### RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION (RFI) REPORT OF FINDINGS

### REVISED

For Person Generating Station Hazardous Waste Storage Facility - Natural Pit Area (NMT360010342)

August 20, 1990

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chap	ter and	Description
		Page
	Certif	ication Statement
1.0	Introd	uction
2.0	Depart	ures From RFI Workplan
	2.1 E	PA Revisions
	2.2 P	rocedural Revisions
3.0		ption of Sampling Activities 4
		ampling Objective 4
	3.2 S	ampling Team
	3.3 S	oil Descriptions
		ample Collection and Preservation 5
		uality Assurance 6
4.0	Data R	esults
	4.1 H	eavy Metals Analysis 8
	4.2 H	eavy Organics
	4.3 S	olvents
5.0	Findin	gs16
	5.1 H	eavy Metals
	5.2 H	eavy Organics
	5.3 S	olvents
	5.4 Q	uality Assurance
6.0	Future	Action
Appe	ndix A.	EPA RFI Workplan Approval Letter
Exhi	bit l.	Sampling Map for the Natural Pit Area
Exhi	bit 2.	Sampling Map for the Background Samples
Exhi	bit 3.	Photographs of the Sampling Activities
Exhi	bit 4.	Soil Description Charts
Exhi	bit 5.	
Exhi	bit 6.	Laboratory Data Report
	bit 7.	Tolerance Interval Analysis for Sample Locations
		1, 2, 3, and 4 (Background)
Exhi	bit 8.	
		Intervals with Probability Level (Confidence Factor)
		Y = 0.95 and Coverage P=95%
Exhi	bit 9.	Sampling Map for Phase II Sampling

#### Certification Statement

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### For Person Generating Station Hazardous Waste Storage Facility - Natural Pit Area (NPT360010342)

#### August 20, 1990

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Jerry Godwin

Vice president of Electric Operations

#### 1.0 Introduction

In November 1986, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM), submitted its "Permit Application for a Hazardous Waste Storage Facility at Person Generating Station", hereafter permit application, for the waste oil storage tank located at Person Generating Station. The permit was approved and became effective on August 31, 1988. That permit has the EPA designation of NMT360010342.

Paragraph C.4(a) of the permit required that PNM perform a RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) for the Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU), identified as the Natural Pit Area, to assess and verify any release of hazardous waste to soil.

An RFI Workplan was prepared and submitted to EPA in Janaury 1989. On March 1, 1989, EPA notified PNM of several modifications it wanted to see in the workplan. These modifications were made and the workplan was resubmitted to EPA in late March 1989.

On July 31, 1989, EPA notified PNM by letter that the RFI Workplan had been approved. The letter included two revisions which EPA added to the workplan. These revisions are further discussed in Section 2.0 of this report. A revised workplan did not need to be submitted, rather EPA instructed PNM to immediately initiate implementation of the approved RFI Workplan (as revised).

Soil sampling was conducted on August 1-2, 1989. This RFI report presents the analytical results from the soil samples and outlines our plan of action for further investigation of the site.

### 2.0 Departures From the RFI Workplan

This section deals with Person RFI activities which departed from the RFI Workplan as submitted in March 1989. Included as departures are revisions to the Workplan made by EPA in its approval letter. They are identified here because they were not included in the Workplan as written, but were added to the Workplan by reference in the EPA approval letter.

Other departures discussed here include changes in procedures made after the Workplan was submitted. In all cases these changes were made because preliminary testing of proposed procedures showed them to be unworkable in the field. These changes were discussed with EPA prior to actual implementation.

### 2.1 EPA Revisions

In the July 31, 1989 letter (See Appendix A) approving the RFI Workplan, EPA incorporated two revisions to the Workplan by reference to the letter. They were minor in nature but are included here since they are not present in the current Workplan as written.

#### Depth of Sampling

The Workplan states that soil borings will be at one foot intervals down to 5 feet. EPA added the following requirement:

"If soil borings from the 4 to 5 foot sampling intervals indicate contamination, then further soil sampling will be required to determine the vertical extent of contamination."

#### Statistical Analysis

The Workplan describes tolerance interval analysis as the selected statistical method for the data. The method, as described, is sensitive to the normality of the data. In the event that the data are not normally distributed, or cannot be transformed to normal for analysis, the EPA added the following requirement:

"If data from soil borings does not conform to procedures described in Section 5.3, then a different statistical procedure will be used. This different procedure must be approved by the Administrative Authority."

### 2.2 Procedural Revisions

In early July 1989, PNM personnel tested the hand auger method described in Section 7.2 of the Workplan. The hand auger was found to be unusable for the following two reasons:

1. The soil type at the study area is a gravelly sand with very low cohesion. It was very easy to core into, but more

often than not the plug would not stay in the coring bucket, but would fall back down into the hole. It was felt that using the hand auger would exacerbate attempts to collect samples in a timely manner and would cause great disturbance to the soil sample.

2. The hand auger was impossible to operate without causing upper levels of the soil to fall down into the hole. It was felt that if the hand auger was used it would be impossible to prevent upper layers of contamination from penetrating to deeper layers. This would cause two problems: a) cross contamination in the analysis, and b) dispersion of the contamination to deeper soil layers.

To address these concerns, a drilling contractor was hired. The contractor used a drilling rig and core sampling device which typically provides undisturbed and intact soil cores. The soil cores were taken from a split tube sampler which penetrated the soil from the inside of a continual rotary auger tube. Separate split tube samplers were used for each succeeding sampling depth.

The auger and split spoon sections were steam cleaned on site prior to and after the drilling of each hole. 3.0 Description of Sampling Activities

#### 3.1 Sampling Objective

The sampling and analysis scheme employed for this RFI was designed to determine the presence and extent of various organic and metallic parameters in the soil of the Natural Pit area at Person Station. The specifics of the scheme are described in detail in Sections 5.0 and 6.0 of the RFI workplan, and will not be repeated here. Except for the procedural departure noted above in Section 2.2 of this report (split tube and rotary auger combination used instead of a hand auger) the proposed sampling scheme was followed exactly.

The basic approach was to collect soil samples at one foot intervals down to five feet from several locations inside the Natural Pit for comparison to like samples taken from a "background" location. The Natural Pit samples were taken from the approximate locations shown on Exhibit 5, Sampling Map for the Natural Pit Area, of the RFI workplan (sample numbers 5, 6, 7 and 8). This map is also contained in this report as Exhibit 1.

Background sample locations (sample numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4) were not specified in the RFI workplan but were selected at the time of sampling. The background sample locations selected were located just east of the northeast corner of the Person Station property boundary. This area was believed to be more suitable for background analysis than any area within the Person Station property boundary. A map showing the approximate locations of the background samples is presented as Exhibit 2 of this report.

#### 3.2 Sampling Team

The sampling team consisted of five persons with the following duties. Two persons operated the drilling rig. One person handled all containers and documented date and time of collection on sampling sheets and labels. One person collected the samples from the split tube assemblies and placed representative amounts in the sampling containers. This person also set aside a portion of the sample for soil characterization. The fifth person took photographs of each core section and the sampling operations in general and provided other assistance as needed. All photographs are contained as Exhibit 3 of this report.

### 3.3 Soil Descriptions

The soils underlying the RFI site are describe in detail by the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) in a collective document, the Bernalillo County Soil Survey (USDA-SCS, 1977) (Provided as Table III-3, in Attachment 1 of the RFI workplan, "Assessment of Exposure Potentials of Person Generating Station"). The soil mapping unit of the RFI vicinity is desribed in the SCS as the Bluepoint-Kokan association comprising two fairly identifiable soil series. A reconnasisance hand augering of the study area identified the RFI study area to consist specifically of the Kokan soil series.

The background sample location (samples 1, 2, 3 and 4) was consequently selected in a Kokan soil series location.

Each depth interval at each sampling location was examined for physical soil properties to verify consistancy in soil type between the investigation samples (samples 5, 6, 7 and 8) and the background samples (samples 1, 2, 3, and 4). Soil examinations were performed in the field by the same individual.

Representative samples were collected from each soil sampling increment to be analyzed and were described for texture, color, and calcareousness. Soil texture was determined utilizing a wet soil ribbon technique. Reaction to a 10% solution of hydrochloric acid identified calcareousness. A Munsell Soil Color Chart was used to describe the sample color while dry and wet. In some cases the sample was already wet due to rain. No attempt was made to artificially dry the sample for a dry color description.

In general, all samples were a gravelly sand, slightly calcareous, and of a very pale brown color (dry), pale brown color (wet). This description is consistant with the Kokan soil series described in detail by the Soil Conservation Service and presented in the Bernalillo County Soil Survey.

Only one sample location (number 4 - background) varied slightly from the above description. Beneath the top foot, the soil became a gravelly loamy sand, slightly calcareous, and of a light yellow brown color (dry), yellowish brown (wet). This description probably still tends to follow the characteristics of the Kokan series.

Other variations in color were noted at sample location number 7 (0-36 inches) and at sample location number 8 (0-10 inches). This was due to obvious soil contamination from the fuel oil spill described in Section 3.2.1 of the RFI workplan. The fuel oil imparted a dark brown to black color to the soil.

Soil description charts for all sampling locations and depth intervals are presented as Exhibit 4 of this report.

3.4 Sample Collection and Preservation

Sampling occurred over a two day period commencing August 1, 1989 and ending August 2, 1989. Sample locations 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8 were drilled on August 1; while 6 and 7 were drilled on August 2. It should be noted that sampling was to occur early on August 1, 1989. Due to looseness of sandy soil at sample locations, a small tracked dozer was needed to provide access to sampling locations and move the drill rig.

The rotary auger/split tube sampling procedure was capable of withdrawing approximately 18 inches of undisturbed soil core per split tube sampler assembly. Due to the extreme dryness and fine grain particles of deeper samples, some sample material was lost. There was, however, sufficient sample to perform needed analysis in all cases. Each split tube was pulled out of the hole, laid across a metal rack, and opened. A photograph was taken of the section, then a representative sample from each one foot interval was removed with stainless steel sampling spoons and placed in 80z wide mouth glass jars. The jars were QA/QC checked and supplied by Eagle Picher Environmental Services. A copy of the Certificate of Analysis for the container lot used in this investigation is contained as Exhibit 5 of this report.

Each sample jar was pre-labeled as to sample location number, and depth interval. The date and time of collection, and name and signature of sample collector were written on the label after each sample was collected. The sample was then taped and placed on ice in a large cooler.

Documentation for each sample was also maintained on sample logs. An example log is shown in Exhibit 1 of the RFI workplan. Chain of custody forms (See Exhibit 2 of the RFI workplan) were used to track movement of the samples from collection through delivery to the analytical laboratory.

Samples collected on August 1, 1989 were delivered to the laboratory early on August 2, 1989. Samples collected on August 2, 1989 were delivered to the laboratory later on the same day.

3.5 Quality Assurance

Several steps were taken to ensure the quality of the results obtained from the sampling procedure. As mentioned above, a rotary auger - split tube sampling procedure was used to minimize cross contamination between soil layers. The rotary drills and split spoon samplers were steam cleaned before and after each hole to prevent cross contamination between sample locations. Individual split tube samplers were used for each successive sample interval.

All team members involved in the handling of samples wore latex examination gloves.

Two soil blanks were provided by the analytical laboratory. One blank contained soil washed in methyl alcohol, the other blank contained soil washed in an acetone/hexane solvent.

The laboratory also provided containers of the reagent solvents above for use in generating two additional field blanks from the initial cleaning of the sampling spoons. These solvents were also used for the cleaning of the spoons between each sample collection.

Laboratory precision was assessed by the submittal of sample duplicates from sample location number 7. The duplicates were collected at the same time and consisted of placing similar amounts of soil from each interval of the soil core into their respective sample jars. The analytical laboratory also selected several samples from the set to analyze in duplicate. For purposes of analysis these duplicate results are averaged into a single value and reported as such in this report. 4.0 Data Results

Exhibit 6 of this report contains a copy of the analytical data report prepared by Assaigai Laboratories, Inc. The data tables contained in this report are extracted from the laboratory data report.

4.1 Heavy Metals Analysis

Natural Pit and background samples were analyzed for arsenic, cadmium, chromium, and lead. As more fully described in Section 8.4 of the RFI workplan, the approach on heavy metals analysis was to statistically compare results from background samples to results from sample locations within the natural pit.

Because it was felt that the results may be sensitive to moisture content of the soil sample, a percent moisture analysis was performed by the laboratory on each sample. The statistical analysis was then done in duplicate (uncorrected for moisture content and corrected for moisture content). Both results are reported here, but it was found that correcting for moisture content made no difference in this study as to which samples exceeded their threshold limit.

Exhibit 7 of this report contains the Tolerance Interval Analysis spreadsheet listings for the four background sample locations (1,2,3 and 4), corrected for moisture content and uncorrected. Since each natural pit sample was to be compared to its corresponding depth from the background, the listings in Exhibit 7 are organized by metal with statistical parameters based on all background samples from each depth. Thus, there are four samples for each depth on which to perform the Tolerance Interval Analysis. The Threshold Limit (TL) was calculated from:

TL = AVG + K \* SD

where,

AVG = arithmetic mean of the four samples
K = Tolerance Factor for 95% coverage and 95% confidence
SD = standard deviation of the four samples

The Tolerance Factor (K) was taken from Table 5 of Appendix B in the EPA document <u>Statistical Analysis of Ground Water Monitoring Data at RCRA</u> <u>Facilities.</u> Table 5 is reproduced in Exhibit 8 of this report.

After calculating the Threshold Limit for each heavy metal at each depth, all Natural Pit samples were compared against their corresponding threshold limit. Tables 1 and 2 of this report show the comparison of each Natural Pit sample with its Threshold Limit. Table 1 is uncorrected for moisture content while Table 2 is corrected for moisture content. Sample values, as reported by the laboratory were corrected for moisture content by the following formula:

$$Mc = Mr$$
  
1 - (W/100)

where,

Mc = Metal concentration, corrected
Mr = Metal concentration, reported
W = Percent moisture as reported

As mentioned above, correcting for moisture content made no difference as to which samples exceeded their corresponding Threshold Limits in this study.

The results of this analysis are further discussed in Section 5 of this report.

