approved Interim Measures Workplan. ²
VII.F.3(b)	Interim Measures Report.	Within ninety (90) days of completion.
VII.G.1(a)	CMS Workplan.	Within ninety (90) days of notification by the Department that a CMS is required.
VII.G.2	Implementation of the CMS Workplan.	Within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the Department's approval of the Workplan.
VII.G.3(a)	CMS Report.	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMS Workplan.
VII.G.3(a)	Revised CMS Report.	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's comments on the CMS Report.
VII.H.2	Statement of Basis.	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Department's approval letter for the CMS Report.
VII.H.4	Demonstration of Financial Assurance.	Within one hundred twenty (120) days after Permit modification for remedy.
VII.I.1	CMI Workplan.	Within thirty (30) days of the permit modification for remedy selection.
VII.I.2	Operations and Maintenance Plan.	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMI Workplan.
VII.I.4	Construction Completion Report.	In accordance with the schedule in the approved CMI Workplan.
VII.I.6	CMI Progress Reports.	Semi-annually, beginning one hundred eighty (180) days after approval of the CMI Workplan.
VII.I.7	Remedy Completion Report.	Within ninety (90) days of completion of the selected remedy.
VII.K.3	Amendment of Assessment Report, CS Workplan, or RFI Workplan that no longer satisfies requirements of R.61-79.264.101 or this Permit.	Within ninety (90) days of determination.

The above reports must be signed and certified in accordance with R.61-79.270.11. ¹ Applies to workplan execution that requires more than one hundred eighty (180) days. ² Applies to workplan execution that requires more than one (1) year.

MODULE VIII - WASTE MINIMIZATION

Module VIII.

VIII.A. GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

In the event that the Permittee treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous wastes onsite where such wastes were generated, then the Permittee must comply with R.61-79.264.73(b)(9), and Section 3005 (h) of RCRA (42 U.S.C. 6925(h)), and the Permittee must certify, no less than annually, that:

VIII.A.1. Reduction of Hazardous Waste

The Permittee has a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of hazardous waste generated to the degree determined by the Permittee to be economically practicable; and

VIII.A.2. Method of Treatment, Storage or Disposal

The proposed method of treatment, storage or disposal is the most practicable method available to the Permittee that minimizes the present and future threat to human health and the environment.

VIII.B. RECORDING REQUIREMENTS

If Permit Condition VIII.A is applicable, then the Permittee shall maintain copies of this certification in the facility operating record as required by R.61-79.264.73(b)(9).

VIII.C. WASTE MINIMIZATION OBJECTIVES

If Permit Condition VIII.A is applicable, the Waste Minimization program required under Permit Condition VIII.A should address the objectives listed on the following two pages (Waste Minimization Objectives).

WASTE MINIMIZATION CERTIFICATION OBJECTIVES

The Waste Minimization Program should include the following elements:

I. Top Management Support

- A. Dated and signed policy describing management support for waste minimization and for implementation of a waste minimization plan.
- B. Description of employee awareness and training programs designed to involve employees in waste minimization planning and implementation to the maximum extent feasible.
- C. Description of how a waste minimization plan has been incorporated into management practices so as to ensure ongoing efforts with respect to product design, capital planning, production operations, and maintenance.

II. Characterization of Waste Generation

- A. Identification of types, amounts, and hazardous constituents of waste streams, with the source and date of generation.

III. Periodic Waste Minimization Assessments

- A. Identification of all points in a process where materials can be prevented from becoming a waste, or can be recycled.
- B. Identification of potential waste reduction and recycling techniques applicable to each waste, with a cost estimate for capital investment and implementation.
- C. Description of technically and economically practical waste reduction/recycling options to be implemented, and a planned schedule for implementation.
- D. Specific performance goals, preferably quantitative, for the source reduction of waste by stream. Whenever possible, goals should be stated as weight of waste generated per standard unit of production, as defined by the generator.

IV. Cost Allocation System

- A. Identification of waste management costs for each waste, factoring in liability, transportation, recordkeeping, personnel, pollution control, treatment, disposal, compliance and oversight costs to the extent feasible.
- B. Description of how departments are held accountable for the wastes they generate.
- C. Comparison of waste management costs with costs of potential reduction and recycling techniques applicable to each waste.

V. Technology Transfer

- A. Description of efforts to seek and exchange technical information on waste minimization from other parts of the company, other firms, trade associations, technical assistance programs, and professional consultants.

VI. Program Evaluation

- A. Description of types and amounts of hazardous waste reduced or recycled.
- B. Analysis and quantification of progress made relative to each performance goal established and each reduction technique to be implemented.
- C. Amendments to waste minimization plan and explanation.
- D. Explanation and documentation of reduction efforts completed or in progress before development of the waste minimization plan.
- E. Explanation and documentation regarding impediments to hazardous waste reduction specific to the individual facility.

References:

"Draft Guidance to Hazardous Waste Generators on the Elements of a Waste Minimization Program", 54 FR 25056, June 12, 1989.

"Waste Minimization Opportunity Assessment Manual", EPA/625/7-88/003, July 1988.

MODULE IX - LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

Module IX.

IX.A. GENERAL RESTRICTIONS

R.61-79.268 identifies hazardous wastes that are restricted from land disposal and defines those limited circumstances under which an otherwise prohibited waste may continue to be placed on or in a land treatment, storage, or disposal unit. The Permittee shall maintain compliance with the requirements of R.61-79.268. Where the Permittee has applied for an extension, waiver or variance under R.61-79.268, the Permittee shall comply with all restrictions on land disposal under this Part once the effective date for the waste has been reached pending a final decision for such application.

