

# Los Alamos

NATIONAL LABORATORY

Los Alamos National Laboratory  
Los Alamos, New Mexico 87545

Date: July 3, 1997  
In Reply Refer To: ESH-18/WQ&H:97-0190  
Mail Stop: K497  
Telephone: (505) 665-1859

Sta -  
Teri P -

Mr. Sam Coleman, P. E., Director  
Compliance Assurance and Enforcement Division (6-EN)  
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency  
1445 Ross Avenue  
Dallas, Texas 75202-2733

**SUBJECT: NOTICE OF CHANGED CONDITIONS AT NPDES OUTFALL 051**

Dear Mr. Coleman:

On May 21, 1997, and May 28, 1997, Mike Saladen of the Laboratory's Water Quality and Hydrology Group (ESH-18) discussed the following information with Everett Spencer and Fred Humke, of your staff. Mr. Saladen was advised to submit this notification of changed condition since these types of operations were not specified in the Laboratory's NPDES Permit Re-Application, dated August 31, 1990.

In accordance with Part III, Section III.D.1.a of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit issued to the Los Alamos National Laboratory (Laboratory) on August 1, 1994, I am providing this notification of change in the waste streams contributing to the effluent discharged at outfalls authorized under NPDES Permit No. NM0028355.

In support of the Laboratory's NPDES Permit Re-Application, the Laboratory submitted an NPDES Application Form 2C on August 31, 1990, for the TA-50 Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Plant (RLWTP). In the transmittal letter, it was noted that the information used in preparation of the 1990 NPDES Permit Re-Application was collected at Laboratory outfalls over an 18 month period and represented the best available information to the Laboratory at the time. However, since that time, additional waste streams have been identified. The NPDES Re-Application did not identify liquid waste streams derived from Environmental Restoration (ER) Project activities which are disposed into the TA-50 RLWTP. Most of the ER wastewater is derived from activities (e.g. decontamination of field equipment, well purging, etc.) at Potential Release Sites around the Laboratory. A summary of the ER Project activities, waste streams, estimated volumes and potential contaminants of concern that may be disposed at TA-50 RLWTP are included in Attachment 1. Locations of Potential Release Sites that may produce wastewater for disposal at TA-50 RLWTP are identified in Attachments 2 and 3.

Attachment 1 also lists other waste streams flowing to the TA-50 RLWTP which were not identified in the Laboratory's original re-application. These include wastewater originating from the decontamination of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), containment vessels, and materials used for shielding purposes. The Laboratory has also identified trace amounts of accelerator produced isotopes discharging to the TA-50 RLWTP during its annual RLWTP Collection System Survey. These are reported on Attachment 4.



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TA 50

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The treatment technologies currently used at TA-50 RLWTP include primary neutralization, chemical flocculation, precipitate settling, filtration, sludge de-watering and/or solidification via cementation. The solidified waste is transferred from TA-50 to TA-54, Area G, for storage and disposal. Treated effluent from the TA-50 RLWTP is discharged into Mortandad Canyon at NPDES Outfall 051. There are 20,885 gallons of effluent per each effluent tank batch discharged. Typically, the TA-50 RLWTP discharges 0 to 2 tanks of treated effluent on a run day resulting in daily volumes of 0 gallons per day (gpd) to 41,770 gpd. The TA-50 RLWTP runs 4 to 6 days per week. During a typical week the TA-50 RLWTP discharges between 2 and 8 tanks of treated effluent. The large variability in the discharge quantities is due to fluctuations in influent flow. Based on these figures, it is estimated that the TA-50 RLWTP will discharge between 104 and 416 times during the year, or between 2.17 million gallons per year (MGY) and 8.69 MGY. During 1996, the ER effluent derived waste and wastewater from decontamination activities discharged approximately 40,000 gallons into the TA-50 RLWTP. The Laboratory anticipates fluctuations in influent at the TA-50 RLWTP based on ER clean up schedules. Operational samples are collected prior to each batch discharge to ensure compliance with the Laboratory's NPDES Permit limits.