### Table 1

### Analytical Results from Natural Pit Area - Metals (Uncorrected For Moisture Content)

## ARSENIC (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
*========			32222		======	======	======
0 - 1	5.08	14.89	5.2*	3.9	7.6	6.6*	5.1
1 - 2	5.08	8.93	31.2*	2.4	5.2	5.1	3.8
2 - 3	3.55	9.71	<2.0	2.2	6.7	13.9	2.2
3 - 4	3.23	10.74	<2.0	2.2	6.7	5.5	5.8
4 - 5	3.52	5.13	2.3	3.9	2.9	2.4	2.0

### CADMIUM (mg/kg)

	Background	Threshold	Site #				
Depth (ft)	Average	Limit	5	6	7A	7B	8
	===========	========	=====	=====	======	*=====	======
0 - 1	2.98	22.10	0.6	0.1*	0.2	0.2	<0.1
1 - 2	1.11	6.45	2.4	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
2 - 3	0.36	1.38	0.6	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
3 - 4	0.46	3.56	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
4 - 5	2.05	19.43	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

# CHROMIUM (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
	2=========	=========	======	======	=====	======	2=====
0 - 1	4.50	10.68	6506*	5.6	22.3*	16.6*	6.1
1 - 2	4.20	11.76	89.6*	3.5*	6.3	5.5*	4.6
2 - 3	2.95	9.21	3.1	3.7	12.3	10.3	<2.0
3 - 4	3.38	4.75	3.0	2.5	8.8	6.2	2.2
4 - 5	3.40	5.95	2.2	3.0	2.4	1.6	3.8

### LEAD (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
===========	==========	===========	=====	=====	======	======	======
0 - 1	10.93	34.32	12.4*	14.4	38.4*	44.8*	7.1
1 - 2	6.72	24.59	71.2*	7.8	6.9	6.3	4.4
2 - 3	3.67	4.73	4.4	6.9	5.1	4.9	3.3
3 - 4	3.65	6.34	3.1	4.5	3.9	3.9	4.0
4 - 5	4.07	7.42	4.2	4.1	3.4	3.5	4.5

\* Average from duplicate results reported by lab.

### Table 2

### Analytical Results from Natural Pit Area - Metals (Corrected For Moisture Content)

### ARSENIC (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
	=========	========	202233	<b>2</b> 22222	======	======	=====
0 - 1	5.35	15.91	5.5*	4.1	7.9	6.8*	5.2
1 - 2	5.17	9.03	33.7*	2.5	5.4	5.3	4.0
2 - 3	3.60	9.97	<2.0	2.2	6.8	14.2	2.4
3 - 4	3.30	11.01	<2.0	2.2	6.8	5.6	5.9
4 - 5	3.63	5.23	2.3	4.0	2.9	2.4	2.0

# CADMIUM (mg/kg)

	Background	Threshold	Site #				
Depth (ft)	Average	Limit	5	6	7A	7 B	8
			======	=====		======	=====
0 - 1	3.15	23.56	0.6	0.1*	0.2	0.2	<0.1
1 - 2	1.14	6.62	2.6	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
2 - 3	0.36	1.38	0.6	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	<0.1
3 - 4	0.46	3.56	0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
4 - 5	2.10	19.93	<0.1	0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1

# CHROMIUM (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
=========	==========	========	=======	3=====	======	=====	=====
0 - 1	4.73	11.55	6832*	5.9	23.3*	17.3*	6.2
1 - 2	4.30	11.86	96.3*	3.6*	6.5	5.7*	4.8
2 - 3	3.02	9.50	3.2	3.8	12.5	10.5	<2.0
3 - 4	3.45	4.97	3.1	2.6	8.9	6.3	2.2
4 - 5	3.50	6.05	2.2	3.0	2.4	1.6	3.8

### LEAD (mg/kg)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site ∦ 8
==================		*======	=====	======	=====	======	=====
0 - 1	11.47	36.47	13.1*	15.0	40.1*	46.4*	7.2
1 - 2	6.88	25.18	76.6*	8.1	7.1	6.5	4.6
2 - 3	3.77	4.83	4.5	7.0	5.2	5.0	3.6
3 - 4	3.75	6.44	3.2	4.6	4.0	3.9	4.0
4 - 5	4.17	7.52	4.3	4.2	3.4	3.5	4.5

\* Average from duplicate results reported by lab.

### 4.2 Heavy Organics

Natural Pit samples were also analyzed for Oil and Grease, Toluene, Napthalene, and Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs). These parameters were not measured in the background samples. As stated in the RFI workplan, any level of presence in the samples would constitute contamination. For these parameters, the Threshold Limit was set to the nominal detection limit of the parameter as supplied by the analytical laboratory. Table 3 shows the comparison of each Natural Pit sample with the nominal detection limit (Threshold Limit) for that parameter. The results are further discussed in Section 5 of this report.

### Table 3

Analytical Results from Natural Pit Area - Heavy Organics

# Oil and Grease (ug/g)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
========		=======	=====	=====	203222	======	=====
0 - 1	NA	50	<50	<50	35427	62640	7381
1 - 2	NA	50	<50	<50	68692	59566	<50
2 - 3	NA	50	<50	<50	17285	13596	<50
3 - 4	NA	. 50	<50	<50	835	176	<50
4 - 5	NA	50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50

# Toluene (ug/g)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
	===========	=========	======	=====	======	======	=====
0 - 1	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	0.34	0.32	<0.25
1 - 2	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	1.7	1.9	<0.25
2 - 3	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
3 - 4	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
4 - 5	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25

Napthalene (ug/g)

	Background	Threshold	Site #				
Depth (ft)	Average	Limit	5	6	7A	7B	8
==========	==========	=========	=====	======	=====	=====	======
0 - 1	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
1 - 2	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	5.7	5.6	<0.25
2 - 3	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
3 - 4	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
4 - 5	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25

# PCB (ug/g)

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
===========	=========	========	2=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
0 - 1	NA	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
1 - 2	NA	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
2 - 3	NA	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
3 - 4	NA	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
4 - 5	NA	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0

\* Average from duplicate results reported by lab.

### 4.3 Solvents

Natural Pit samples were also analyzed for 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (TCA), Perchloroethylene (PCE), and Trichloroethylene (TCE). These parameters were not measured in the background samples. As stated in the RFI workplan, any level of presence would constitute contamination. For these parameters, the Threshold Limit was set to the nominal detection limit of the parameter as supplied by the analytical laboratory. Table 4 shows the comparison of each Natural Pit sample with the nominal detection limit (Threshold Limit) for that parameter. The results are further discussed in Section 5 of this report.

# Table 4

Analytical Results from Natural Pit Area - Solvents

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
===========	=============	=========	=====	======	======		=====
0 - 1	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
1 - 2	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
2 - 3	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
3 - 4	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
4 - 5	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25

Depth (ft)	Background Average	Threshold Limit	Site # 5	Site # 6	Site # 7A	Site # 7B	Site # 8
============			=====	=====	======	=====	=====
0 - 1	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
1 - 2	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
2 - 3	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
3 - 4	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
4 - 5	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25

	Background					Site #	
Depth (ft)	Average	Limit	5	6	7A	7B	8
=========		========	=====	======	=====	=====	=====
0 - 1	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
1 - 2	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
2 - 3	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
3 - 4	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25
4 - 5	NA	0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25

\* Average from duplicate results reported by lab.

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5.0 Findings

5.1 Heavy Metals

#### Background

In general, heavy metal concentrations tended to decrease with depth at the background sampling locations. This trend was most obvious for lead concentrations and least for cadmium concentrations.

A requirement for use of the Tolerance Interval Analysis procedure was that the data be normally distributed. The Coefficient of Variance (CV in the listings of Exhibit 7) was used as an indicator of normality. This method was described in Section 4.2.2 of the EPA document <u>Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities</u>, February 1989. If the CV exceeds 1.00, there is evidence that the data are not normally distributed.

Only for the parameter cadmium, did CV values exceed 1.00. Usually this would have required that the data be transformed and made normal for the statistical comparison. This was not done, however, because the analytical results from the Natural Pit samples were extremely low for cadmium and it was intuitively obvious that no amount of transformation would yield Natural Pit values above the background Threshold Limits.

The CV for all sampling intervals for arsenic, chromium, and lead were below 1.00 and the data was assumed to meet the normality requirement for use of the Tolerance Interval Analysis procedure.

### Natural Pit

The results obtained for three of the heavy metal parameters were not expected based on information about the Natural Pit known at the time the sampling scheme was designed. Historical use of the Natural Pit area did not indicate that high concentrations of heavy metals would be found.

Values slightly above the threshold limits for arsenic, chromium and lead were seen at sample location number 7. This was not totally unexpected as this site was characterized by number 6 fuel oil contamination down to about four feet. Chromium exceedances were seen in the top interval (0-1 foot) and in the intervals 2-3 feet and 3-4 feet. An arsenic exceedance occurred at the 2-3 foot level. Lead values exceeded their threshold limits at the 0-1 foot interval and the 2-3 foot interval. The magnitude of the exceedances ranged from about 5 times background average down to 1.5 times background average.

An unexpected finding was the presence of a "hot spot" of contamination at sample location number 5. Chromium levels were 1500 times the background average in the first foot of the soil and 20 times the background average in the 1-2 foot interval. Below that level, concentrations were identicle to background values. Sample values exceeding the threshold limit for arsenic and lead were also detected in the 1-2 foot interval at this sample location. The magnitude was 6 times the background average for arsenic and 10 times the background average for lead. The top interval (0-1 foot) did not show exceedences for these parameters.

Only one other threshold limit exceedance was detected. The 2-3 foot interval at sample location number 6 showed lead concentrations slightly above the background. This is probably not significant for the following reasons. The measured value (6.9 mg/kg) fits neatly in the decreasing progression of data from 14.4 mg/kg at the 0-1 foot interval to 4.1 mg/kg at the 4-5 foot interval. The progression mimics that seen in the background data. A close look at the background data (See Exhibit 7) shows that the four samples used to calculate the Threshold Limit are closely grouped in concentration. This yielded a very small standard deviation (0.20 mg/kg) which in turn caused the threshold limit to be very restrictive. It is therefore believed that this exceedance is an anomaly of the method and not a true contamination event.

5.2 Heavy Organics

#### Background

No background samples were analyzed for the four heavy organic parameters (Oil and Grease, Toluene, Napthalene, and PCB). These parameters were assumed to be absent in the background soil. For comparison purposes the Threshold Limit was set to the nominal detection limit for each parameter as reported by the analytical laboratory.

#### Natural Pit

No PCBs were detected at any depth interval at any sample location.

No heavy organic parameters were detected at sample location numbers 5 and 6. Sample location number 8 showed some Oil and Grease in the O-1 foot interval only. No other heavy organic parameter was detected at sample location number 8.

At sample location number 7, where the fuel oil number 6 contamination was present, Oil and Grease was detected down to 4 feet, Toluene and Napthalene were detected down to 2 feet.

5.3 Solvents

#### Background

No background samples were analyzed for the three chlorinated solvent parameters (1,1,1-TCA, PCE, TCE). These parameters were assumed to be absent in the background soil. For comparison purposes the Threshold Limit was set to the nominal detection limit for each parameter as reported by the analytical laboratory.

#### <u>Natural Pit</u>

No chlorinated solvents were detected at any depth interval of any sample location.

5.4 Quality Assurance

Field Blanks

The analytical laboratory provided two soil trip blanks for delivery to field and back (identified on the laboratory sheets as PNM-0-1 and PNM-0-2). The first soil blank had been washed with methyl alcohol reagent and the second soil blank had been washed with an acetone/hexane solvent reagent.

The first soil blank was analyzed for PCB content. No detectable levels (<1.0 ug/g) were found.

The second soil blank was analyzed for PCE, TCE, 1,1,1-TCA, Toluene, and Napthalene. No detectable levels (<0.25 ug/g) were found.

The laboratory also provided containers of the reagent solvents describe above for use in cleaning of the sampling spoons between uses. The initial cleaning of the spoons with each solvent was collected and submitted for laboratory analysis (identified on the laboratory analysis sheets as PNM-0-3 and PNM-0-4). The methyl alcohol wash was analyzed for PCB content. No detectable levels (<1.0 ug/g) were found. The acetone/hexane wash was analyzed for PCE, TCE, 1,1,1-TCA, Toluene, and Napthalene. No detectable levels (<0.1 ug/ml) were found.

### Laboratory Duplicates

The laboratory randomly selected numerous samples for duplicate analysis. The paired results listed by parameter are shown in Table 5. This table also summarizes the percent difference between pairs and shows the mean and standard deviation of the data values (if sufficient numbers of pairs are available). Pairs comprised of non-dectable values are shown but not included in the summary. Only analytical results for chromium, lead, and Oil and Grease were sufficient for statistical analysis.

The standard deviation of the percent differences were 43.4%, 34.1%, and 3.0% for chromium, lead, and Oil and Grease, respectively.

#### Field Duplicates

Samples from sample location number 7 were split in the field and provided to the laboratory for duplicate analysis. The paired results listed by parameter are shown in Table 6. This table also summarizes the percent difference between pairs and shows the mean and standard deviation of the data values (if sufficient numbers of pairs are available). Pairs comprised of non-detectable values are shown but not included in the summary. For the heavy metals, the standard deviation of the percent difference were 7.8%, 8.6%, and 48.3% for chromium, lead, and arsenic, respectively. Only one valid pair was available for cadmium (0.0% difference), thus no standard deviation could be calculated.

The standard deviation of the percent difference for Oil and Grease analysis was 55,7%. The standard deviation of the percent difference for Toluene was 8.8%.

No statistical summation was possible for Napthalene, PCB, 1,1,1-TCA, PCE, or TCE.