IX.B. LAND DISPOSAL PROHIBITIONS AND TREATMENT STANDARDS

IX.B.1. Restricted Waste Disposal Prohibition

A restricted waste identified in R.61-79.268 Subpart C may not be placed in a land disposal unit without further treatment unless the requirements of R.61-79.268 Subparts C and/or D are met.

IX.B.2. Storage Prohibition

The storage of hazardous wastes restricted from land disposal under R.61-79.268 is prohibited unless the requirements of R.61-79.268 Subpart E are met.

**APPENDIX A - SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT UNIT AND AREA
OF CONCERN SUMMARY**

<PermitOwner>
<PermitNumber>
<County>

Appendix A-1 List of All Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs), Areas of Concern (AOCs), and Regulated Units	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU1>	<SWMU1D>

Appendix A-2 Units Regulated Under R.61-79.264 (RCRA-regulated units)	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU6>	<SWMU6D>

Appendix A-3 SWMUs and AOCs Requiring No Further Action at this Time	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU4>	<SWMU4D>

Appendix A-4 SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Confirmatory Sampling	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU3>	<SWMU3D>

Appendix A-5 SWMUs and AOCs Requiring a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI)	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU2>	<SWMU2D>

Appendix A-6 SWMUs and AOCs Requiring a Corrective Measures Study	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU5>	<SWMU5D>

Appendix A-7 SWMUs and AOCs in Corrective Action	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU7>	<SWMU7D>

Appendix A-8 SWMUs and AOCs Requiring Land Use Controls	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU9>	<SWMU9D>

Appendix A-9 SWMUs and AOCs Transferred to Another Environmental Program	
SWMU/AOC No/Letter	SWMU/AOC Name
<SWMU8>	<SWMU8D>

APPENDIX B - RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI) WORKPLAN OUTLINE

VII. RFI WORKPLAN REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall prepare a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Workplan that meets the requirements of Part II of this appendix and the RFI Guidance, EPA-530/SW-89-031. This workplan shall also include the development of the following plans, which shall be prepared concurrently:

A. Project Management Plan

Permittee shall prepare a Project Management Plan that will include a discussion of the technical approach, schedules and personnel. The Project Management Plan will also include a description of qualifications of personnel performing or directing the RFI, including contractor personnel. This plan shall also document the overall management approach to the RCRA Facility Investigation.

B. Sampling and Analysis Plan(s)

The Permittee shall prepare a plan to document all monitoring procedures: field sampling, sampling procedures and sample analysis performed during the investigation to characterize the environmental setting, source, and releases of hazardous constituents, so as to ensure that all information and data are valid and properly documented. The Sampling Strategy and Procedures shall be in accordance with EPA Region 4 Environmental Compliance Branch's Standard Operating Procedure and Quality Assurance Manual (SOP) (most recent version). Any deviations from this reference must be requested by the applicant and approved by the Department. The Sampling and Analysis Plan must specifically discuss the following unless the SOP procedures are specifically referenced.

1. Sampling Strategy

- (a) Selecting appropriate sampling locations, depths, etc.;
- (b) Obtaining all necessary ancillary data;
- (c) Determining conditions under which sampling should be conducted;
- (d) Determining which media are to be sampled (e.g., groundwater, air, soil, sediment, subsurface gas);
- (e) Determining which parameters are to be measured and where;
- (f) Selecting the frequency of sampling and length of sampling period;
- (g) Selecting the types of samples (e.g., composites vs. grabs) and number of samples to be collected.

2. Sampling Procedures

- (a) Documenting field sampling operations and procedures, including:
 - (i) Documentation of procedures for preparation of reagents or supplies which become an integral part of the sample (e.g., filters, preservatives, and absorbing reagents);
 - (ii) Procedures and forms for recording the exact location and specific considerations associated with sample acquisition;
 - (iii) Documentation of specific sample preservation method;
 - (iv) Calibration of field instruments;
 - (v) Submission of field-biased blanks, where appropriate;
 - (vi) Potential interferences present at the facility;
 - (vii) Construction materials and techniques, associated with monitoring wells and piezometers;
 - (viii) Field equipment listing and sampling containers;
 - (ix) Sampling order; and
 - (x) Decontamination procedures.
- (b) Selecting appropriate sample containers;
- (c) Sampling preservation; and
- (d) Chain-of-custody, including:
 - (i) Standardized field tracking reporting forms to establish sample custody in the field prior to shipment; and
 - (ii) Pre-prepared sample labels containing all information necessary for effective sample tracking.

3. Sample Analysis

Sample analysis shall be conducted in accordance with SW-846: Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste - Physical/Chemical Methods (most recent version). The sample analysis section of the Sampling and Analysis Plan shall specify the following:

- (a) Chain-of-custody procedures, including:
 - (i) Identification of a responsible party to act as sampling custodian at the laboratory facility authorized to sign for incoming field samples, obtain documents of shipment, and verify the data entered onto the sample custody records;

- (ii) Provision for a laboratory sample custody log consisting of serially numbered standard lab tracking report sheets; and
 - (iii) Specification of laboratory sample custody procedures for sample handling, storage, and dispersement for analysis.
- (b) Sample storage;
- (c) Sample preparation methods;
- (d) Analytical Procedures, including:
 - (i) Scope and application of the procedure;
 - (ii) Sample matrix;
 - (iii) Potential interferences;
 - (iv) Precision and accuracy of the methodology; and
 - (v) Method detection limits.
- (e) Calibration procedures and frequency;
- (f) Data reduction, validation and reporting;
- (g) Internal quality control checks, laboratory performance and systems audits and frequency, including:
 - (i) Method blank(s);
 - (ii) Laboratory control sample(s);
 - (iii) Calibration check sample(s);
 - (iv) Replicate sample(s);
 - (v) Matrix-spiked sample(s);
 - (vi) "Blind" quality control sample(s);
 - (vii) Control charts;
 - (viii) Surrogate samples;
 - (ix) Zero and span gases; and
 - (x) Reagent quality control checks.
- (h) External quality control checks by the Department, including:

- (i) Spikes and blanks at sampling events for which the Department or its technical representative provides oversight; and
 - (ii) The equivalent of a CLP data package for samples split with the Department or for which the Department specifically requests the package.
- (i) Preventive maintenance procedures and schedules;
 - (j) Corrective action (for laboratory problems); and
 - (k) Turnaround time.