Additionally, an integral part of the TA-50 RLWTP's operation is the Laboratory's program for administratively controlling influent quality. Each group or division that generates radioactive liquid waste is represented by a Waste Management Coordinator (WMC), the primary contact between generators and RLWTP personnel. A waste profile form is completed for all waste streams discharged to the TA-50 RLWTP. Potential contaminants of concerns from ER sites are also identified in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Facility Investigation (RFI) documents prepared by the Laboratory's Environmental Restoration (ER) Group. Analytical data is available upon request. The WMC must ensure that:

- (1) Waste streams not identified and listed under the Laboratory's NPDES permit are not discharged into the TA-50 RLWTP collection system.
- (2) Operating personnel are familiar with pertinent administrative requirements, and waste management regulations.
- (3) The wastewater does not exceed the recommended limits set forth in the TA-50 RLWTP's Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC). A Waste Profile Form must be provided for any ER effluent derived waste that discharges to the TA-50 RLWTP.
- (4) Listed hazardous waste are not discharged into the RLWTP collection system.
- (5) The TA-50 RLWTP is notified immediately of unusual or accidental discharges that may violate waste management regulations.
- (6) The TA-50 RLWTP is contacted to coordinate waste that does not meet the requirements for disposal into the collection system.

Based on the information provided above, it is not expected that the waste streams derived from ER or decontamination activities has significantly changed the nature or increased the quantity of pollutants discharged at Outfall 051 in the future. Planned upgrades to the treatment units present at the TA-50 RLWTP will help ensure that no degradation of effluent quality is experienced at NPDES Outfall 051. In fact, it is expected that these upgrades will result in an overall improvement in the quality of effluent discharged at this outfall, especially with respect to radionuclides, fluoride, and nitrates.

Should you have any questions regarding this notification, please contact Mike Saladen at (505) 665-6085 or me at (505) 665-1859.



Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive that reads "Neil Willing for".

Steven R. Rae  
Group Leader

Water Quality and Hydrology Group

SR:MS/rj

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WQ&H File, MS K497  
CIC-10, MS A150

## Attachment 1

| Function                                    | Operations Controlling Flow        | Waste Streams   | Types of Contaminants  | Volume             | Comments   |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|--|
| Respiratory, Protective Equipment           | TA-50, Building 1, Room 41         | Radioactive Materials<br><br>Respirators used on Asbestos Jobs<br>Respirators used on Tritium Jobs<br>Respirators used on Beryllium Jobs<br>Respirators used on Lead/Paint Jobs<br>Wash Water | All types Mainly Pu, U, Am.<br><br>Asbestos<br><br>Tritium<br><br>Beryllium<br><br>Lead<br><br>Detergents. | ~22,500 gallons/yr | Respirators used by the Lab Hazmat Team and other certified respirator users for chemical protection are also processed by CST-7 Decontamination Operations Group. |
| Radiation, Detection Instruments            | TA-50, Building 1, Rm. 49          | Radioactive Materials<br>Nitric Acid<br>Hydrochloric Acid<br>Wash Water   | All types. Mainly Pu.<br><br><br>Detergents.   | ~200 gallons/yr    |  |
| ER Drilling Equipment (Augers, Cores, Etc.) | PRS Sites. See Attachments 2 and 3 | Radioactive Materials<br>Water<br><br>Water mixed with contaminated soil  | All types. Mainly Pu, Cs, U, AM.<br>Detergents, Degreaser, Grease/Oil.<br>VOCS, SVOCS Metals.              | ~800 gallons/yr.   |  |
| DX Confinement Chambers                     | TA-50, Building 1, Rm. 34B         | Radioactive Materials<br>Lead<br>Beryllium<br>Water   | D38  | ~110 gallons/yr.   |  |
| Lead Bricks/Pieces                          | TA-50, Building 185, Decon Trailer | Radioactive Materials<br>Metals<br>Wash Water   | All types. Mainly Pu.<br>CS, U, Am.<br>Lead  | ~2,500 gallons/yr. |  |
| Lab Equipment                               | TA-50, Building 1, Room 35         | Radioactive Materials   | All types. Mainly Pu.  | ~20 gallons/yr.    |  |