# Table 5

	A	rseni	c	C	ladmiu	m	Cł	iromiu	m
	А	В	%Diff	A	В	%Diff	 A	В	%Diff
	2.7 26.8	7.7 35.7	185 33.2	0.2 <0.1 <0.1	0.2 <0.1 <0.1	0.0	6.1 3.1 12900 169.1 3.5 22.0 22.0 5.3	10.0 3.4 22.5	6.6 6.5 -99.1 -94.1 -2.9 2.3 -48.6 7.5
N	 2	2	2	1		 1	8	8	8
Mean Std.Dev							1641 4256	21.7 34.2	-27.7 43.4

Precision Assessment for Laboratory Duplicates

	L	ead		0i1 .	and Gr	ease		PCB		
	A 	B	%Diff	A	В	%Diff	A	В	%Diff	
	13.9 58.0	11.0 84.4	-20.9	7463 < 50	7299	-2.2	<1.0 <1.0	<1.0 <1.0		
	39.0 59.0		-3.3 -48.1	< 50 865	< 50 804	 -7.1	<1.0 <1.0	<1.0 <1.0		
					59454 13075	-0.4 -7.4	<1.0	<1.0		
N	4	4	4	4	4					
Mean Std.Dev.	42.5 18.3	40.9 26.9	-6.7 34.1	20531 23082	20158 23099	-4.3 3.0				

# Table 5 (Continued)

# Precision Assessment for Laboratory Duplicates

		PCE			TCE			TCA			
	A	В	%Diff	А	В	%Diff	<u>А</u>	В	%Diff		
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	 	<0.25	<0.25			
N											
Mean											
Std.Dev							·				

	Na	apthale	ene `	Т	Toluene			
	A B %Diff			A	B	%Diff		
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25			
N								
Mean								
Std.Dev								

# Table 6

	A	rseni	c	C	admiu	n	Ch	romium	
	A B %D		B %Diff		В	%Diff	A	B %Dif	f
	7.6 5.2 6.7 6.7 2.9	5.1 13.9 5.5	-13.2 - 1.9 107.5 -17.9 -17.2	0.2 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	0.2 <0.1 0.2 <0.1 <0.1	0.0	22.2 6.3 12.3 8.8 2.4	$\begin{array}{c} 16.7 & -24. \\ 5.5 & -12. \\ 10.3 & -16. \\ 6.2 & -29. \\ 1.6 & -33. \end{array}$	7 3 5
N Mean Std.Dev	5.8 5.8	5 6.7 3.9	5 11.4 48.3	1 	1 	1	5 10.4 6.7	5 8.1 -23. 5.1 7.	-

# Precision Assessment for Field Duplicates

	L	lead		Oil	and Gr	ease		PCB	
	A 	B	%Diff	A	B	%Diff	A	B	%Diff
	38.4	44.8	16.7	35427	62640	76.8	<1.0	<1.0	
	6.9	6.3	-8.7	68692	59566	-13.3	<1.0	<1.0	
	5.1	4.9	-3.9	17285	13596	-21.3	<1.0	<1.0	
	3.9	3.9	0.0	835	176	-78.9	<1.0	<1.0	
	3.4	3.5	2.9	< 50	< 50		<1.0	<1.0	
N	5	5	5	4	4	4			
Mean	11.5	12.7	1.4	20531	20158	-4.3			
Std.Dev.	13.5	16.1	8.6	23082	23099	3.0			

### Table 6 (Continued)

# Precision Assessment for Field Duplicates

		PCE			TCE		•		
	A	В	%Diff	A	В	%Diff	A	В	%Diff
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
N									
Mean									
Std.Dev									

	Na	apthale	ene	Te	oluene	
	A	В	%Diff	A	B	%Diff
	<0.25	<0.25		0.34	0.32	-5.9
	5.7	5.6	-1.8	1.7	1.9	11.8
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
	<0.25	<0.25		<0.25	<0.25	
N	1	1	1	2	2	2
Mean						
Std.Dev						

6.0 Future Action

6.1 General Discussion

The results of this investigation indicate that in certain areas of the Natural Pit residual fuel oil contamination still exists and remains a source for the release of miscellaneous organic compounds into the environment. Chlorinated solvents and PCBs were not detected, and only small amounts of Napthalene and Toluene were detected. The fuel oil contaminated areas did not appear to be a source of heavy metal compounds.

Statistically significant concentrations of chromium and arsenic were detected at another site within the Natural Pit. It cannot be determined from this investigation whether or not this represents movement of heavy metals away from the fuel oil contamination areas, or if a second contamination source exists.

Either way, it is doubtful that the level of heavy metal contamination detected would exceed any regulatory threshold for designation of the soil as "hazardous".

6.2 Additional Sampling

PNM will initial a second sampling phase known as "Phase II" which will consist of three soil borings with locations indicated in Exhibit 9. These borings will be sampled at the following intervals: 0 - 1', 1 - 2', 4 - 5', and 9 - 10'. Each sampling interval will be analyzed for lead, chromium, and arsenic. Background comparisons will be made to the same background samples collected during the initial sampling phase. Because no background sample was collected at the 9 - 10' interval, this new depth will be compared to the 4 - 5' background sampling depth. For the Phase II sampling, PNM will adhere to all requirements and conditions of the RFI Workplan.

6.3 Soil Removal and Disposal

All recommendations for removal and disposal of contaminated soil will be contained in the Phase II Report of Findings.

24

Appendix A

EPA RFI Approval Letter



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 6 1445 ROSS AVENUE, SUITE 1200 DALLAS, TEXAS 75202

JUL 3 1 1989

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. Ron D. Johnson Public Service Company of New Mexico Alvarado Square Albuquerque, New Mexico 87158

RE: RFI Workplan - Public Service Company - NMT360010342

Dear Mr. Johnson:

We have completed a review of your response to our March 1, 1989, letter regarding deficiencies in your RFI Workplan. We have determined the Workplan to be approvable with the revisions that are described below:

Page 9 of the revised RFI Workplan; Added to 2nd paragraph: If soil borings from the 4 to 5 foot sampling intervals indicate contamination, then further soil sampling will be required to determine the vertical extent of contamination.

Page 18 of revised RFI Workplan; Added to 5th paragraph: If data from soil borings does not conform to procedures described in Section 5.3, then a different statistical procedure will be used. This different procedure must be approved by the Administrative Authority.

Therefore, the approved RFI Workplan consists of the original January 11, 1989, submittal, plus your March 29, 1989, response to our notice of deficiency, and the above revisions.

You shall immediately initiate the implementation of this approved RFI Workplan, with the above stated revisions, according to the schedule contained in the Workplan. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Rich Mayer of my staff at (214) 655-6785.

Sincerely yours,

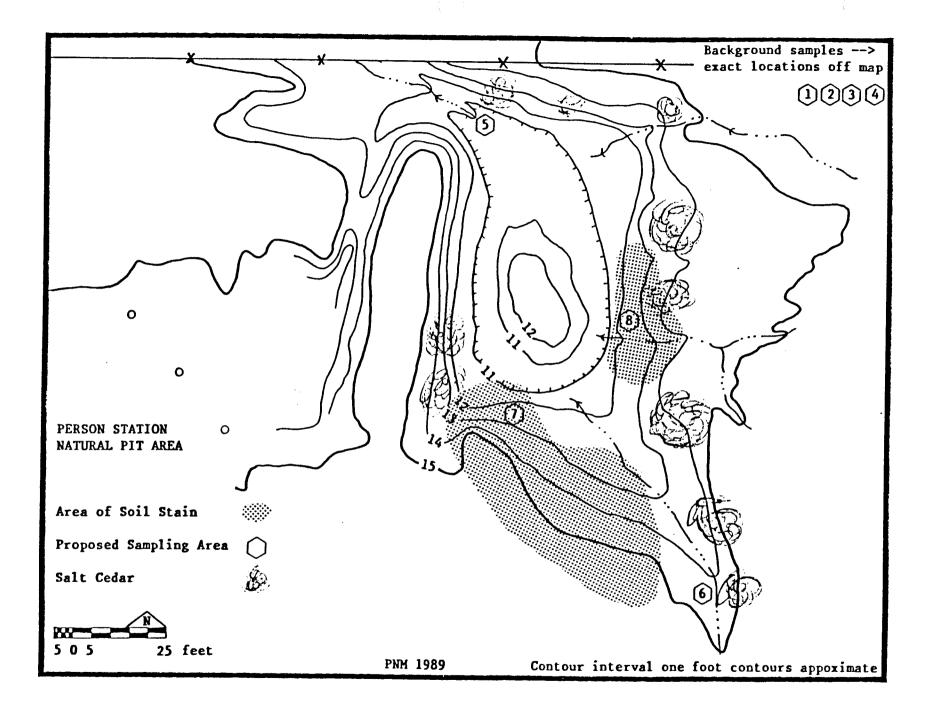
Allyn M. Davis - Director Hazardous Waste Management Division