C. Data Management Plan

The Permittee shall develop and initiate a Data Management Plan to document and track investigation data and results. This plan shall identify and set up data documentation materials and procedures, project file requirements, and project related progress reporting procedures and documents. The plan shall also provide the format to be used to present the raw data and conclusions of the investigation.

1. Data Record - The data record shall include the following:

- (i) Unique sample or field measurement code;
- (ii) Sampling or field measurement location and sample or measurement type;
- (iii) Sampling or field measurement raw data;
- (iv) Laboratory analysis ID number;
- (v) Property or component measures; and
- (vi) Result of analysis (e.g. concentration).

2. Tabular Displays - The following data shall be presented in tabular displays:

- (a) Unsorted (raw) data;
- (b) Results for each medium, or for each constituent monitored;
- (c) Data reduction for statistical analysis, as appropriate;
- (d) Sorting of data by potential stratification factors (e.g., location, soil layer, topography); and
- (e) Summary data

3. Graphical Displays - The following data shall be presented in graphical formats (e.g., bar graphs, line graphs, area or plan maps, isopleth plots,

cross-sectional plots or transits, three dimensional graphs, etc.):

- (a) Display sampling location and sampling grid;
- (b) Indicate boundaries of sampling area, and area where more data are required;
- (c) Display geographical extent of contamination;
- (d) Illustrate changes in concentration in relation to distances from the source, time, depth or other parameters; and
- (e) Indicate features affecting inter media transport and show potential receptors.

VIII. RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Requirements

RCRA Facility Investigation:

The Permittee shall conduct those investigations necessary to: characterize the facility (Environmental Setting); define the source (Source Characterization); define the degree and extent of release of hazardous constituents (Contamination Characterization); and identify actual or potential receptors.

The investigations should result in data of adequate technical content and quality to support the development and evaluation of the corrective action plan if necessary. The information contained in previously developed documents such as a RCRA Part B permit application and/or RCRA Section 3019 Exposure Information Report may be referenced as appropriate, but must be summarized in both the RFI Workplan and RFI Report.

All sampling and analyses shall be conducted in accordance with the Sampling and Analysis Plan. All sampling locations shall be documented in a log and identified on a detailed site map.

A. Environmental Setting

The Permittee shall collect information to supplement and/or verify Part B information on the environmental setting at the facility. The Permittee shall characterize the following as they relate to identified sources, pathways and areas of releases of hazardous constituents from Solid Waste Management Units.

1. Hydrogeology

The Permittee shall conduct a program to evaluate hydrogeologic conditions at the facility. This program shall provide the following information:

- (a) A description of the regional and facility specific geologic and hydrogeologic characteristics affecting ground-water flow beneath the facility, including:
 - (i) Regional and facility specific stratigraphy: description of strata

- including strike and dip, identification of stratigraphic contacts;
- (ii) Structural geology: description of local and regional structural features (e. g., folding, faulting, tilting, jointing, etc.);
 - (iii) Depositional history;
 - (iv) Regional and facility specific ground-water flow patterns; and
 - (v) Identification and characterization of areas and amounts of recharge and discharge.
- (b) An analysis of any topographic features that might influence the ground-water flow system.
- (c) Based on field data, tests, and cores, a representative and accurate classification and description of the hydrogeologic units which may be part of the migration pathways at the facility (i. e., the aquifers and any intervening saturated and unsaturated units), including:
- (i) Hydraulic conductivity and porosity (total and effective);
 - (ii) Lithology, grain size, sorting, degree of cementation;
 - (iii) An interpretation of hydraulic interconnections between saturated zones; and
 - (iv) The attenuation capacity and mechanisms of the natural earth materials (e. g., ion exchange capacity, organic carbon content, mineral content etc.).
- (d) Based on data obtained from groundwater monitoring wells and piezometers installed upgradient and downgradient of the potential contaminant source, a representative description of water level or fluid pressure monitoring including:
- (i) Water-level contour and/or potentiometric maps;
 - (ii) Hydrologic cross sections showing vertical gradients;
 - (iii) The flow system, including the vertical and horizontal components of flow; and
 - (iv) Any temporal changes in hydraulic gradients, for example, due to tidal or seasonal influences.
- (e) A description of man-made influences that may affect the hydrology of the site, identifying:
- (i) Local water-supply and production wells with an approximate

schedule of pumping; and

- (ii) Man-made hydraulic structures (pipelines, french drains, ditches, etc.).

2. Soils

The Permittee shall conduct a program to characterize the soil and rock units above the water table in the vicinity of contaminant release(s). Such characterization may include, but not be limited to, the following types of information as appropriate:

- (a) Surface soil distribution;
- (b) Soil profile, including ASTM classification of soils;
- (c) Transects of soil stratigraphy;
- (d) Hydraulic conductivity (saturated and unsaturated);
- (e) Relative permeability;
- (f) Bulk density;
- (g) Porosity;
- (h) Soil sorption capacity;
- (i) Cation exchange capacity (CEC);
- (j) Soil organic content;
- (k) Soil pH;
- (l) Particle size distribution;
- (m) Depth of water table;
- (n) Moisture content;
- (o) Effect of stratification on unsaturated flow;
- (p) Infiltration;
- (q) Evapotranspiration;
- (r) Storage capacity;
- (s) Vertical flow rate; and
- (t) Mineral content.