| Function  | Operations Controlling Flow  | Waste Streams  | Types of Contaminants   | Volume           | Comments |
|---|--|--|---|------------------|----------|
| Pumps   | TA-50, Building 1, Room 34B  | Water  | Detergents.   |                  |          |
| Precious Metals (Platinum Gold, Rhodium, Silver)        | TA-50, Building 1, Room 35   | Radioactive Materials<br>Hydrochloric Acid<br>Water              | All types. Mainly Pu.   | ~30 gallons/yr.  |          |
| Miscellaneous Tools                                     | TA-50, Building 1, Room 35 and various PRS Sites (See Attachments 2 and 3).        | Radioactive Materials  | All types. Mainly Pu, Cs, U, Am.  | ~150 gallons/yr. |          |
| Hand Tools  | TA-50, Building 1, Room 35, D + D activities, and PRS sites (Attachments 2 and 3). | Water/Soil   | Detergents. Possible low concentrations of VOCs, SVOCs, Radioactivity   |                  |          |
| Heavy Equip. (Power Tools, Vehicles, Lowboys, Backhoes) | TA-50 Building 1, Room 34B   | Radioactive Materials<br><br>Contaminated Soil<br><br>Wash Water | All types. Mainly Pu, Cs, U, Am.<br><br>Possible low concentrations of VOCS, SVOCS, Metals, Radioactivity.<br>Detergents, Grease, Soil. | ~700 gallons/yr. |          |