cc: Kelley C. Crossman New Mexico Environmental Improvement Division

# Exhibit 1

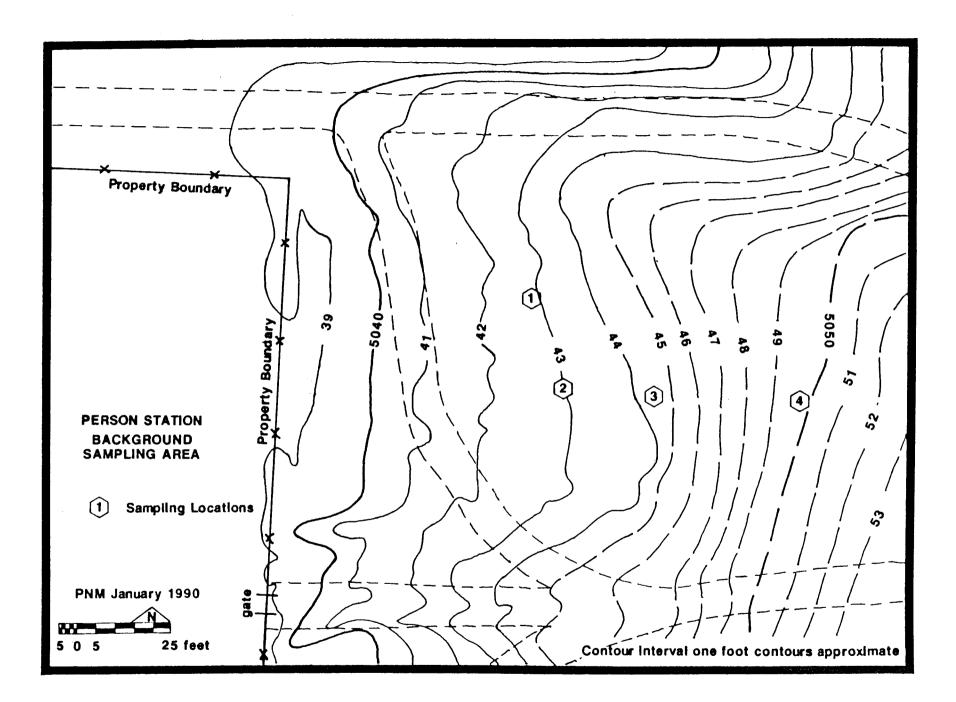
Sampling Map for the Natural Pit Area

-



# Exhibit 2

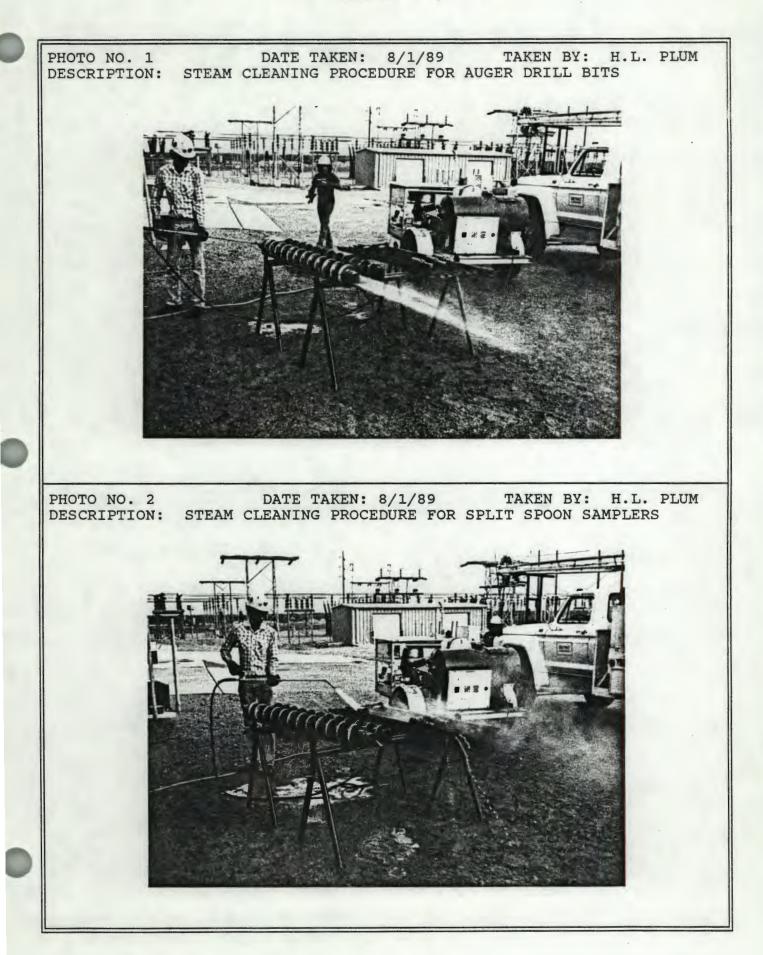
Sampling Map for the Background Samples



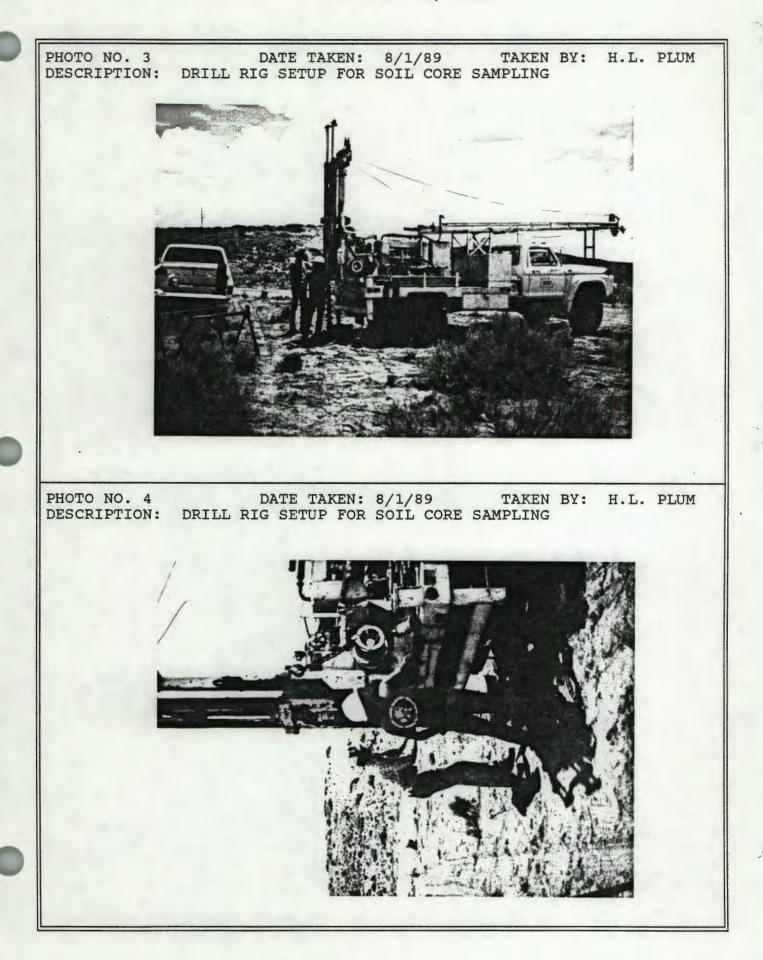
## Exhibit 3

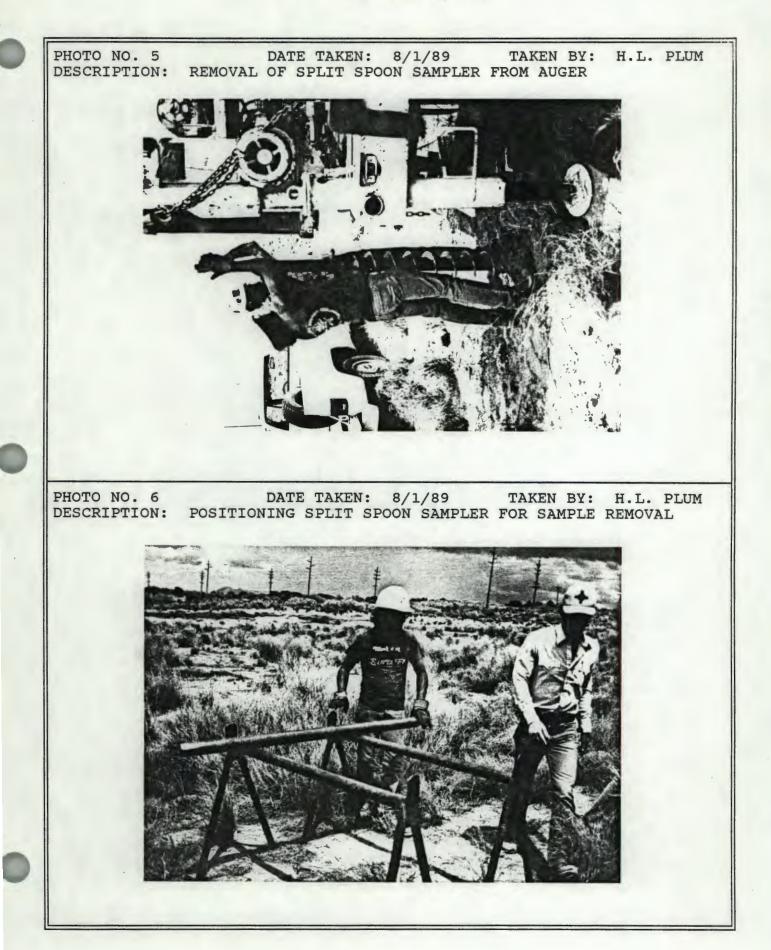
# Photographs of the Sampling Activities

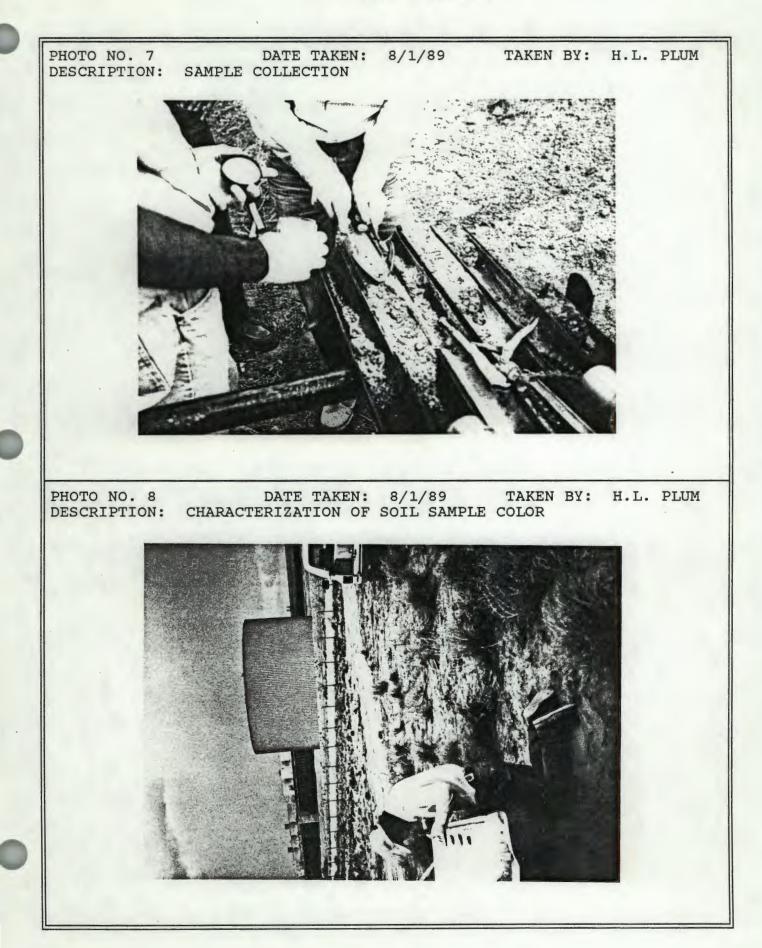
### PERSON STATION RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD AUGUST 1-2, 1989

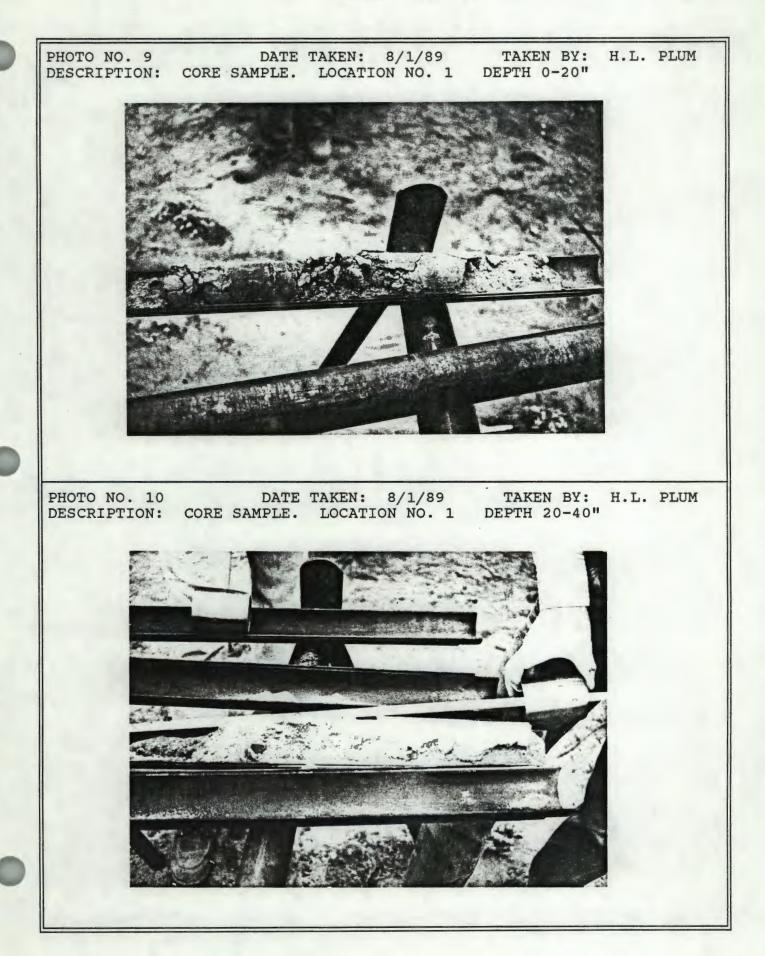


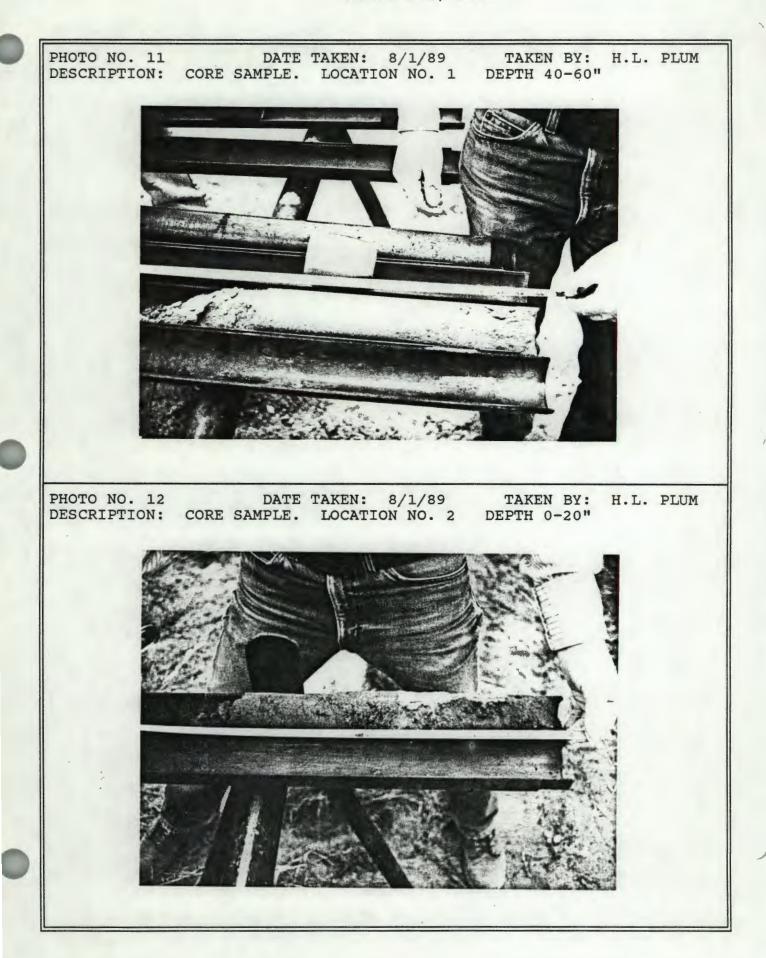
PERSON STATION RCRA FACILITY INVESTIGATION PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD AUGUST 1-2, 1989