3. Surface Water and Sediment

The Permittee shall conduct a program to characterize the surface water bodies in the vicinity of the facility. Such characterization may include, but not be limited to, the

following activities and information:

- (a) Description of the temporal and permanent surface water bodies including:
 - (i) For lakes and estuaries: location, elevation, surface area, inflow, outflow, depth, temperature stratification, and volume;
 - (ii) For impoundments: location, elevation, surface area, depth, volume, freeboard, and construction and purpose;
 - (iii) For streams, ditches, and channels: location, elevation, flow, velocity, depth, width, seasonal fluctuations, flooding tendencies (i. e., 100 year event), discharge point(s), and general contents.
 - (iv) Drainage patterns; and
 - (v) Evapotranspiration.
- (b) Description of the chemistry of the natural surface water and sediments. This includes determining the pH, total dissolved solids, total suspended solids, biological oxygen demand, alkalinity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen profiles, nutrients, chemical oxygen demand, total organic carbon, specific contaminant concentrations, etc.
- (c) Description of sediment characteristics including:
 - (i) Deposition area;
 - (ii) Thickness profile; and
 - (iii) Physical and chemical parameters (e. g., grain size, density, organic carbon content, ion exchange capacity, pH, etc.)

4. Air

The Permittee shall provide information characterizing the climate in the vicinity of the facility. Such information may include, but not be limited to:

- (a) A description of the following parameters:
 - (i) Annual and monthly rainfall averages;
 - (ii) Monthly temperature averages and extremes;
 - (iii) Wind speed and direction;
 - (iv) Relative humidity/dew point;
 - (v) Atmospheric pressure;

- (vi) Evaporation data;
 - (vii) Development of inversions; and
 - (viii) Climate extremes that have been known to occur in the vicinity of the facility, including frequency of occurrence. (i.e. Hurricanes)
- (b) A description of topographic and man-made features which affect air flow and emission patterns, including:
- (i) Ridges, hills or mountain areas;
 - (ii) Canyons or valleys;
 - (iii) Surface water bodies (e. g. rivers, lakes, bays, etc.); and
 - (iv) Buildings.

B. Source Characterization

For those sources from which releases of hazardous constituents have been detected, the Permittee shall collect analytical data to completely characterize the wastes and the areas where wastes have been placed, to the degree that is possible without undue safety risks, including: type, quantity; physical form; disposition (containment or nature of deposits); and facility characteristics affecting release (e. g., facility security, and engineering barriers). This shall include quantification of the following specific characteristics, at each source area:

1. Unit/Disposal Area Characteristics:

- (a) Location of unit/disposal area;
- (b) Type of unit/disposal area;
- (c) Design features;
- (d) Operating practices (past and present)
- (e) Period of operation;
- (f) Age of unit/disposal area;
- (g) General physical conditions; and
- (h) Method used to close the unit/disposal area.

2. Waste Characteristics:

- (a) Type of wastes placed in the unit;
 - (i) Hazardous classification (e. g., flammable, reactive, corrosive, oxidizing or reducing agent);

- (ii) Quantity; and
 - (iii) Chemical composition.
- (b) Physical and chemical characteristics such as;
- (i) Physical form (solid, liquid, gas);
 - (ii) Physical description (e. g., powder, oily sludge);
 - (iii) Temperature;
 - (iv) pH;
 - (v) General chemical class (e. g., acid, base, solvent);
 - (vi) Molecular weight;
 - (vii) Density;
 - (viii) Boiling point;
 - (ix) Viscosity;
 - (x) Solubility in water;
 - (xi) Cohesiveness of the waste; and
 - (xii) Vapor pressure.
- (c) Migration and dispersal characteristics of the waste such as:
- (i) Sorption capability;
 - (ii) Biodegradability, bioconcentration, biotransformation;
 - (iii) Photodegradation rates;
 - (iv) Hydrolysis rates; and
 - (v) Chemical transformations.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

C. Characterization of Releases of Hazardous Constituents

The Permittee shall collect analytical data on groundwater, soils, surface water, sediment, and subsurface gas contamination in the vicinity of the facility in accordance with the sampling and analysis plan as required above. These data shall be sufficient to define the extent, origin, direction, and rate of movement of contamination. Data shall include time and location of sampling, media sampled, concentrations found, conditions

during sampling, and the identity of the individuals performing the sampling and analysis. The Permittee shall address the following types of contamination at the facility:

1. Groundwater Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct a groundwater investigation to characterize any plumes of contamination detected at the facility. This investigation shall at a minimum provide the following information:

- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical extent of any plume(s) of hazardous constituents originating from within the facility;
- (b) The horizontal and vertical direction of contamination movement;
- (c) The velocity of contaminant movement;
- (d) The horizontal and vertical concentration profiles of hazardous constituents in the plume(s);
- (e) An evaluation of factors influencing the plume movement; and
- (f) An extrapolation of future contaminant movement.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations (e. g., well design, well construction, geophysics, modeling, etc.).

2. Soil Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct an investigation to characterize the contamination of the soil and rock units above the saturated zone in the vicinity of any contaminant release. The investigation may include the following information:

- (a) A description of the vertical and horizontal extent of contamination;
- (b) A description of appropriate contaminant and soil chemical properties within the contaminant source area and plume. This may include contaminant solubility, speciation, absorption, leachability, exchange capacity, biodegradability, hydrolysis, photolysis, oxidation and other factors that might affect contaminant migration and transformation;
- (c) Specific contaminant concentrations;
- (d) The velocity and direction of contaminant movement; and
- (e) An extrapolation of future contaminant movement.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

3. Surface Water and Sediment Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct a surface water investigation to characterize contamination in surface water bodies resulting from releases of hazardous constituents at the facility.