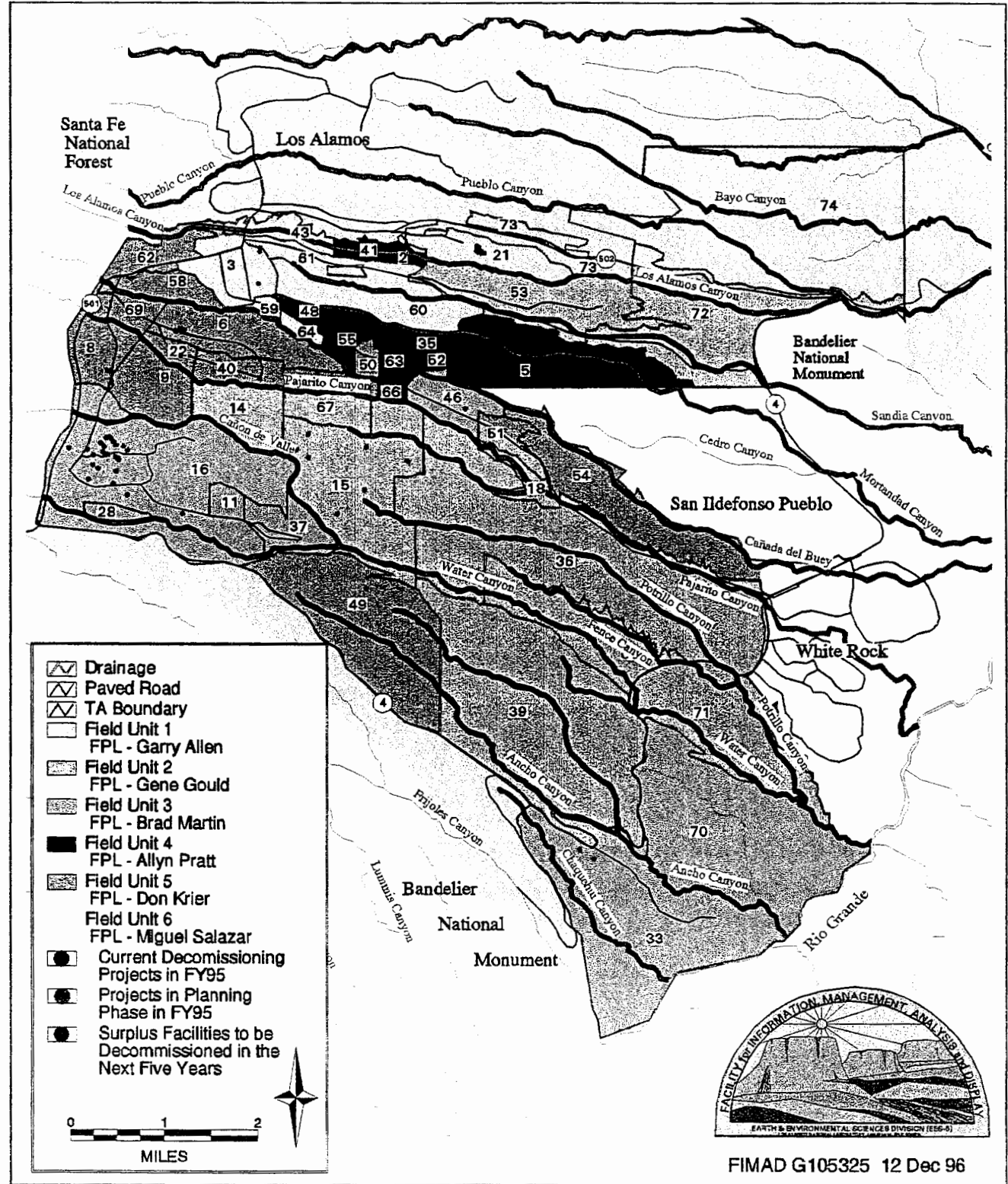
**Attachment 2**

**Los Alamos National Laboratory  
Environmental Restoration Sites**

| <b>Field Unit Number<br/>(Field Unit Leader)</b> | <b>Operable Units</b>                        | <b>Technical Areas</b>  |
|--|--|---|
| 1<br>(Gary Allen)                                | 1071<br>1078<br>1079<br>1106<br>1114<br>1136 | 0, 19, 26, 73, 74<br>1<br>10, 31, 32, 45<br>21<br>3, 30, 59, 60, 61, 64<br>43 |
| 2<br>(Gene Gould)                                | 1085<br>1086<br>1093<br>1100<br>1130<br>1132 | 12, 14, 67<br>15<br>18, 27, 65<br>20, 53, 72<br>36, 68, 71<br>39              |
| 3<br>(Brad Martin)                               | 1082<br>1122<br>1140                         | 11, 13, 16, 24, 25, 28, 37<br>33, 70<br>46                                    |
| 4<br>(Allyn Pratt)                               | 1049<br>1098<br>1129                         | Canyons<br>2, 41<br>4, 5, 35, 42, 48, 52, 55, 63, 66                          |
| 5<br>(Don Krier)                                 | 1111<br>1144<br>1147<br>1148<br>1154<br>1157 | 6, 7, 22, 40, 58, 62<br>49<br>50<br>51, 54<br>57<br>8, 9, 23, 69              |

Note: See attached map of LANL Environmental Restoration Sites.

# Los Alamos National Laboratory



## Attachment 4

**TA-48 Building 1  
RC-1 and Hot Cell Wing  
Accelerator Produced Isotopes**

| Radionuclide | Min       | Max       | Unit |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|------|
| GRBETA       | 0.000E+00 | 5.000E-07 | CIL  |
| GAMMA        | 0.000E+00 | 5.000E-07 | CIL  |
| CS134        | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-09 | CIL  |
| CS137        | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-09 | CIL  |
| I133         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| NB95         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| SR90         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-09 | CIL  |
| ZR95         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| AS74         | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| BE7          | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-06 | CIL  |
| CO56         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| CO57         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| CO58         | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| CO60         | 0.000E+00 | 5.000E-09 | CIL  |
| CR51         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| EU152        | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| MN52         | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| MN54         | 0.000E+00 | 5.000E-08 | CIL  |
| RB83         | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| RB84         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| SE75         | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| SR82         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| SR85         | 0.000E+00 | 7.000E-08 | CIL  |
| V48          | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| Y88          | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-08 | CIL  |
| ZN65         | 0.000E+00 | 9.000E-09 | CIL  |
| ZR88         | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-08 | CIL  |
| BI207        | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-07 | CIL  |
| AS73         | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| NA22         | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-08 | CIL  |
| NA24         | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-08 | CIL  |
| TI44         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| FE59         | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| GE68         | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| TC95M        | 0.000E+00 | 3.000E-08 | CIL  |
| AG110M       | 0.000E+00 | 1.000E-08 | CIL  |
| CD113M       | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| CD109        | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| CD115M       | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| SN113        | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |
| SC46         | 0.000E+00 | 2.000E-08 | CIL  |
| GA68         | 0.000E+00 | 4.000E-08 | CIL  |