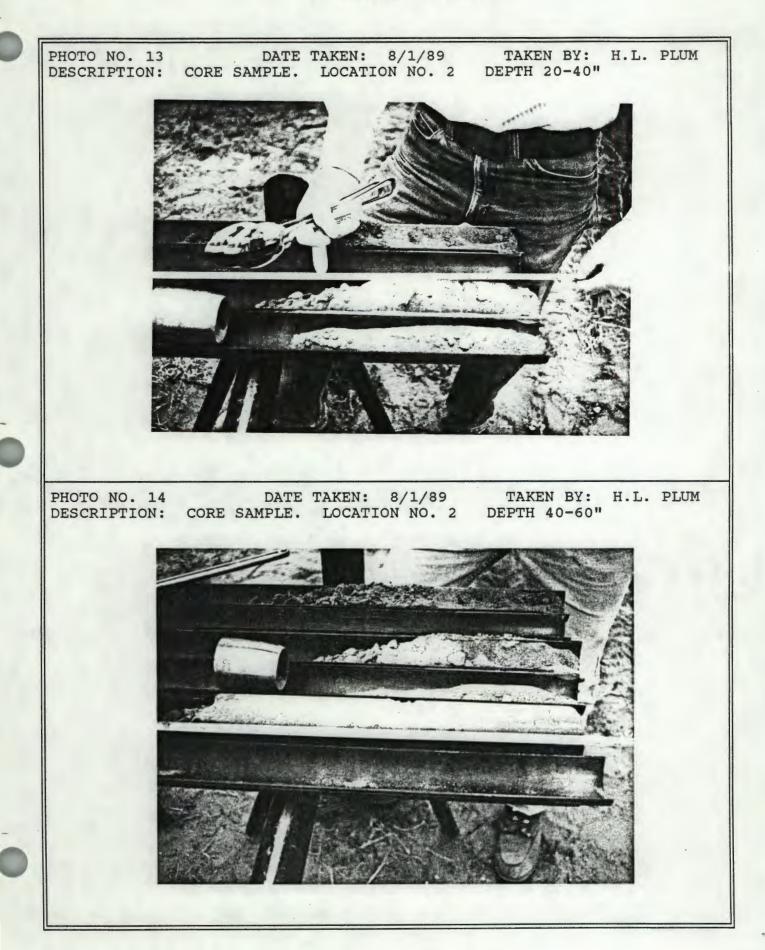


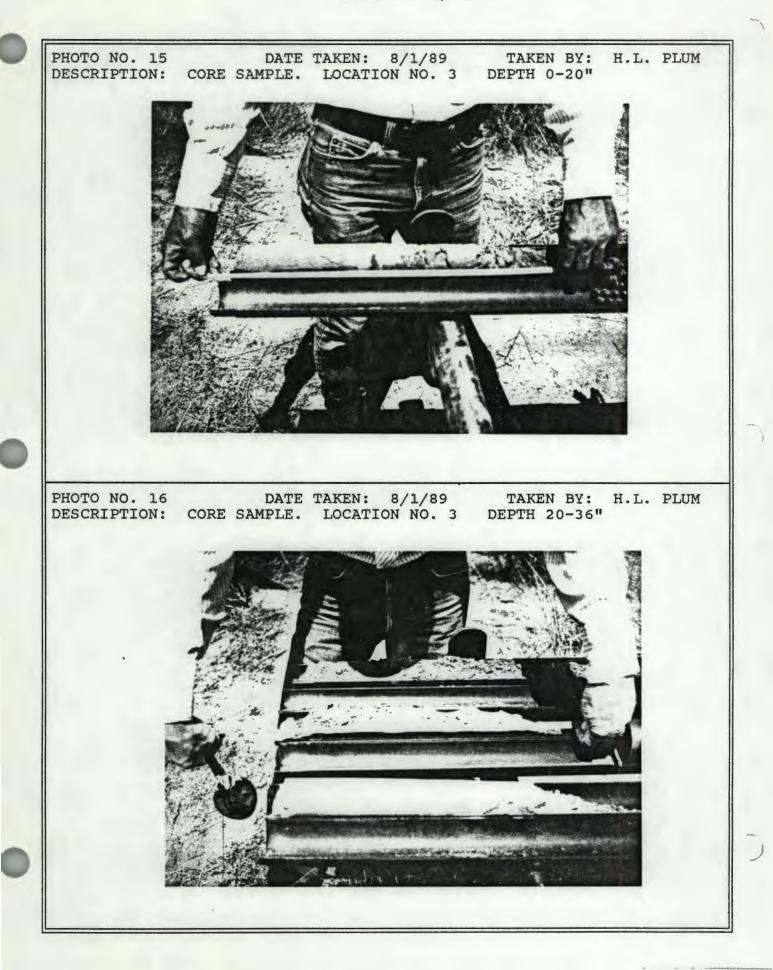


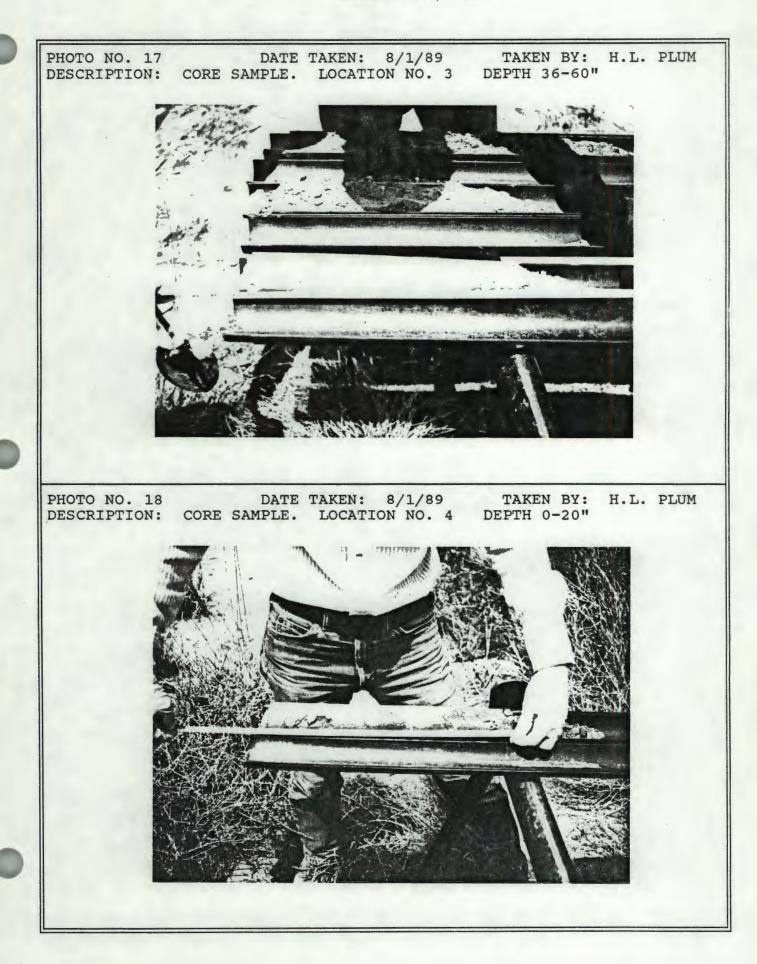


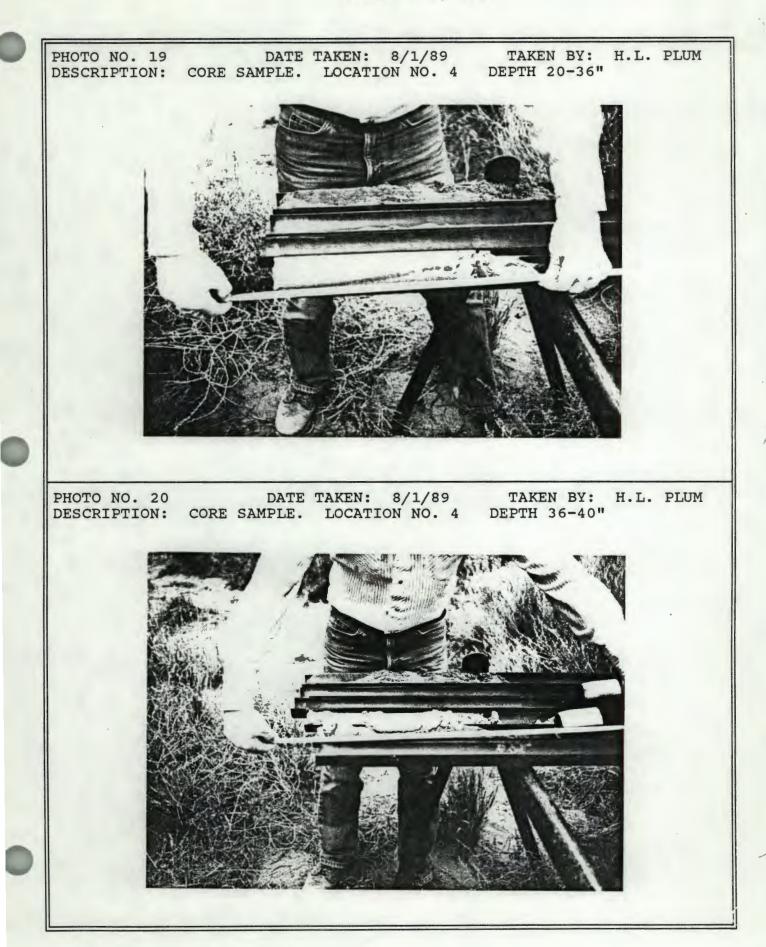


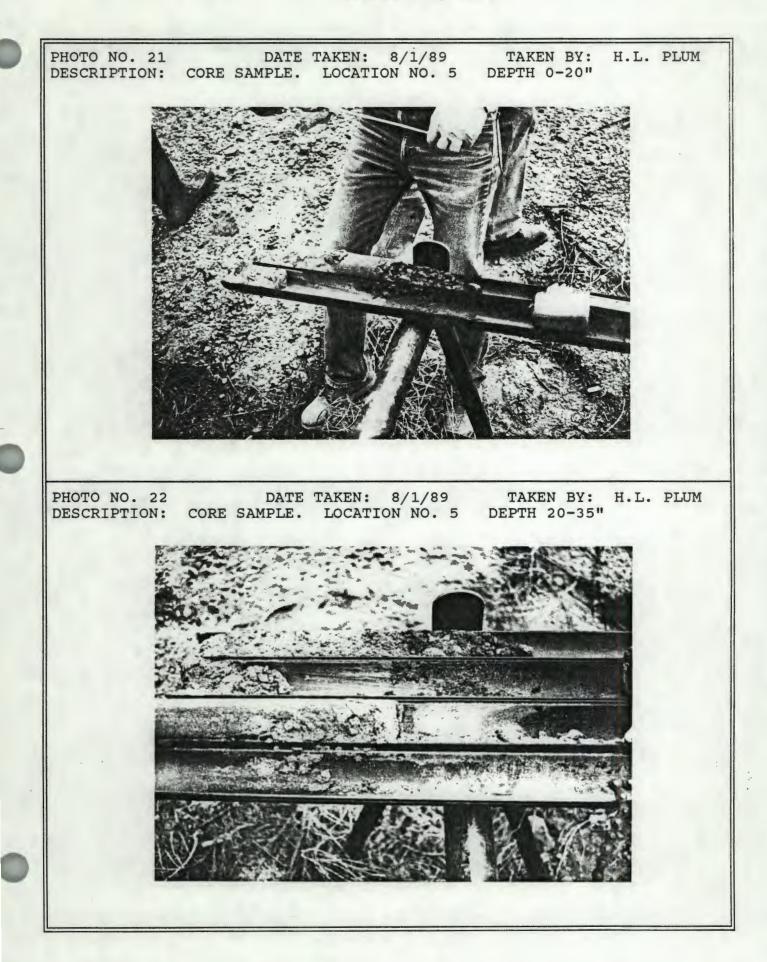


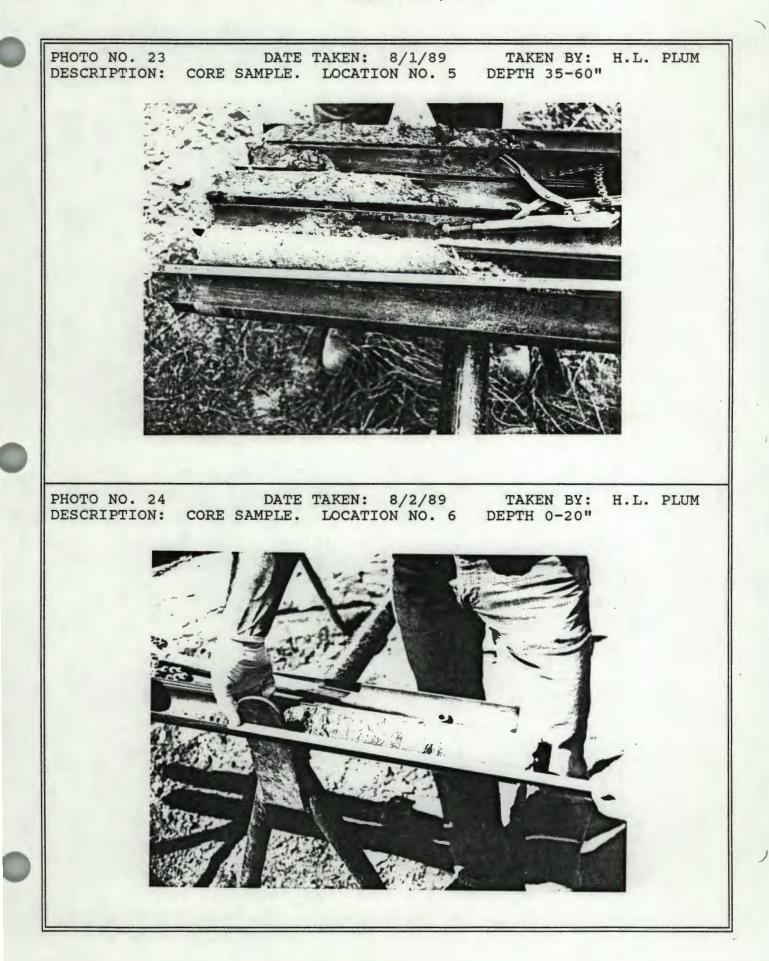


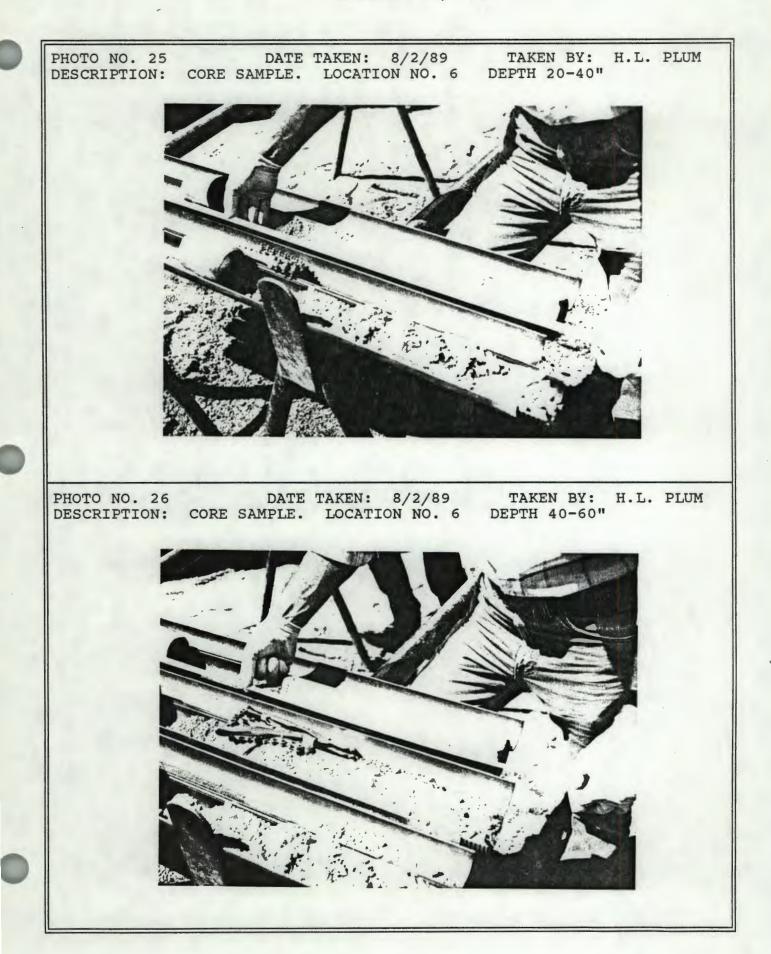


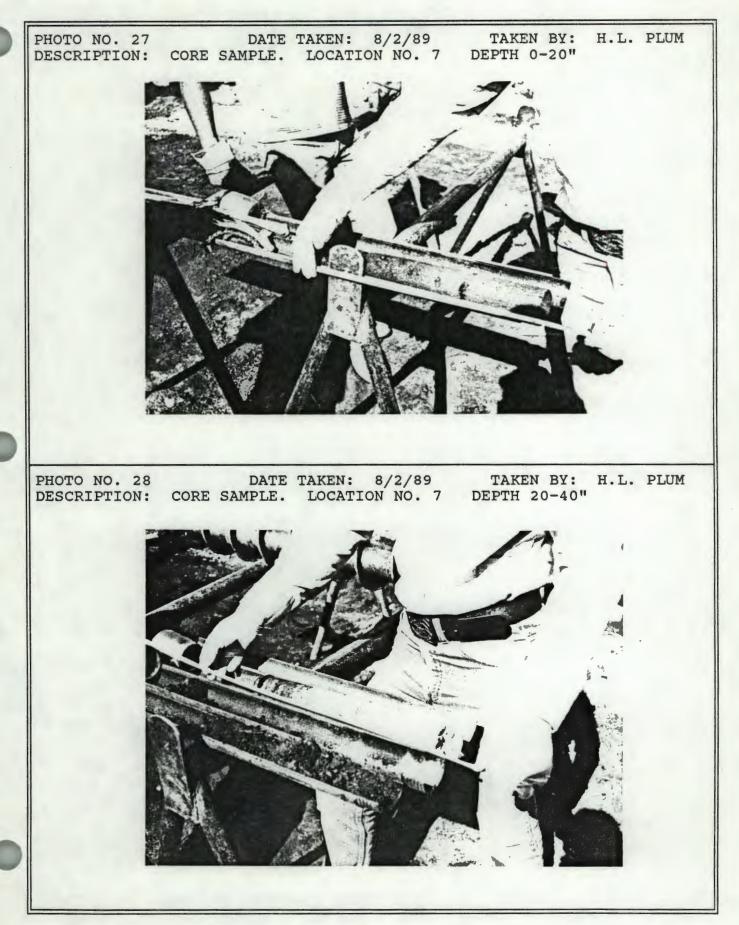


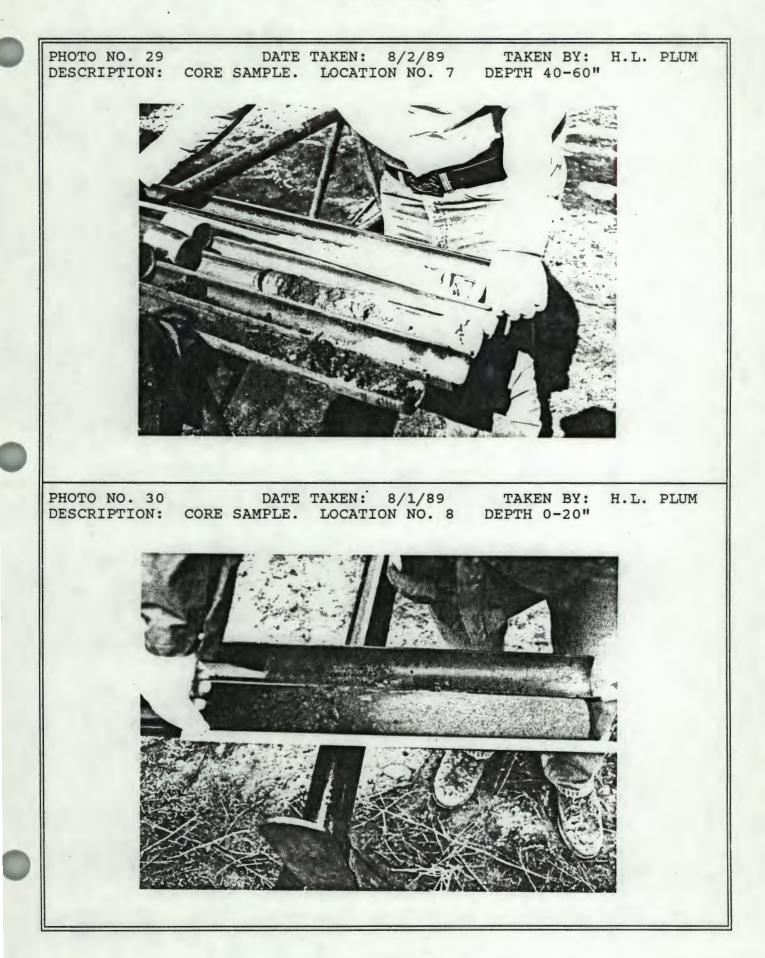












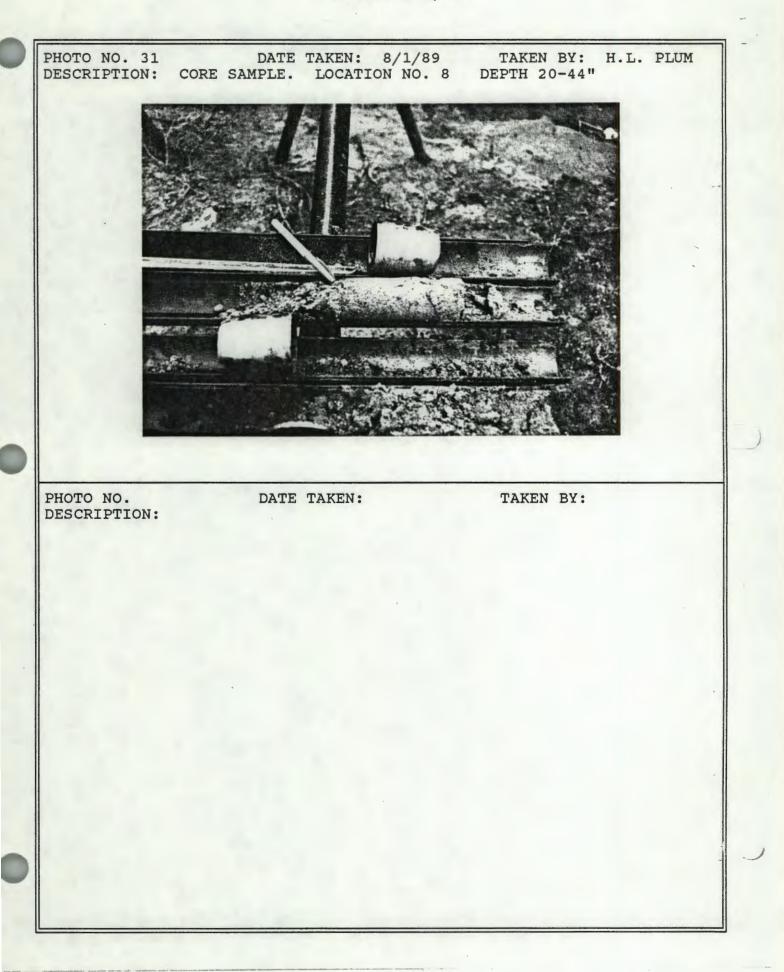


Exhibit 4

Soil Description Charts

		ERSON STA PERSON GE	TION RFI			r F	SOIL 7	V DF
DATE LOGG	: AUGUS	ST 1-2, 1 IN FERRAI	989			XEY:	REACTION	TO HCL
DEPTH						Ľ.		DRY COLOR
INTER (FEET	VAL			URAL PIT		* MONS	EPP 2015	COLOR CHAR
0		5	A	6	u	7		8 ***
		LY SAND		LY SAND	NO CAL REACTI	LY SAN CAREOU ON CONTAM	S VERY CALCA	LLY SAND SLIGHTLY REOUS ORG.CONT.
	10YR	10YR	10YR	10YR	` <u> </u>		·	ORG.CONT.
1	6/3 PALE BROWN	7/3 VERY PA LE BRWN	5/3 BROWN	6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 2/2 VRY DRK BROWN	NA (SOIL MOIST		
-		LY SAND LCAREOUS		LY SAND	GRAVEL NO CAL REACTI	CAREOU		LLY SAND
	*	*	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	4	CONTAM	) SL. C	ALCAREOUS
	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 7/3 VERY PA LE BRWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 2/1 BLACK	NA (SOIL MOIST	11	NA (SOIL MOIST)
2	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL			LLY SAND
	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	0-5" VR 0-5" OR 5-12" S	G CONT	MA	ALCAREOUS
3	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 7/3 VERY PA LE BRWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 4/ 3 BROWN 10YR 5/ 3 BROWN	10YR 6/3	6/3 PALE	NA (SOIL MOIST)
Ĵ	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL	LY SANI	D GRAVE	LLY SAND
	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	SL. CA	LCAREOU	US SL. C.	ARCAREOUS
4	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 7/3 VERY PA LE BRWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	6/3 PALE	NA (SOIL MOIST)
	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL	LY SAND	GRAVEL	LY SANI	GRAVE:	LLY SAND
	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	SL. CA	LCAREOUS	SL. CA	LCAREOU	JS SL. C	ALCAREOUS
5	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 7/3 VERY PA LE BRWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 5/3 BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	10YR 6/3 PALE BROWN	NA (SOIL MOIST)

Exhibit 5

Certificate of Analysis for Sampling Containers

Certifica	te of Analysis	
	tal Services Laboratory Analysis • Metals Analysis	
	F, Level 1 8 oz. Clear Glass Date: 3-13-89	
Lot No.: <u>F9040084</u> This is to certify that with Eagle Ficher speci	this lot was tested and found to comply fication for this product.	

Duantity Found (ue/L) Compound Analyzed <5.0 Silver <80.0 Aluminum <5.0 Arsenic <50.0 Barium <1.0 Beryllium <5000.0 Calcium <1.0 Cadmium <35.0 Cobalt <10.0 Chromium <15.0 Copper <75.0 Iron <0.2 Mercury <3000.0 Potessium <3000.0 Magnesium <10.0 Manganese <5000.0 Sodium (glass) <2000.0 Sodium (polyethylene) <40.0 Nickel <8.0 Lead <5.0 Antimony <2.0 Selenium <5.0 Thallium <10.0 Vanadium <40.0 Zinc

Approved: Jul Bughts 3-13-89 Date :



200 9TH AVE. N.E. • MIAMI, OKLAHOMA 74354 • (800) 331-7425

22002

2002

		,	lysis
Environment	al Services L	aboratory	Analysis
F	esticide Extr	actables	
e Type & GA Level:			4
ption : <u>80</u>	z. Clear Gla		<u></u>
F9040084		Date:	3-13-89
Picher specifications fo			ound(ng/Bottle)
BHC			<.03
BHC(Lindane)			<.03 <.03
SHC Shlor			<.03
BHC			<.03
			<.03 <.03
hlor epoxide Afan I			<.03
DE			<.06
in			<.06 <.06
ו ססו			<.06
lfan II			<.06
			<.05 <.05
ulfan sulfate Yshlor			<.30
Ketone			<.05
lane(tech)			<.30 <.30
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or-1221			<.30
or-1232 or-1242			<.30 <.30
or-1242		•	<.30
or-1254 or-1250			<.40 <.40

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. Date



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22:02

Certifi	icate	of c	Anal	, ysis	
Env	ronmental Ser	vices Labora	tory Analys	15	3
Rottle Type & DA Level:	E Lovol	1/Acid Extra	actables		4

Bottle Type & OH Leve		
Description	: 8 oz. Clear Glass	
Lot No.: F9040084	- Date:	3-13-89

This is to certify that this lot was tested and found to comply with Eagle Ficher specifications for this product.

<u>Compound Analyzed</u>