The investigation may include, but not be limited to, the following information:

- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical extent of any plume(s) originating from the facility, and the extent of contamination in underlying sediments;
- (b) The horizontal and vertical direction of contaminant movement;
- (c) The contaminant velocity;
- (d) An evaluation of the physical, biological and chemical factors influencing contaminant movement;
- (e) An extrapolation of future contaminant, movement; and
- (f) A description of the chemistry of the contaminated surface waters and sediments. This includes determining the pH, total dissolved solids, specific contaminant concentrations, etc.

4. Air Contamination

The Permittee shall conduct an investigation to characterize gaseous releases of hazardous constituents into the atmosphere or any structures or buildings. This investigation may provide the following information:

- (a) A description of the horizontal and vertical direction and velocity of contaminant movement;
- (b) The rate and amount of the release; and
- (c) The chemical and physical composition of the contaminant(s) released, including horizontal and vertical concentration profiles.

The Permittee shall document the procedures used in making the above determinations.

D. Potential Receptors

The Permittee shall collect data describing the human populations and environmental systems that are susceptible to contaminant exposure from the facility. Chemical analysis of biological samples and/or data on observable effects in ecosystems may also be obtained as appropriate. The following characteristics shall be identified:

1. Current local uses and planned future uses of groundwater:

- (a) Type of use (e. g., drinking water source: municipal or residential, agricultural, domestic/non-potable, and industrial); and
- (b) Location of ground water users, to include withdrawal and discharge wells, within one mile of the impacted area.

The above information should also indicate the aquifer or hydrogeologic unit used and/or impacted for each item.

2. Current local uses and planned future uses of surface waters directly impacted by the facility:
 - (a) Domestic and municipal (e. g., potable and lawn/gardening watering);
 - (b) Recreational (e. g. swimming, fishing);
 - (c) Agricultural;
 - (d) Industrial; and
 - (e) Environmental (e. g., fish and wildlife propagation).
3. Human use of or access to the facility and adjacent lands, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Recreation;
 - (b) Hunting;
 - (c) Residential;
 - (d) Commercial; and
 - (e) Relationship between population locations and prevailing wind direction.
4. A general description of the biota in surface water bodies on, adjacent to, or affected by the facility.
5. A general description of the ecology within the area adjacent to the facility.
6. A general demographic profile of the people who use have access to the facility and adjacent land, including, but not limited to: age; sex; and sensitive subgroups.
7. A description of any known or documented endangered or threatened species near the facility.

APPENDIX C - CORRECTIVE MEASURE STUDY (CMS) OUTLINE

The purpose of the CMS portion of the RCRA corrective action process is to identify and evaluate potential remedial alternatives for the releases of hazardous constituents that have been identified at the facility through the RFI or other investigations to need further evaluation. The scope and requirements of the CMS are balanced with the expeditious initiation of remedies and rapid restoration of contaminated media. The scope and requirements of the CMS should be focused to fit the complexity of the site-specific situation. It is anticipated that Permittee's with sites with complex environmental problems may need to evaluate a number of technologies and corrective measure alternatives. For other facilities, however, the evaluation of a single corrective measure alternative may be adequate. Therefore, a streamlined or focused approach to the CMS may be initiated. Information gathered during any stabilization or interim measures will be used to augment the CMS and in cases where corrective action goals are met, may be a substitute for the final CMS.

Regardless of whether a streamlined/focused or a detailed CMS is required, a CMS Workplan and CMS Report are generally required elements. The requirements for a full, detailed CMS are listed below. The Department has the flexibility not to require sections of the plan and/or report, where site-specific situations indicate that all requirements are not necessary. Additionally, the Department may require additional studies besides these discussed in order to support the CMS.

I. Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Workplan

A. Elements of the CMS Workplan

The Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Workplan shall include at a minimum the following elements:

1. A site-specific description of the overall purpose of the CMS;
2. A description of the corrective measure objectives, including proposed target media cleanup standards (e.g., promulgated federal and state standards) and preliminary points of compliance or a description of how a risk
3. A description of the specific corrective measure technologies and/or corrective measure alternatives which will be studied;
4. A description of the general approach to investigating and evaluating potential corrective measures;
5. A detailed description of any proposed pilot, laboratory and/or bench scale studies;
6. A proposed outline for the CMS Report including a description of how information will be presented;

7. A description of overall project management including overall approach, levels of authority (include organization chart), lines of communication, project schedules, budget and personnel. Include a description of qualifications for personnel directing or performing the work;
8. A project schedule that specifies all significant steps in the process and when key documents (e.g., CMS Progress Reports, draft CMS Report) are to be submitted to the Department;
9. A detailed Public Involvement Plan.

II. Corrective Measures Study (CMS) Report

The detail of a CMS may vary based upon the complexity of the site, on-going Interim Measures, etc. However, the CMS Report may include the following elements:

A. Introduction/Purpose

The Permittee shall describe the purpose of the CMS Report and provide a summary description of the project.

B. Description of Current Situation

The Permittee shall submit a summary and an update to the information describing the current situation at the facility and the known nature and extent of the contamination as documented by the RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Report. This discussion should concentrate on those issues which could significantly affect the evaluation and selection of the corrective measures alternative(s). The Permittee shall provide an update to information presented in the RFI regarding previous response activities and interim measures that have or are being implemented at the facility. The Permittee shall also make a facility-specific statement of the purpose for the response, based on the results of the RFI. The statement of purpose should identify the actual or potential exposure pathways that should be addressed by corrective measures.

C. Establishment of Proposed Media Specific Cleanup Standards

The Permittee shall describe the proposed media cleanup standards and point of compliance. The standards must be background, promulgated federal and state standards or risk-derived standards. If media clean-up standards are not proposed, then the Department will unilaterally propose setting media clean-up standards to either background, promulgated federal and state standards or the most conservative risk-derived standards.

D. Identification, Screening and Development of Corrective Measure Technologies

1. Identification: List and briefly describe potentially applicable technologies for each affected media that may be used to achieve the corrective action objectives. Include a table that summarizes the available technologies.

The Permittee should consider innovative treatment technologies, especially in situations

where there are a limited number of applicable corrective measure technologies.

2. Screening: The Permittee shall screen the corrective measure technologies to eliminate those that may prove infeasible to implement, that rely on technologies unlikely to perform satisfactorily or reliably, or that do not achieve the corrective measure objective within a reasonable time period. This screening process focuses on eliminating those technologies that have severe limitations for a given set of waste and site-specific conditions. The screening step may also eliminate technologies based on inherent technology limitations.

Site, waste, and technology characteristics that are used to screen inapplicable technologies are described in more detail below:

- (a) Site Characteristics: Site data should be reviewed to identify conditions that may limit or promote the use of certain technologies. Technologies whose use is clearly precluded by site characteristics should be eliminated from further consideration.
 - (b) Waste Characteristics: Identification of waste characteristics that limit the effectiveness or feasibility of technologies is an important part of the screening process. Technologies clearly limited by these waste characteristics should be eliminated from consideration. Waste characteristics particularly affect the feasibility of in-situ methods, direct treatment methods, and land disposal (on/off-site).
 - (c) Technology Limitations: During the screening process, the level of technology development, performance record, and inherent construction, operation, and maintenance problems should be identified for each technology considered. Technologies that are unreliable, perform poorly, or are not fully demonstrated may be eliminated in the screening process. For example, certain treatment methods have been developed to a point where they can be implemented in the field without extensive technology transfer or development.
3. Corrective Measure Development: The Permittee shall assemble the technologies that pass the screening step into specific alternatives that have the potential to meet the corrective action objectives for each media. Options for addressing less complex sites could be relatively straightforward and may only require evaluation of a single or limited number of alternatives. Each alternative may consist of an individual technology or a combination used in sequence (i.e., treatment train). Different alternatives may be considered for separate areas of the facility, as appropriate. List and briefly describe each corrective measure alternative.

E. Evaluation of a Final Corrective Measure Alternative

For each remedy which warrants a more detailed evaluation (i.e., those that passed

through the screening step), including those situations when only one remedy is being proposed, the Permittee shall provide detailed documentation of how the potential remedy will comply with each of the standards listed below. These standards reflect the major technical components of remedies including cleanup of releases, source control and management of wastes that are generated by remedial activities. The specific standards are as follows:

1. Protect human health and the environment.
2. Attain media cleanup standards set by the Department.
3. Control the source of releases to reduce or eliminate, to the extent practicable, further releases that may pose a threat to human health and the environment.
4. Comply with applicable standards for management of wastes.
5. Other factors.

In evaluating the selected alternative or alternatives, the Permittee shall prepare and submit information that documents that the specific remedy will meet the standards listed above. The following guidance should be used in completing this evaluation.

6. Protect Human Health and the Environment

Corrective action remedies must be protective of human health and the environment. Remedies may include those measures that are needed to be protective, but are not directly related to media cleanup, source control or management of wastes. An example would be a requirement to provide alternative drinking water supplies in order to prevent exposures to releases from an aquifer used for drinking water purposes. Therefore, the Permittee shall provide a discussion of any short term remedies necessary to meet this standard, as well as discuss how the corrective measures alternative(s) meet this standard.

7. Attain Media Cleanup Standards

Remedies will be required to attain media cleanup standards. As part of the necessary information for satisfying this requirement, the Permittee shall address whether the potential remedy will achieve the remediation objectives. An estimate of the time frame necessary to achieve the goals shall be included. Contingent remedies may be proposed if there is doubt if the initial remedy will be successful (e.g., contingent remedies to innovative technologies).

8. Control of Sources of Releases

The Permittee shall address the issue of whether source control measures are necessary, and if so, the type of actions that would be appropriate. Any source control measure proposed should include a discussion on how well the method is anticipated to work given the particular situation at the facility and the known track record of the specific technology.

9. Comply With any Applicable Standards for Management of Wastes

The Permittee shall include a discussion of how the specific waste management activities will be conducted in compliance with all applicable state and federal regulations (e.g., closure requirements, LDRs)

10. Other Factors

Five general factors will be considered as appropriate by the Department in selecting/approving a remedy that meets the four standards listed above. These five decision factors include:

- (a) Long-term reliability and effectiveness;
- (b) Reduction in the toxicity, mobility or volume of wastes;
- (c) Short-term effectiveness;
- (d) Implementability; and
- (e) Cost.

Examples of the type of information to include are provided below:

- (f) Long-term reliability and effectiveness: The Permittee may consider whether the technology, or combination of technologies, have been used effectively under analogous site conditions, whether failure of any one technology in the alternative would have any immediate impact on receptors, and whether the alternative would have the flexibility to deal with uncontrollable changes at the site. Operation and maintenance requirements include the frequency and complexity of necessary operation and maintenance. In addition, each corrective measure alternative should be evaluated in terms of the projected useful life of the overall alternative and of its component technologies. Useful life is defined as the length of time the level of effectiveness can be maintained.
- (g) Reduction in the toxicity, mobility or volume of wastes: As a general goal, remedies will be preferred that employ techniques that are capable of eliminating or substantially reducing the potential for the wastes in SWMUs and/or contaminated media at the facility to cause future environmental releases. Estimates of how the corrective measure alternative will reduce toxicity, mobility and or volume of the waste is required and may be accomplished through a comparison of initial site conditions to expected post-corrective measures conditions.
- (h) Short-term effectiveness: The Permittee shall evaluate each corrective measure alternative for short-term effectiveness. Possible factors to consider are fire, explosion, exposure to hazardous constituents and potential threats associated with the treatment, excavation, transportation and re-disposal or containment of the waste material.