F'henol Bis(2-Chlorethyl)ether 2-Chlorophenol 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene Benzyl Alcohol 2-Methylphenol Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether 4-Methylphenol N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine Hexachloroethane Nitrobenzene Isophorone 2-Nitrophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol Benzoic Acid Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane 2.4-Dichlorophenol 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Naphthalene 4-Chloroaniline Hexachlorobutadiene 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol (para-chloro-mete-cresol) 2-Methylnaphthalene Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 2-Chloronaphthalene 2-Nitroaniline Dimethylphthalate Acenaphthylene 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene 2,4-Dinitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol

<u> Ouantity Found(ng/Bottle)</u> <5.

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ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

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## Lot: F9040084

BNA	Paç <b>e</b>	2
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Dibenzofuran	. <b>.</b> .
2.4-Dinitrotoluene	15.
Diethvlohthalate	< <b>5</b> .
4-Chlorophenvl-phenvl ether	్.
Fluorene	15.
4-Nitroaniline	15. 11.
4.5-Dimitro-2-sethylphenol	్ .
N-Nitrosodiphenvlamine	KS.
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	1 <b>5</b> .
Hexachlorobenzene	్.
Pentachlorophenol	くち.
Phenanthrene	<5.
Anthracene	్.
Di-N-Butvlohthalate	<5.
Fluoranthene	5. 19.
Pyrene	<5.
Butylbenzylphthlate	<5.
3.3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<5.
Benzo(a)anthracene	<5.
Chrysene	<5.
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)ohthalate	<5.
Dn-Octylphthalate	<5.
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<5.
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<5.
Benzo(a)pyrene	<5.
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ె.
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<5.
Benzo(g, h, i)perylene	<5.

Approved: Jul Beights @

Date



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## Exhibit 6

## Laboratory Data Report

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REVISED: October 19, 1989

⊳

To: PNM - Albuquerque Alvarado Square Albuquerque, NM 87158 ATTN: Ron Johnson

Work Order No. 1651 Date: 31 August 1989

SAMPLE ID: Person Station RF1, Generating Station

DATE RECEIVED: 2 August 1989

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

ANALYTE	PNM-1-1	PNM-1-2	PNM-1-3	PNM-1-4	PNM-1-5	EPA Method Number	DATE OF FXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic	5.0 mg/Kg	3.9 mg/Kg	3.8 mg/Kg	1 3.4 mg/Kg	3.8 mg/Kg	7060	8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	2 mg/Kg	2.2 mg/Kg	0.4 mg/Kg	1.5 mg/Kg	7.9 mg/Kg	7131	8/16/89	.1 mg/Kg
Chromium !	4.8 mg/Kg 1	4.2 mg/Kg	3.7 mg/Kg	3.1 mg/Kg	2.7 mg/Kg	7190	1 8/15/89	2.0 ms/Kg
Lead {	18.2 mg/Kg	12.7 mg/Kg	3.7 mg/Kg	4.2 mg/Kg	3.1 mg/Kg	7421	8/11/89	.5 mg/Kg
* Moisture	5.19 %	2.35 %	1.45 %	1.48 *	2.21 %		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Si	AMPLE IDENTIFIC	ATION						
ANALYTE	PNM-2-1	PNM-2-2	PNM-2-3	PNM-2-4	PNM-2-5	EPA METHOD NUMBER	DATE OF EXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic ¦	8.2 mg/Kg	5.9 mg/Kg	2.0 mg/Kg	(2.0 mg/Kg	3.0 mg/Kg	7060	8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	9.3 mg/Kg	2.1 mg/Kg	0.6 mg/Kg	0.2 mg/Kg	0.2/0.2 mg/Kg¦	7131	8/14/89	0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium {	6.1/6.5 mg/Kg¦	6.6 mg/Xg ;	4.2 mg/Kg	1 3.8 mg/Kg	4.0 mg/Kg	7190	8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	11.1 mg/Kg	5.3 mg/Kg	4.0 mg/Kg	2.8 mg/Kg	4.0 mg/Kg	7421	8/11/89	0.5 mg/Kg
<pre>% Moisture {</pre>	6.28 %	2.21 %	2.21 %	1.89 %	1.67 %		**************************************	
SA	MPLE IDENTIFICA	VIION						•
ANALYTE	PNM-3-1	PNM-3-2	PNM-3-3	PNM-3-4	PNM-3-5	EPA Method Number	DATE OF EXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic !	3.3 mg/Kg	5.0 mg/Kg ¦	3.1 mg/Kg	3.4 mg/Kg	3.7 mg/Kg	7060	8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg ;
Cadmium ¦	0.4 mg/Kg	0.1 mg/Kg	0.4 mg/Kg	{0.1 mg/Kg }	(0.1/(0.1	7131	8/14/89	0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium ;	3.8 mg/Kg ;	3.0 mg/Kg ¦	(2.0 mg/Kg	3.1/3.3 mg/Kg]	3.2 mg/Kg	7190	8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
Lead {	6.2 mg/Kg	4.7 mg/Kg	3.5 mg/Kg	1 3.7 mg/Kg 1	4.3 mg/Kg	7421	8/11/89	0.5 mg/Kg
* Moisture ¦	3.71 %	2.06 %	1.45 %	2.15 %	2.29 %		i ofrida i	
							i i	i

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PAGE 2 OF 6 WORK ORDER NO: 1651 DATE: 31 August 1989

#### SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

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ANALYTE		PNM-4-1	1	PNM-4-2	1	PNM-4-3	1 1 1 1	PNM-4-4	1	PNM-4-5		EPA METHOD NUMBER	           	DATE OF FXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS		NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic	!	3.8 mg/Kg	!	5.5 mg/Kg	ł	5.3 mg/Kg	!	5.1 mg/Kg	;	3.6 mg/Kg		7060	 ! }	8/15/89		2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	;	0.2 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	1	0.1 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg		7131		8/14/89	 !	0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium	:	3.1 mg/Kg	1	3.0 mg/Kg	1	2.9 mg/Kg	1	3.4 mg/Kg		3.7 mg/Kg		7190		8/15/89	 1 1	2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	!	8.2 mg/Kg	1	4.2 mg/Kg	!	3.5 mg/Kg	1	3.9 mg/Kg	!	4.9 mg/Kg		7421		8/11/89 -	!	0.5 mg/Kg
Moisture	ł	3.86 %	;	1.66 %	!	2.61 %	!	2.58 %		2.34 %						

#### SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

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	5	MPLE IVENTIFI	CA I	IUN												
ANALYTE		PNM-8-1		PNM-8-2	1	PNM-8-3		PNM-8-4		PNM-8-5		EPA METHOD NUMBER	•	DATE OF FXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic	1	5.1 mg/Kg	! !	3.8 mg/Kg		2.2 mg/Kg	;	5.8 mg/Kg	;	2.0 mg/Kg		7060		8/15/89	 t t	2.0 mg/Kg
. Cadmium	!	(0.1 mg/Kg	;	(0,1 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	1	(D.1 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	1	7131	1	8/14/89		0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium	;	6.1 mg/Kg		4,6 mg/Kg	1	(2.0 mg/Kg	!	2.2 mg/Kg	1	3.8 mg/Kg		7190	 1 1	8/15/89		2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	   	7.1 mg/Kg		4.4 mg/Kg	1	3.3 mg/Kg	1	4.0 mg/Kg	1	4.5 mg/Kg	1	7421		8/11/89		0.5 mg/Kg
Oil & Grease	17	463/7299 ug/g		(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	!	9071 modified	1	8/4/89		50 ug/g
PCE	;	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	;	8010		8/9, 8/10/89		0.25 ug/g
TCE		(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1 1	(0.25 ug/g	 1 1	8010	- 140 ( ( )	8/9, 8/10/89 }	- <b>-</b> -	0.25 ug/g
Toluene	1	⟨0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		8020		8/9, 8/10/89	- • • •	D.25 ug/g
Naphthalene		⟨0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	 ! !	8020		8/9, 8/10/89		0.25 ug/g
1,1,1-TCA	   	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	;	8010		8/9, 8/10/89		0.25 ug/g
PCB Aroclor		(1.0 ug/g		(1.0 ug/g	( ]	1.0/(1.0 ug/	1	(1.0 ug/s	;(	1.0/(1.0 ug/	g	3540/ 8080		8/6/89		1.0 ug/g
% Moisture	!	1.42 %		4.26 %	;	1.76 %	 1 1	0.96 %		0.95 %						

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3 OF 6 WURK ORDER NO: 1651 DATE: 31 August 1989

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

	57	AMPLE IDENTIFI	(CA)	TION													
ANALYTE		PNM-5-1		PNM-5-2		PNM-5-3	         	₽พท−5-4		PNM-5-5		EPA Method Number		DATE OF XIRACTIC ANALYS(S	IN/	               	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic	!	2.7/7.7 mg/Ke	1	26.8/35.7	1	(2.0 mg/Kg	ţ	(2.0 mg/Kg	1	2.3 mg/Kg		7060 !		8/15/89		 	2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	1	0.6 mg/Kg	1	2.4 mg/Kg	1	0.6 mg/Kg	;	0.2 mg/Kg		(0.1 mg/Kg		7131		8/14/89		!	0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium	1	12900/111	4	169.1/10.0	1	3.1 mg/Kg	1	3.0 mg/Kg		2.2 mg/Kg		7190	• • •	8/15/89			2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	1	13.9/11.0	1	58/84.4	4 3	4.4 mg/Kg	1	3.1 mg/Kg	1	4.2 mg/Kg		7421		8/11/89	)		0.5 mg/Kg
Oil & Grease	;	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50/(50 ug/g	   	(50 ug/g	•	(50 ug/g		9071 modified;		8/4/89			50 ug/g
PCE	;	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	•••••	(0.25 ug/g		8010	8	/8, 8/9/	89		0.25 ug/g
TCE	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	 } 	8010	 8	/8, 8/9/	89		0,25 ug/g
Toluene	;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g		8020 /		/8, 8/9/			0.25 ug/g
Naphthalene	!	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	:	(D.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g		8020	8	/8, 8/9/	89		0.25 ug/g
1,1,1-TCA	!	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	 1 1	(0.25 ug/g		8010	•	/8, 8/9/			0.25 ug/g
PCB AROCLOR		(1.0 ug/g	1	(1.0 ug/g	       	(1.0 uş/g	1	(1.0 ug/g		(1.0 ug/g		3540/ 8080		8/6/89			1.0 ug/g
- Moisture	1	4.78 %	;	7.07 %		2.11 %		2.32 %		1.66 %	 !						

#### SAMPLE JDENTIFICATION

	JAC	THE JUERILE	108		-												
ANALYTE	1	PNM-0-1		PNM-0-2		PNM-0-3		PNM-0-4		EPA METHOD NUMBER		DATE OF EXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	1 1 1 1	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS		NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS	
PCE	!		;	(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.1 ug/ml.	1	~~~	1	8010		8/8/89	1	0.1 ug/mL	1	0.25 ug/g	1
TCE			;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.1 ug/mL	1		1	8010	4	8/8/89	!	0.1 ug/mL		0.25 ug/g	
Toluene	!		1	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.1 ug/mL	1		1	8020	1	8/8/89	1	0.1 ug/mL		0.25 ug/g	-
Naphthalene	;		;	(0.25 ug/g	ł	(0.1 ug/mi	1		1	8020		8/8/89	!	0.1 ug/mL	 }	0.25 ug/g	
1,1,1-TCA	!		1	(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.1 ug/mL	1		1	8010	   	8/8/89	;	0.1 ug/mL	1	0.25 ug/g	-
PC8 AROCLOR	+ + + + +	(1.0 ug/g	)     				1	(1.0 ug/g	     	3540/ 8080		8/6/89				1.0 ug/g	
																*********	-

Soil Moisture Content: Method #26, pg 107; Agriculture Handbook #60, US Dept. of Agriculture,(1969)

oisture Content Analysis was performed over a period of 2 weeks, 8/15/89-8/29/89.

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Cample digestion for Metals (Total): EPA Method 3050

urge and Trap: EPA Method 5030



REVISED: October 19, 1989

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To: PNM - Albuquerque Alvarado Square Albuquerque, NM 87158 ATTN: Ron Johnson

Work Order No. 1654 Date: 31 August 1989

SAMPLE ID: Person Station RFI

DATE RECEIVED: 2 August 1989

#### SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

	PNM-6-1		PNM-6-2	)         	PNM-6-3	1	PNM-6-4		PNM-6-5		EPA METHOD NUMBER	1	DATE OF EXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
1	3.9 mg/Kg	;	2.4 mg/Kg {	1	2.2 mg/Kg	!	2.2 mg/Kg	1	3.9 mg/Kg	;	7060		8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
!	0.1/0.1 mg/Kg		0.2 mg/Kg ¦		(0.1 mg/Kg	 ; ;	(0.1 mg/Kg	;	0.1 mg/Kg	!	7131		8/14/89	0.1 mg/Kg
:	5.6 mg/Kg	:	3.5/3.4 mg/Kg;	;	3.7 mg/Kg	;	2.5 mg/Ky	!	3.0 mg/Kg	!	7190		8/15/89	2.0 mg/Kg
   	14.4 mg/Kg	1	7.8 mg/Kg ¦		6.9 mg/Kg	!	4.5 mg/Kg	!	4.1 mg/Kg	;	7421		8/14/89	0.5 mg/Kg
+ 	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	1	(50/(50 ug/g	1	9071 modified!		8/4/89	50 ug/g
1	(0.25 ug/g	4	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	<0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		8010 {	8	/10, 8/11/89	0.25 ug/g
1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	8010 ;	8,	/10, 8/11/89;	0.25 ug/g
1	(0.25 ug/g	1	<0.25 ug/g }		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 uş/ş		(0.25 ug/g	;	8020 ;	8,	10, 8/11/89	0.25 ug/g
ł	(0.25 ug/g	4	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		8020 ¦	8,	10, 8/11/89;	0.25 ug/g
;	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		(0.25 ug/g	   	8010	8	10, 8/11/89;	0.25 ug/g
	(1.0 ug/g	1	(1.0 ug/g		(1.0 ug/g	1	(1.0 ug/g	(	1.0/(1.0 ug/		3540/ 8080		8/8/89	1.0 ug/g
ł	4.30 %	1	3.21 %		1.55 %	;	2.06 %	;	1.60 %	;				
		3.9 mg/Kg 0.1/0.1 mg/Kg 5.6 mg/Kg 14.4 mg/Kg (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (0.25 ug/g (1.0 ug/g	3.9 mg/Kg } 0.1/0.1 mg/Kg } 5.6 mg/Kg } 14.4 mg/Kg } (0.25 ug/g } (0.25 ug/g } (0.25 ug/g ] (0.25 ug/g ] (0.25 ug/g ] (0.25 ug/g ] (0.25 ug/g ]	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg         (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg         (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg         (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg         15.6 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       14.4 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg         16.0 ug/g       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       3.9 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg         16.9 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g)       (50/50 ug/g)         16.9 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g)       (50/50 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         17.0 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         17.0 ug/g       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0 ug/g)       (1.0/(1.0 ug/g))	3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       3.9 mg/Kg         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg         (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (	PNM-6-1       PNM-6-2       PNM-6-3       PNM-6-4       PNM-6-5       METHOD NUMBER         3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       3.9 mg/Kg       7060         1 0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg       7131         1 5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg       7190         1 14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg       7421         1 (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       9071 modified         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8010         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8020         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8020         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8020       8020         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8020       8020       8020       8020         1 (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g	PNM-6-1       PNM-6-2       PNM-6-3       PNM-6-4       PNM-6-5       METHOD NUMBER         3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       3.9 mg/Kg       7060         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg       7131         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg       7190         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       4.1 mg/Kg       7421         (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       8010       8/         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8010       8/         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8/         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8/         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g       8020       8/         (0.25 ug/	PNM-6-1       PNM-6-2       PNM-6-3       PNM-6-4       PNM-6-5       METHOD NUMBER       FXTRACTION/ ANALYSTS         3.9 mg/Kg       2.4 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       2.2 mg/Kg       3.9 mg/Kg       7060       8/15/89         0.1/0.1 mg/Kg       0.2 mg/Kg       (0.1 mg/Kg       0.1 mg/Kg       7131       8/14/89         5.6 mg/Kg       3.5/3.4 mg/Kg       3.7 mg/Kg       2.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg       7190       8/15/89         14.4 mg/Kg       7.8 mg/Kg       6.9 mg/Kg       4.5 mg/Kg       3.0 mg/Kg       7421       8/14/89         (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g       (50 ug/g)       (50 ug/g       9071 modified       8/4/89         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       8010       8/10, 8/11/89         (0.25 ug/g       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       8020       8/10, 8/11/89         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       8020       8/10, 8/11/89         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       8020       8/10, 8/11/89         (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       (0.25 ug/g)       8020       8/10, 8/11/89         (0.25 ug/g)

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PAGE 2 OF 6 WORK ORDER NO: 1654 DATE: 31 August 1989

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

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	5A 	MPLE JDENTIF	104	1110N												
ANALYTE		PNM-7-1-A	         	PNM-7-2-A		PNM-7-3-A	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	PNM-7-4-A		PNM-7-5-A	2 1 1 1 1 1	EPA Method Number		DATE OF EXTRACTION/ ANALYSIS		NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic		7.6 mg/Kg	1	5.2 mg/Kg	ł	6.7 mg/Kg	1	6.7 mg/Kg	!	2.9 mg/Kg	;	7060	 1 1	8/15/89		2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	;	0.2 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 my/Kg		(0.1 mg/Kg	;	(0.1 mg/Kg	!	(0.1 mg/Kg		7131	   	8/14/89		D.1 mg/Kg
Chromium	;	22/22.5	1	6.3 mg/Kg		12.3 mg/Xg	;	8.8 mg/Kg	• i i	2.4 mg/Kg		7190	 	8/15/89	   	2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	;	39/37.7	1	6.9 mg/Kg		5.1 mg/Kg		3.9 mg/Kg	;	3.4 mg/Kg	1	7421	   	8/11/89	;	0.5 mg/Kg
Dil & Grease	!	35427 ug/g	!	68692 ug/g	1	17285 ug/g		865/804 ug/g		(50 ug/g		9071 modified		8/4/89	 ¦	50 ug/g
PCE	1	(0.25 ug/g	4 1	(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.25/(0.25	;	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	8010		8/14/89		0.25 ug/g
TCE	;	(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.25 ug/g	*	(0.25/(0.25	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	   	8010	 1 1	8/14/89	••• •• •• •   	0.25 ug/s
Toluene	1	0.34 ug/g	1	1.7 ug/g		(0.25/(0.25	;	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g		8020		8/14/89		0.25 ug/g
Naphthalene	1	(0.25 ug/g	!	5.7 ug/g	1	(0.25/(0.25		(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g		8020	 1	8/14/89	• • • • •	0.25 ug/g
1,1,1-TCA	!	(0.25 ug/g	!	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25/(0.25	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	8010	1	8/14/89		0.25 ug/s
PCB AROCLOR		(1.0 ug/g	 ! !	(1.0 ug/g	1	<1.0 ug/g	1 1 1 1	<1.0 ug/g		1.0/(1.0 ug/	9	3540/ 8080		8/8/89	. <u></u>	1.0 ug/g
<pre>% Moisture</pre>	1	4.34 %		3.24 %		1.90 %		1.30 *	!	1.41 %		************				

1.1.1

PAGE 3 OF 6 WORK ORDER NO: 1654 DATE: 31 August 1989

	ŞA	MPLE IDENTIF	IC	ATION											
ANALYTE		PNM-7-1-8		PNM-7-2-B	PNM-7-3-8		PNM-7-4-8		PNM-7-5-B		EPA METHOD NUMBER	DATE Extract Analys	ION/	*	NOMINAL DETECTION LIMITS
Arsenic	;	7.8/5.4	;	5.1 mg/Kg	13.9 mg/Kg	;	5.5 mg/Kg		2.4 mg/Kg		7060	8/15/	89	!	2.0 mg/Kg
Cadmium	;	0.2 mg/Kg	;	(0.1 mg/Kg	0.2 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	1	(0.1 mg/Kg	;	7131	8/14/	89	 1	0.1 mg/Kg
Chromium	¦ 	22/11.3		5.3/5.7 mg/Kg1	10.3 mg/Kg	!	6.2 mg/Kg	1	1.6 mg/Kg		7190	8/15/	89	~ ¦	2.0 mg/Kg
Lead	•	59/30.6	:	6.3 mg/Kg	4.9 mg/Kg	1	3.9 mg/Kg	;	3.5 mg/Kg	:	7421	8/11/	89		0.5 mg/Kg
0il & Grease	1	62640 ug/g	1	59677/59454	14117/13075	1	176 ug/g	1	(50 ug/g	;	9071 modified;	8/4/8	9		50 ug/g
PCE	;	(0.25 ug/g	;	(0.25 ug/g	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	8010	8/15/	89 89		0.25 ug/g
TCE		(0.25 uy/g	!	(0.25 ug/g	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	8010 ;	8/15/	89	 !	0.25 ug/g
Toluene	!	0.32 ug/g	1	1.9 ug/g	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	8020	8/15/	89		0.25 ug/g
"aphthalene	:	(0.25 ug/g	1	5.6 ug/g !	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	8020	8/15/	 89		0.25 ug/g
1,1,1-TCA	!	(0.25 ug/g	ł	(0.25 ug/g	(0.25 ug/y	1	(0.25 ug/g	1	(0.25 ug/g	;	8010	8/15/	 89	 1 1	0.25 ug/g
PCB AROCLOR		(1.0 ug/g	1	(1.0 ug/g	(1.0 ug/g	: (	1.0/(1.0 ug/	9	(1.0 ug/g	1	3540/ 8080	8/8/8	ġ		1.0 ug/g
% Moisture	1	3.45 %	1	3.45 %	2.03 \$	1	1.14 %	 !	1.31 %	;					

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Soil Moisture Content: Method #26, pg 107; Agriculture Handbook #60, JS Department of Agriculture, (1969). Moisture Content Analysis was performed over a period of 2 weeks, 8/15/89-8/29/89.

Sample digestion for Metals (Total): EPA Method 3050 Purge and Trap: EPA Method 5030

## Exhibit 7

Tolerance Interval Analysis for Sample Locations 1, 2, 3, and 4 (Background)

BACKGROUND CORE SAMPLES PARAMETER: ARSENIC (MG/KG)

			DEPTH		
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT
1	5.00	3.90	3.80	3.40	3.80
2	8.20	5.90	2.00	1.00	3.00
3	3.30	5.00	3.10	3.40	3.70
4	3.80	5.50	5.30	5.10	3.60
N	4	4	4	$\begin{array}{r} 4\\ 3.23\\ 5.10\\ 1.00\\ 1.46\\ 0.45\\ 5.14\\ 10.74\end{array}$	4
AVG	5.08	5.08	3.55		3.52
MAX	8.20	5.90	5.30		3.80
MIN	3.30	3.90	2.00		3.00
STD.DEV.	1.91	0.75	1.20		0.31
CV	0.38	0.15	0.34		0.09
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14		5.14
TL	14.89	8.93	9.71		5.13

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED FOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

1

PARAMETER	: CADMIU	M (MG/KG)			
			DEPTH		
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT
1	2.00	2.20	0.40	1.50	7.90
2	9.30	2.10	0.60	0.20	0.20
3	0.40	0.10	0.40	0.05	0.05
4	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.05
N	4	4	4	4	4
AVG	2.98	1.11	0.36	0.46	2.05
MAX	9.30	2.20	0.60	1.50	7.90
MIN	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
STD.DEV.	3.72	1.04	0.20	0.60	3.38
CV	1.25	0.93	0.55	1.30	1.65
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
$\mathtt{TL}$	22.10	6.45	1.38	3.56	19.43

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

PARAMETER	: CHROMI	UM (MG/KG	) DEPTH		
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT
1	4.80	4.20	3.70	3.10	2.70
2	6.30	6.60	4.20	3.80	4.00
3	3.80	3.00	1.00	3.20	3.20
4	3.10	3.00	2.90	3.40	3.70
N	$\begin{array}{r} 4\\ 4.50\\ 6.30\\ 3.10\\ 1.20\\ 0.27\\ 5.14\\ 10.68\end{array}$	4	4	4	4
AVG		4.20	2.95	3.38	3.40
MAX		6.60	4.20	3.80	4.00
MIN		3.00	1.00	3.10	2.70
STD.DEV.		1.47	1.22	0.27	0.49
CV		0.35	0.41	0.08	0.15
K(N)		5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
TL		11.76	9.21	4.75	5.95

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

PARAMETER	: LEAD	(MG/KG)			
			DEPTH		
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT
1	18.20	12.70	3.70	4.20	3.10
2	11.10	5.30	4.00	2.80	4.00
3	6.20	4.70	3.50	3.70	4.30
4	8.20	4.20	3.50	3.90	4.90
NT					
N	4	4	4	4	4
AVG	10.93	6.72	3.67	3.65	4.07
MAX	18.20	12.70	4.00	4.20	4.90
MIN	6.20	4.20	3.50	2.80	3.10
STD.DEV.	4.55	3.47	0.20	0.52	0.65
CV	0.42	0.52	0.06	0.14	0.16
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
TL	34.32	24.59	4.73	6.34	7.42

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

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BACKGROUND CORE SAMPLES

PARAMETER			(CORREC	TED FOR M	OISTURE (	CONTENT
	·		DEPTH			,
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT	
1	5.30	4.00	3.90	2 50	2 00	
				3.50	3.90	
2	8.70		2.00	1.00	3.10	
3	3.40	5.10	3.10	3.50	3.80	
4	4.00	5.60	5.40	5.20	3.70	
N	4	4	4	4	Α	
	-	-			4	
AVG	5.35	5.17	3.60	3.30	3.63	
MAX	8.70	6.00	5.40	5.20	3.90	
MIN	3.40	4.00	2.00	1.00	3.10	
STD.DEV.	2.05	0.75	1.24	1.50	0.31	
CV	0.38	0.14	0.34	0.45	0.09	
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14		
ŤL	15.91	9.03	9.97	11.01	5.23	

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED FOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

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PARAMETER	CADMIU	. , ,	(CORREC	CTED FOR	MOISTURE	CONTENT)
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT	
1	2.10	2.30	0.40	1.50	8.10	
2	9.90	2.10	0.60	0.20	0.20	
3	0.40	0.10	0.40	0.05	0.05	
4	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.05	
N	4	4	4	4	4	
AVG	3.15	1.14	0.36	0.46	2.10	
MAX	9.90	2.30	0.60	1.50	8.10	
MIN	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	
STD.DEV.	3.97	1.06	0.20	0.60	3.46	
CV	1.26	0.94	0.55	1.30	1.65	
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	
TL	23.56	6.62	1.38	3.56	19.93	

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

PARAMETER	: CHROMI	• •	• •	ECTED FOR	MOISTURE	CONTENT)
			DEPTH			
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT	
1	5.10	4.30	3.80	3.10	2.80	
2	6.70	6.70	4.30	3.90	4.10	
3	3.90	3.10	1.00	3.30	3.30	
4	3.20	3.10	3.00	3.50	3.80	
N	4	4	4	4	4	
AVG	4.73	4.30	3.02	3.45	3.50	
MAX	6.70	6.70	4.30	3.90	4.10	
MIN	3.20	3.10	1.00	3.10	2.80	
STD.DEV.	1.33	1.47	1.26	0.30	0.49	
CV	0.28	0.34	0.42	0.09	0.14	
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	
TL	11.55	11.86	9.50	4.97	6.05	

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

PARAMETER	: LEAD (	MG/KG)	(CORREC DEPTH	TED FOR M	OISTURE C	ONTENT)
HOLE #	0-1 FT	1-2 FT	2-3 FT	3-4 FT	4-5 FT	
1	19.20	13.00	3.80	4.30	3.20	
2	11.80	5.40	4.10	2.90	4.10	
3	6.40	4.80	3.60	3.80	4.40	
4	8.50	4.30	3.60	4.00	5.00	
N	4	4	4	4	4	
AVG	11.47	6.88	3.77	3.75	4.17	
MAX	19.20	13.00	4.10	4.30	5.00	
MIN	6.40	4.30	3.60	2.90	3.20	
STD.DEV.	4.86	3.56	0.20	0.52	0.65	
CV	0.42	0.52	0.05	0.14	0.16	
K(N)	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	
TL	36.47	25.18	4.83	6.44	7.52	

IF CV >1.0 DATA MAY NOT BE NORMALLY DISTRIBUTED TOLERANCE LIMIT (TL = AVG + K\*SD)

## Exhibit 8

Tolerance Factors (K) for One-Sided Normal Tolerance Intervals with Probability Level (Confidence Factor) Y = 0.95 and Coverage P = 95%

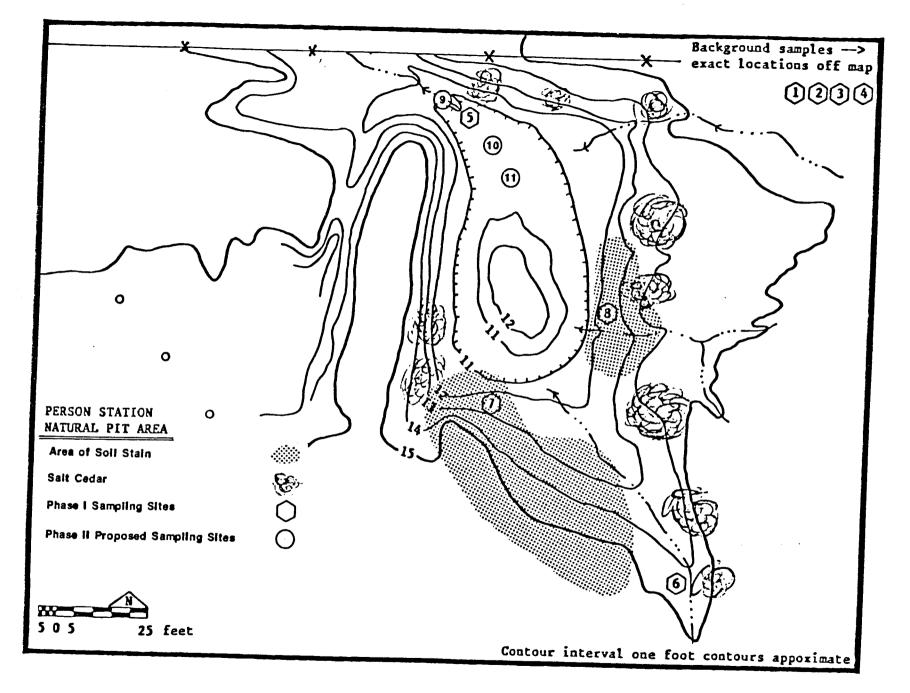
# TABLE 5. TOLERANCE FACTORS (K) FOR ONE-SIDED NORMAL TOLERANCE INTERVALS WITH PROBABILITY LEVEL (CONFIDENCE FACTOR) Y = 0.95 AND COVERAGE P = 95%

n	K	11 11 11	n	K
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 7.655 \\ 5.145 \\ 4.202 \\ 3.707 \\ 3.399 \\ 3.188 \\ 3.031 \\ 2.911 \\ 2.815 \\ 2.736 \\ 2.614 \\ 2.566 \\ 2.523 \\ 2.486 \\ 2.543 \\ 2.423 \\ 2.396 \\ 2.371 \\ 2.350 \\ 2.329 \\ 2.329 \\ 2.309 \\ 2.292 \\ 2.220 \\ 2.166 \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} 75\\ 100\\ 125\\ 150\\ 175\\ 200\\ 225\\ 250\\ 275\\ 300\\ 325\\ 350\\ 375\\ 400\\ 425\\ 450\\ 475\\ 500\\ 525\\ 550\\ 575\\ 600\\ 625\\ 550\\ 575\\ 600\\ 625\\ 650\\ 675\\ 700\\ 725\\ 750\\ 775\\ 800\\ 825\\ 850\\ 875\\ 900\\ 925\\ 950\\ 975\\ 1000\\ \end{array}$	1.972 1.972 1.924 1.891 1.868 1.850 1.836 1.824 1.814 1.806 1.799 1.792 1.787 1.782 1.777 1.773 1.769 1.766 1.763 1.760 1.757 1.754 1.752 1.750 1.754 1.752 1.750 1.748 1.746 1.744 1.742 1.740 1.739 1.737 0.736 1.731 1.729 1.728 1.727

<u>SOURCE:</u> (a) for sample sizes  $\leq 50$ : Lieberman, Gerald F. 1958. "Tables for One-sided Statistical Tolerance Limits." *Industrial Quality Control.* Vol. XIV, No. 10. (b) for sample sizes  $\geq 50$ : K values were calculated from large sample approximation.

Exhibit 9

Sampling Map for Phase II Sampling



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