- (i) Implementability: Information to consider when assessing implementability include:
- (i) The administrative activities needed to implement the corrective measure alternative [*e.g. permits, rights of way, etc.*] and the length of time these activities will take;
 - (ii) The constructability, time for implementation, and time for beneficial results;
 - (iii) The availability of adequate off-site treatment, storage capacity, disposal services, needed technical services and materials; and
 - (iv) The availability of prospective technologies for each corrective measure alternative.
 - (v) Cost: The Permittee shall develop an estimate of the cost of each corrective measure alternative (and for each phase or segment of the alternative). The cost estimate shall include both capital and operation and maintenance costs. The capital costs shall include, but are not limited to, costs for: engineering, site preparation, construction, materials, labor, sampling/analysis, waste management/disposal, permitting, health and safety measures, etc. The operation and maintenance costs shall include labor, training, sampling and analysis, maintenance materials, utilities, waste disposal and/or treatment, etc. Costs shall be calculated as the net present value of the capital and operation and maintenance costs.

F. Justification and Recommendation of the Corrective Measure or Measures

The Permittee shall justify and recommend in the CMS Report a corrective measure alternative for consideration by the Department. Such a recommendation should include a description and supporting rationale for the preferred alternative that is consistent with the corrective action standards and remedy selection decision factors discussed above. In addition, this recommendation shall include summary tables that allow the alternative or alternatives to be understood easily. Trade-offs among health risks, environmental effects, and other pertinent factors shall be highlighted. The Department will select the corrective measure alternative or alternatives to be implemented based on the results presented in the CMS Report.

APPENDIX D - ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE DATES

<PermitOwner>
<PermitNumber>
<County>

Permit Condition	Event	Due Date
I.E.14	Imminent Hazard Report.	Oral notification within 24 hours. Written notification within fifteen (15) days.
VI.A	Waste Minimization Certification.	If applicable, annually from the effective date of the Permit.
The submittals above must be signed and certified in accordance with R.61-79.270.11.		

APPENDIX E - LAND USE CONTROL MANAGEMENT PLAN

[Note: This Appendix is intended for use at facilities where land use controls (LUCs) are selected as a portion of the final corrective action. The language outlined in this Appendix is "model language" which is subject to negotiations with the facility prior to modifying the Permit the first time LUCs are selected as a portion of a final corrective action. Prior to inclusion of this Appendix, the permit writer should consult with their Division Director.]

DEFINITION

As used herein, the term "land use control" or "LUC" with regard to real property, means any restriction or control that limits the use of and/or exposure to any portion of that property, including water resources, arising from the need to protect human health and the environment. The term encompasses "institutional controls", such as those involved in real estate interests, governmental permitting, zoning, public advisories, deed notices, and other "legal" restrictions. The term also includes restrictions on access, whether achieved by means of engineered barriers (e.g., fence or concrete pad) or by human means (e.g., the presence of security guards). Additionally, the term includes both affirmative measures to achieve the desired restrictions (e.g., night lighting of an area) and prohibitive directives (e.g., no drilling of drinking water wells for the duration of the corrective action). Considered altogether, the LUCs for a facility will provide a tool for how the property should be used in order to maintain the level of protectiveness that one or more corrective actions were designed to achieve.

PURPOSE

When land use controls (LUCs) are necessary to assure the reliability of land use assumptions, the Permittee must put appropriate procedures in place to ensure that such controls will be maintained for as long as necessary to keep the chosen remedy fully protective of human health and the environment. This Land Use Control Management Plan (LUCMP) was developed to assure the effectiveness and reliability of the required LUCs for as long as any LUCs continue to be required in order for the corrective action to remain protective and to serve as an enforceable document for any noncompliance. The requirements described herein are only applicable to those SWMUs and/or AOCs for which LUCs were selected as part of the final corrective action. The conceptual outline for the LUC should be developed as part of the final corrective action. The specific details, as outlined in module II, for the implementation of the LUC should be outlined in the CMI Workplan (or other Corrective Action document approved by the Department). Appendix A-7 provides a list of SWMUs and/or AOCs for which LUCs are selected as part of the corrective action, a summary of the corrective action requiring LUC, and a reference to the document selecting the final corrective action.

The purpose of the LUCMP is to accomplish the following specific objectives for

SWMUs and/or AOCs listed in Appendix A-7:

To implement a process for the Permittee to periodically advise the Department of the continued maintenance of any LUCs and of any planned changes in land use which might impact these LUCs.

To implement procedures for integrating all SWMUs and/or AOCs into the Facility Planning Process as applicable (e.g. Facility Management Plan).

To implement procedures for integrating all SWMUs and/or AOCs into the Property Conveyance Process as applicable.

To implement a process to inform current and future property users of environmental conditions at SWMUs and/or AOCs.

I. LUC INSPECTION - REVIEW - CERTIFICATION

The Permittee shall initiate the following specific actions:

- A. Conduct quarterly inspections/review of all SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7. These inspections shall be for the purposes of verifying that all necessary LUCs have been implemented and are being properly maintained. The Permittee will be responsible for the following:
 - 1. Ensuring that all required inspections are performed.
 - 2. Ensuring that the Department is provided with thirty (30) days advance notice of, and opportunity to observe facility personnel as they conduct at least one of the quarterly inspections each year.
 - 3. Ensuring that the Department is notified in writing within thirty (30) days of any deficiencies noted.
 - 4. Ensuring that all appropriate measures are undertaken within thirty (30) days to correct any deficiencies and timely notification in writing to the Department detailing measures taken.
- B. Prepare and forward an annual report to the Department signed by the Permittee certifying the continued maintenance of all LUCs associated with those SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7.

II. CHANGE IN LAND USE

The following shall constitute a change in land use:

- A. Any change in land that would be inconsistent with those specific exposure assumptions in the human health and/or ecological risk assessments or other criteria that served as the basis for selecting the LUCs as part of the final

corrective action.

- B. Any activity that may disrupt the effectiveness of the LUC. Including but not limited to: excavation at a SWMU and/or AOC; groundwater pumping that may impact a groundwater mixing zone or groundwater corrective action or monitoring program; a construction project that may impact ecological habitat protected by the corrective action; removal of access control; removal of warning signs; or rezoning.
- C. Any activity that may alter or negate the need for the specific LUCs.

III. REQUEST FOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR LAND USE CHANGE

- A. The Permittee will provide written notification to the Department at least sixty days (60) (except in emergency situations- where notice should be given as soon as practicable) prior to implementation of any change in land use at the SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7. A request for a permit modification will be provided for the purpose of obtaining the Department's concurrence with the Permittee's determination as to whether the contemplated change will or will not necessitate re-evaluation of the selected corrective action or implementation of specific measures to ensure continued protection of human health and the environment.
- B. No land use change should be implemented until the permit modification is effective. The request for modification will include the following at a minimum:
 - 1. An evaluation of whether the anticipated land use change will pose unacceptable risks to human health and the environment or negatively impact the effectiveness of the selected corrective action;
 - 2. An evaluation of the need for any additional corrective action or LUCs resulting from implementation of the anticipated land use change; and,
 - 3. A proposal for any necessary changes in the selected corrective action.

IV. FUNDING COMMITMENT or FINANCIAL ASSURANCE

Choose one of the following conditions, depending on whether you're dealing with a Federal Facility or a Private Facility. Change the title of this condition depending on the language used.

For Federal Facilities Use This Language to Require them to seek appropriate funding.

The Permittee agrees to use its best efforts to obtain all necessary funding through the appropriate authorities or source(s) to ensure the continued maintenance of all LUCs associated with SWMUs and/or AOCs identified Appendix A-7 and, where necessary, the timely re-implementation of any LUCs and/or completion of corrective action necessitated by any inappropriate change to a LUC.

For Private Facilities Use This Language to require Financial Assurance

The Permittee shall provide financial assurance to continue maintenance of LUCs selected during final corrective action or post closure care and, where necessary, reimplementation of LUCs and/or completion of corrective action necessitated by any inappropriate change to a LUC in accordance with R.61-79.264.101 (b) and (c). The proof of financial assurance should fulfill the requirements of one of the options specified in R.61-79.264.145.

V. REQUEST FOR PERMIT MODIFICATION FOR PROPERTY CONVEYANCE

Should the decision be made to transfer to any other agency, private person, or entity, either title to, or some lesser form of property interest (e.g., an easement, or right of way, etc.) SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7, then the Permittee will ensure that at a minimum in accordance with R.61-79.270.42:

- A. The Department is provided with written notification at least ninety (90) days prior the initiation of the property conveyance process. Such notice shall indicate the following:
 1. The type of property conveyance (e.g., an easement, or right of way, etc.)
 2. The anticipated final date for the conveyance
 3. Future property owners
 4. A list of SWMUs and/or AOCs affected by the conveyance
 5. Mechanism(s) that will be used to maintain any LUCs which may need to remain in place after the property conveyance.
- B. All LUCs for SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7 must be incorporated into the property conveyance documents so that the transferee(s) is given adequate notice of existing site condition(s). The details of the LUC provided in the property conveyance documents must be consistent with the details in the document where the final corrective action was selected

- C. It is understood that for the planned conveyance of any SWMUs and/or AOCs identified in Appendix A-7, the Department will re-evaluate the continued appropriateness of any previously agreed upon LUC(s) based upon the level of assurance provided, to ensure that necessary LUCs will be maintained and enforced.

VI. IMPLEMENTATION OF LAND USE CONTROLS

For every SWMU and/or AOC identified in Appendix A-7, the Permittee must provide the information listed below prior to implementing any LUC. This information should be presented in the CMI Workplan (or other Corrective Action document approved by the Department).

- A. SWMU and/or AOC Description: (e.g., provide survey plat map certified by a professional land surveyor)
- B. Location/Area Under Restriction: (e.g., northeast corner of the facility between buildings 250 and 260 as reflected on BMP page ___ / GIS index under IR Site ___).
- C. LUC(s) Implemented and Corresponding Objective(s): (e.g., installation of a fence to restrict public access, etc.)
- D. Corrective Action Selection Document: (e.g., CMS dated _____).
- E. Field Implementation Methods with Appropriate Figures: (e.g., engineering design drawings, etc.).
- F. Inspection Methods and Maintenance Procedures: (e.g., Monitoring well plan to include analytical suite, well identification, reporting format, etc.)
- G. Facility Planning Process: (e.g., a tracking system for facility employees to ensure proper maintenance of LUCs.)
- H. Schedule for Submitting a Contingency Plan to be Implemented in the Case that Corrective Action and LUCs are no Longer Effective: (e.g. procedure for notification and implementation corrective action in the event that pump and treat system is not achieving modeled goals, etc.)
- I. Corrective Action Completion - LUC Termination Process: (e.g. Pump and treat system has achieved goals and prohibition of drilling of drinking water wells is no longer needed, etc.)
- J. Other Pertinent Information: